Document Code



References

Main:

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts Bachelor of Visual Communication Design Study Program

Courses		CODI	Ē		С	ourse	Fami	ly		Crec	lit We	ight		SEME	STER	Cor	npilatio e
BASIC APPEARANCE			L04062			ompul rogran				T=4	P=0	ECTS=	6.36		1	Jan 202	uary 18
AUTHORIZATION			eveloper					C	ourse	e Clus	ster C	oordina	tor	Study	Progra	ım Co	ordina
			na Lani An	_ani Anggapuspa, S.Sn., M.Sn.				M	Marsudi, S.Pd., M.Pd.				Marsudi, S.Pd., M.Pd.				
Learning model	Project Based	Learning															
Program	PLO study pr	ogram which i	s charge	d to the c	ourse												
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-3	Develop logic accordance w									speci	fic work	in thei	r field c	of exper	tise ar	nd in
7	PLO-6	Mastering the problem solvi		d design m	ethodo	ology c	of Visu	al Con	nmuni	icatior	n Desi	gn with v	/arious	function	onal app	proach	nes and
	PLO-7	Able to plan the Visual Communication Design design process from concept, method, to final completion using the latest software-based Visual Communication Design scientific approach															
	Program Objectives (PO)																
	PO - 1	Able to realize	Able to realize a responsible attitude towards work in the field of "Basic Fine Arts" expertise independently														
	PO - 2	Able to realize	Able to realize quality and measurable work in the creative process of working on "Basic Forms														
	PO - 3	Mastering the facts, concepts, principles, laws, theories and methodologies of the core field of Communication Design in Visual "Basics".															
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	PO - 4	Visual "Basics Able to plan t	:".											, metho	od, to th	ne end	
	PO - 4 PLO-PO Matr	Able to plan t	:".											, metho	od, to th	ne end	
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		Able to plan t Form ix P.O PO-2	he design	PLO-3		PL	O-6		PL	n from .O-7				, metho	od, to th	ne end	
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	PLO-PO Matr	Able to plan to Form P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3	he design	PLO-3	f Visua	PL	O-6		PL	n from				, metho	od, to th	ne end	
	PLO-PO Matr	Able to plan to Form P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3	he design	PLO-3	f Visua	PL PL	O-6	cation	PL	n from	n the o	concept	stage				I in "Ba
	PLO-PO Matr	Able to plan to Form P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-4 the end of eac	he design	PLO-3	f Visua	PL	O-6		PL	n from	n the e			method	nd, to th	15	
	PLO-PO Matr	PO-2 PO-4 the end of eac	he design	PLO-3	f Visua	PL PL	O-6	cation	PL	n from	n the o	concept	stage				I in "Ba
	PLO-PO Matr	PO-1 PO-1 PO-1 PO-1 PO-2 PO-4	he design	PLO-3	f Visua	PL PL	O-6	cation	PL	n from	n the o	concept	stage				I in "Ba
	PLO-PO Matr	PO-2 Able to plan to Form PO-1 PO-2 PO-1 PO-2	he design	PLO-3	f Visua	PL PL	O-6	cation	PL	n from	n the o	concept	stage				I in "Ba

- Alan Pipes. 2008. Foundations of Art and Design. Lawrence King.
 Fukuda, Akio. 1992. Studio Design Patterns 2. Japan: Kashiwashobo
 Garret, Lilian. 1980. Variable Penyusunan. Yogyakarta: ISI.
 Itten. 1970. The Element of Colour. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company.
 Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elemen-elemen Seni dan Desain. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.
 Waller, Louise. 1982. Art Fundamentals Theory And Practice. Wm.C. Brown Company Publishers
 Wong, Wucius. 1989. Principle of Two Dimensional Design. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company.

Supporters:

1. Novalinda, Melly Andriana. 2022. NIRMANA SKETSA DASAR. Surabaya: Cipta Media Nusantara

Supporting Marsudi, S.Pd., M.Pd.
lecturer Meirina Lani Anggapuspa, S.Sn., M.Sn.

lecturer	Meirina Lani Ang	gapuspa, S.Sn., M.Sn.					
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)			Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)
	(50.0 1 5)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	-	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Able to describe the basics of two- dimensional and 3- dimensional basic shapes	1.Describe the characteristics of two-dimensional visual works. 2.Describe the variety and characteristics of two-dimensional visual elements that are natural and artificial 3.Describe the arrangement variables and principles of organizing two-dimensional visual elements	Criteria: 1.Understanding the characteristics of two-dimensional visual works 2.Able to describe the characteristics, arrangement of visual elements, and principles of organizing two-dimensional visual elements Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct instruction, Lecture, Discussion Question and answer 4 X 50		Material: Basics of Nirmana 2 dimensions Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra. Material: Nirmana Basic Sketch Library: Novalinda, Melly Andriana. 2022. NIRMANA BASIC SKETCHES. Surabaya: Cipta Media Nusantara	5%
2	Able to organize dots/dots with various alternative two-dimensional visual displays	1.Describe variations in point appearance based on manufacturing techniques 2.Identifying point arrangement and composition variables 3.Organizing dots in two-dimensional visual works	Criteria: 1.Can create and arrange dot compositions 2.Can organize points in two-dimensional visual works Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, practice, assignments to create dot compositions of various sizes, directions and densities.		Material: Composition Reference Points: Wong, Wucius. 1989. Principles of Two Dimensional Design. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material: Point Composition with various variations. Reference: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	5%

3	Able to organize dots/dots with various alternative two-dimensional visual displays	1.Describe variations in point appearance based on manufacturing techniques 2.Identifying point arrangement and composition variables 3.Organizing dots in two-dimensional visual works	Criteria: 1.Can create and arrange dot compositions 2.Can organize points in two-dimensional visual works Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, practice, assignments to create dot compositions of various sizes, directions and densities.	Material: Composition Reference Points: Wong, Wucius. 1989. Principles of Two Dimensional Design. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material: Point Composition with various variations. Reference: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design.	5%
4	Able to organize geometric and	1.Describe variations in the	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task,	Lectures,	Yogyakarta: Jalasutra. Material: composition of	5%
	non-geometric fields in a two- dimensional visual display	appearance of a two-dimensional plane 2.Identify field arrangement variables 3.Organizing geometric and non-geometric planes in two-dimensional visual works	arrangement variables, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	discussions, practices, assignments to create 4 X 50 geometric and non- geometric plane compositions	geometric and non-geometric planes Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	
5	Able to organize geometric and non-geometric fields in a two-dimensional visual display	1.Describe variations in the appearance of a two-dimensional plane 2.Identify field arrangement variables 3.Organizing geometric and non-geometric planes in two- dimensional visual works	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task, arrangement variables, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Lectures, discussions, practices, assignments to create 4 X 50 geometric and non- geometric plane compositions	Material: composition of geometric and non-geometric planes Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	5%
6	Able to organize colors in combination and two-dimensional visual composition	1.Describe color variations based on hue, value and intensity/saturation 2.Explain color combinations 3.Organizing color in two-dimensional visual works	Criteria: 1.tasks, arrangement variables, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, practices, assignments to create a 4 X 50 primary- secondary color composition	Material: Color theory and its application. Reference: Itten. 1970. The Elements of Colour. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material: Primary color composition Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	5%

7	Able to organize	1 - "	Criteria:		Material:	5%
	colors in combination and two-dimensional visual composition	1.Describe color variations based on hue, value and intensity/saturation 2.Explain color combinations 3.Organizing color in two-dimensional visual works	1.tasks, arrangement variables, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lectures, discussions, practices, assignments to create a 4 X 50 primary- secondary color composition	Color theory and its application. Reference: Itten. 1970. The Elements of Colour. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material: Primary color composition Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	J70
8	Midterm exam	Students are able to design two-dimensional visual works displaying a varied arrangement of visual elements	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task, arrangement variables, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Designing two- dimensional visual works featuring a varied 4 X 50 arrangement of visual elements	Material: Composition of hot and cold colors Library: Itten. 1970. The Elements of Colour. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material: Examples of color compositions References: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	5%
9	Able to organize textures in combination and two-dimensional visual composition	1.Describe variations in texture based on materials and techniques 2.Texture combination 3.Organizing textures in three- dimensional visual works	Criteria: 1. Suitability to task, arrangement variables, neatness 2. Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, practices, assignments to create three- dimensional compositions by applying 4 X 50 texture variations	Material: Types and composition of three- dimensional fields References: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	10%
10	Able to organize textures in combination and two-dimensional visual composition	1.Describe variations in texture based on materials and techniques 2.Texture combination 3.Organizing textures in three- dimensional visual works	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task, arrangement variables, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, practices, assignments to create three- dimensional compositions by applying 4 X 50 texture variations	Material: Types and composition of three- dimensional fields References: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	5%

11	Able to organize	4 - "	Ouit-ui-	14	Na-Ai-I-	F0/
11	Able to organize visual elements with a harmonious composition of contrasting shapes and colors	1.Describe the contrasting variations of shape and color 2.Explain the visual effects of applying contrast in three-dimensional compositions. 3.Organizing visual elements by applying contrast in a harmonious composition	Criteria: 1. Suitability to task, composition, neatness 2. Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, assignments to create 3- dimensional compositions that apply 4 X 50 contrast colors	Material: Contrast color composition Reference: Wong, Wucius. 1989. Principles of Two Dimensional Design. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material:	5%
					Example of preparing a 3-dimensional work with contrasting colors. Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	
12	Able to organize visual elements with symmetrical and asymmetrical balance in a harmonious composition	1.Describe variations in balance in three- dimensional visual works 2.Explain the visual effects of applying balance in organizing visual elements. 3.Organizing visual elements by applying balance in a harmonious composition	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task, composition, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, assignments to create 3- dimensional compositions by applying symmetrical and asymmetrical principles 4 X 50	Material: 3-dimensional composition Reference: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra. Material: Principles of Symmetry and Asymmetry References: Wong, Wucius. 1989. Principles of Two Dimensional Design. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company.	5%
13	Able to organize visual elements by creating a climax/focus in a harmonious composition	1.Describe variations in climax/focus in three-dimensional visual works. 2.Identify the visual effects of applying focus on objects and backgrounds in three- dimensional compositions 3.Organizing visual elements by applying focus in a harmonious composition	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task, composition, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, assignments to create harmonious field compositions using duplex paper and 4 X 50 color mica	Material: Design Principles (tatarupa) References: Wong, Wucius. 1989. Principles of Two Dimensional Design. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material: Harmonization in composition Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	5%

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14	Able to organize visual elements with variations in rhythm/rhythm in a harmonious composition	1.Describe variations in rhythm in three- dimensional visual works 2.Explain the visual effects of applying rhythm in three- dimensional compositions 3.Organizing visual elements by applying harmonious rhythmic variations	Criteria: 1. Suitability to task, composition, neatness 2. Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, assignments to create harmonious field compositions using duplex paper and 4 X 50 color mica		Material: Design Principles (tatarupa) References: Wong, Wucius. 1989. Principles of Two Dimensional Design. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company. Material: Harmonization in composition Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra.	5%
15	Able to organize visual elements by applying the principles of proportion in a harmonious composition	1.Describe variations in proportion in three-dimensional visual works 2.Explain the visual effects of applying proportions in three-dimensional compositions 3.Organizing visual elements by applying proportions in a harmonious composition	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task, composition, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, assignments to create a three-dimensional composition in the form of a polyhedron cube using 3 X 50 colored paper		Material: 3-dimensional plane composition Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra. Material: Polyhedron Cube art Reader: Alan Pipes. 2008. Foundations of Art and Design. Lawrence King.	10%
16	Final exams	1.Designing three-dimensional visual works featuring a harmonious composition of visual elements with a variety of materials and techniques 2.Designing 3-Dimensional Basic Visual Works	Criteria: 1.Suitability to task, composition, neatness 2.Collecting assignments correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Project: create a 3- dimensional composition in the form of a safated cube using cardboard as the medium. 3 X 50		Material: 3-dimensional plane composition Reader: Sanyoto, Sadjiman Ebdi. 2009. Nirmana, Elements of Art and Design. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra. Material: Application of color in the field of shaf Reference: Itten. 1970. The Elements of Colour. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company.	15%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	14.17%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	66.67%
3.	Practice / Performance	19.17%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program
 graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program
 obtained through the learning process.
- 2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. **Learning Methods:** Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-tonics
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.