

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Undergraduate Mathematics Study Program

Document Code

Courses			CODE			C	ourse	e Fan	nily			Cred	lit We	ight		SEME	STER		ompilati	
Ordinary Differential Equations		4420103106			Compulson, Study Drogrom		rom			-4 77		3	-	ate ly 17, 20						
AUTHORIZATION		۱				Compulsory Study Program		-	T=3 P=0 ECTS=4.77											
AUTHOR	(IZA I I	JN		SP Develop	ber							ourse	Clust	er Co	ordina	tor	Study	Progr	am C	oordina
											Prof. Dr. Raden Sulaiman, M.Si.									
Learning model)	Case Studies	/ Studies																	
Program		PLO study program that is charged to the course																		
_earning Outcom		Program Objec	tives	(PO)																
(PLO)		PO - 1		zing applied ons to ordina																
		PO - 2 Using Laplace transformations and series to solve initial value problems for theoretical and applied problems logic critically and systematically										ns logica								
		PO - 3 Develop mathematical thinking starting from understanding definitions, classifications, solutions, initial value problems existence and singularity theorems of first order (second/higher order) differential equations, special forms and method of solving first order (second order/higher) differential equations higher)																		
		PLO-PO Matrix		3	(5 7							
				P.O																
				PO-1																
				PO-2																
				PO-3																
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																		
				P.0		-	, , ,						Week	(r	1	1			
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			PC	D-1																
			PC	D-2																
			PC	D-3																
Short Course Descript	tion	This course examused are the var Laplace transforrunderstand, cons	iable s nation	separation method wh	ethod ich is	l, integ s impl	gration f	factors d thro	s, th ough	e unc learr	ertain ning t	coeff hat in	icient volves	metho s stud	od, the lents ir	param 1 colla	eter va borativ	riation group	meth disc	od and cussions
Referen	ces	Main :																		
		 Boyce W York: Joh Finan, Mail Kreyszig, 	n Wille arcel B	ey and Sons. 8. 2010. A Firs	st Co	urse ir	n Elemei	ntary	Diffe	rentia	l Equ	ations.	Arkar	ısas T	Tech Ur	niversit	y.	lems 1	Oth E	lition. N
		Supporters:																		
Support lecturer		Dr. Abadi, M.Sc.																		
Mash		abilities of		E	valua	ation				Learn Studen		Learn tudent	Help Learning, .earning methods, .dent Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials Ass		ssessm			
Week-		ach learning stage Sub-PO)		Indicator Criteria			& Form Offline (_							Veight (

Offline (offline

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	 1.1. Understand the meaning of differential equations through examples of equations and their applications. 2.2. Classify ordinary PDs based on the order, rank and degree of a differential equation 	 1.1. Demonstrate the benefits of differential equations through mathematical models of real problems 2.2. Classify ordinary PDs based on order, rank and degree if given examples 3.3. Determine the first order ordinary PD solution curve. 4.4. Solve the problem of ordinary PD initial values 	Criteria: Quantitative and test Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance, Tests	Discussing answers to quiz 1, Question and answer and discussion of material on Slide 1, Question and answer and discussion of material on Slide 2 Question and answer and discussion of material on Slide 3 50	Independently study Quiz 1, Slide 1, Slide 2, and Slide 3 in LMS 100	Material: Understanding GDP and its solutions. References: Boyce WE & DiPrima RC 2012. Elementary Ordinary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems 10th Edition. New York: John Willey and Sons.	5%
2	Understand the special form of first order differential equations and apply methods for solving them	 1.1. Apply the integration factor method to solve first order linear ordinary PD both manually and numerically 2.2. Apply the variable separation method to solve first order ordinary PD both manually and numerically 	Criteria: Understand and be able to apply the method of integrating factors and separating variables. Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practical Assessment, Practical / Performance	Questions and answers and class discussions discussing the material and practice questions in video 4 and video 5	Students study Video 4 and Video 5 and try to do practice questions and upload answers on SiDia independently/in groups.	Material: Solving 1st order PD using the integration factor method and variable separation. References: Boyce WE & DiPrima RC 2012. Elementary Ordinary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems 10th Edition. New York: John Willey and Sons.	10%
3	 Understand and be able to apply the Existence and Singleness Theorem to the solution of an initial value problem Understand exact equations and apply the integration factor method to solve ordinary inexact PD 	 1.1. Explain the steps to prove the Existence and Singleness Theorem for solving initial value problems 2.2. Using the Existence and Singleness Theorem to conclude whether an initial value problem has a solution or not, whether the solution is single or not. 3.3. Complete the exact first order ordinary PD both manually and numerically. 4.4. Using the integration factor method to solve ordinary inexact PD both manually and numerically 	Criteria: 1.Understand and be able to apply the Existence and Singleness Theorem to the solution of an initial value problem 2.Understand exact equations and apply the integration factor method to solve ordinary inexact PD Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment, Practical Assessment, Practical / Performance	Questions and answers and discussions Questions and discussions discuss the material in Video 6, Video 7 & Video 8 and practice questions	Students study Video 6, Video 7 and Video 8 and try to do practice questions and upload answers on SiDia independently/in groups.	Material: Applying methods for solving exact and inexact PD. Reference: Boyce WE & DiPrima RC 2012. Elementary Ordinary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems 10th Edition. New York: John Willey and Sons.	15%

4	Understand the meaning of Homogeneous, Bernoulli, Riccati, Implicit, Clairaut and D'Alembert differential equations and their solution methods.	 1.1. Complete a homogeneous PD. 2.2. Solve PD Bernoulli. 3.3. Complete PD Riccati 	Forms of Assessment Participatory Activities, Practical Assessment, Practical / Performance	Questions and answers and discussions discuss the material in Video 9, Video 10, and Video 11 and answers to practice questions that have been uploaded to SiDia. Verify PD solution with DESolver/Maple	Students study Video 9, Video 10, and Video 11 and try to do practice questions and upload answers on SiDia independently/in groups	Material: Understanding homogeneous PD, Bernoulli PD and Riccatti PD and their solution methods. References: Boyce WE & DiPrima RC 2012. Elementary Ordinary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems 10th Edition. New York: John Willey and Sons.	5%
5	Understand the meaning of implicit differential equations and methods for solving them.	Able to understand implicit PD and its solution methods.	Criteria: able to complete Implicit PD Forms of Assessment Participatory Activities, Practical Assessment, Practical / Performance	Questions and answers and discussion discussing material and answers to practice questions in Video 12 and Video 13 as well as verifying PD solutions with DE Solver/Maple 3x 50 minutes	Students study Video 12 and Video 13 and try to do practice questions and upload answers on SiDia independently/in groups 3 x 50 minutes	Material: PD Lagrange, PD Clairaut and Solving Singular PD Implicit References: Boyce WE & DiPrima RC 2012. Elementary Ordinary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems 10th Edition. New York: John Willey and Sons. Material: Implicit PD and methods for solving it References: Boyce WE & DiPrima RC 2012. Elementary Ordinary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems 10th Edition. New York: John Willey and Sons.	10%
6	Understand the meaning of differential, implicit, Clairaut and D'Alembert/Lagrange equations and their solution methods.	 Able to understand PD Lagrange, PD Clairaut and their solution methods. Able to determine the singular solution of an implicit PD 	Criteria: 1.able to solve PD Lagrange and PD Clairaut 2.Able to determine the singular solution of an implicit PD Forms of Assessment Participatory Activities, Practical Assessment, Practical / Performance		Students study Video 14, Video 15, and Video 16 and try to do practice questions and upload answers on SiDia independently/in groups 3 x 50 minutes	Material: PD Lagrange, PD Clairaut and Solving Singular PD Implicit References: Boyce WE & DiPrima RC 2012. Elementary Ordinary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems 10th Edition. New York: John Willey and Sons.	10%
7							0%
8							0%
9							0%

10				0%
11				0%
12				0%
13				0%
14				0%
15				0%
16				0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

	Evaluation i crochage neoup: case clady							
No	Evaluation	Percentage						
1.	Participatory Activities	17.08%						
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	3.75%						
3.	Practical Assessment	15.41%						
4.	Practice / Performance	17.08%						
5.	Test	1.67%						
		54.99%						

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.