	Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Undergraduate Mathematics Study Program	Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses	CODE	Course Family	Credit Weight			SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Systems and Control Theory	4420103142		T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.77	5	July 17, 2024

AUTHORIZATION	SP Developer	Course Cluster Coordinator	Study Program Coordinator
	.....	.....	Prof. Dr. Raden Sulaiman, M.Si.

Learning model	**Case Studies**
Program Learning Outcomes (PLO)	**PLO study program that is charged to the course**
	Program Objectives (PO)
	PLO-PO Matrix

P.O

PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)

P.O	Week															
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Short Course Description	The System and Control Theory course aims to carry out analysis-synthesis based studies so that you are skilled at modeling a techno-ecoentrepreneur-maths based phenomenon into a dynamic system, as well as converting it into a state variable system with or without control. Understanding of system and control concepts is focused on including system classification with or without control, transfer functions, response units, fundamental matrices, transition matrices, and system solutions. The discussion also discusses linearization, steady state, system properties based on system response and eigenvalues, as well as root locus to study stability, controllability and observability with or without feedback, as well as skillfully applying it to certain conditions. which is determined. Learning is carried out by applying a combination of problem-based learning and collaborative learning approaches. The learning atmosphere motivates the improvement of skills in group presentations on specified topics. The assessment is determined using a proportional formula and is carried out during the learning process with active interactive participation, presentations, assignments and mid-semester exams, as well as final semester exams.
References	**Main :**

1. Ogata, K. 2010. Modern Control Engineering (5th Edition). New Jersey: Pearson.
2. Olsder, G. J. 2010. Mathematical System Theory (4th Edition). Delft: Delftse Uitgevers Maatschappij.
3. Fuad, Y. 2010. Handout Teori Sistem dan Kontrol. Jurusan Matematika FMIPA Unesa.
4. Lewis, S. 1995. Optimal Control. New York: John Wiley and Sons.

	Supporters:
Supporting lecturer	Dr. Yusuf Fuad, M.App.Sc.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)	Evaluation		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)
		Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (*offline*)	Online (*online*)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1							0%
2							0%
3							0%
4							0%
5							0%
6							0%
7							0%
8							0%
9							0%
10							0%
11							0%
12							0%
13							0%
14							0%
15							0%
16							0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
		0%

Notes

1. **Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO - Study Program)** are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
5. **Indicators for assessing** abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
6. **Assessment Criteria** are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.

7. **Forms of assessment:** test and non-test.
8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
9. **Learning Methods:** Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
10. **Learning materials** are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
11. **The assessment weight** is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.