



Universitas Negeri Surabaya
Faculty of Engineering,
Electrical Engineering Masters Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses	CODE	Course Family	Credit Weight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date													
Pattern Recognition	2010103007	Compulsory Study Program Subjects	T=3 P=0 ECTS=6.72	2	May 14, 2023													
AUTHORIZATION		SP Developer	Course Cluster Coordinator	Study Program Coordinator														
		Dr. Lilik Anifah, S.T., M.T.	Unit Three Kartini, S.T., M.T., Ph.D.	Unit Three Kartini, S.T., M.T., Ph.D.														
Learning model	Case Studies																	
Program Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO study program which is charged to the course																	
	Program Objectives (PO)																	
	PO - 1	CLO1-CPL-S3 3. Able to show a responsible attitude for solving problems in the field of Electrical Engineering based on data using the pattern recognition method.																
	PLO-PO Matrix																	
		P.O	PO-1															
Short Course Description	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																	
		P.O	Week															
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	PO-1																	
References	Main :	1. Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006. 2. Sergio Theodoridis, Pattern Recognition, Elsevier, 2009.																
	Supporters:	1. Jurnal Penelitian yang relevan.																
Supporting lecturer	Dr. Lilik Anifah, S.T., M.T.																	
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)	Evaluation		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)											
		Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)											

1	Sub CLO1-CLO4-CPL-P4 4. Able to explain pattern recognition methods in the areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and intelligent networks, and information technology	Students are able to explain pattern recognition methods in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and intelligent networks, and information technology	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 1. Introduction Bibliography: <i>Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.</i>	6%
2	Sub CLO2-CLO4-CPL-P4 4. Capable of feature extraction for further use in the pattern recognition process in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and smart networks, and information technology.	Students are able to carry out the feature extraction process to then be used in the pattern recognition process in the fields of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and smart networks, and information technology.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 2. Feature Extraction Bibliography: <i>Sergio Theodoridis, Pattern Recognition, Elsevier, 2009.</i>	6%
3	Sub CLO3-CLO4-CPL-P4 4. Able to apply statistical-based pattern recognition methods in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and smart networks, and information technology.	Students are able to apply statistical-based pattern recognition methods in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and intelligent networks, and information technology.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, presentations		Material: 3. Statistically Based Pattern Recognition Reference: <i>Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.</i>	6%
4	Sub CLO4-CLO4-CPL-P4 4. Able to apply pattern recognition methods based on Linear Models Regression in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and smart networks, and information technology.	Students are able to apply pattern recognition methods based on Linear Models Regression in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and intelligent networks, and information technology.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 4. Linear Models for Regression Reference: <i>Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.</i> Material: 4. Linear Models for Regression Library: <i>Relevant research journals.</i>	6%
5	Sub CLO5-CLO4-CPL-P4 4. Able to apply Linear Models Classification-based pattern recognition methods in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and smart networks, and information technology.	Students are able to apply pattern recognition methods based on Linear Models Classification in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and intelligent networks, and information technology.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 5. Linear Models for Classification Reference: <i>Sergio Theodoridis, Pattern Recognition, Elsevier, 2009.</i> Material: 5. Linear Models for Classification Library: <i>Relevant Research Journals.</i>	6%

6		Students are able to apply Minimum Distance Calculation-based pattern recognition methods in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and smart networks, and information technology.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Sub CLO6-CLO4-CPL-P4 4. Able to apply Minimum Distance Calculation-based pattern recognition methods in areas of specialization, namely power and intelligence systems, telecommunications and smart networks, and information technology. 3x50 minutes		Material: 6. Minimum Distance Calculation Reference: Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006. <hr/> Material: 6. Minimum Distance Calculation Library: Relevant research journals.	6%
7	Sub CLO7-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through a data-based inter or multidisciplinary approach using a pattern recognition method based on Template Matching.	Students are able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through a data-based inter or multidisciplinary approach using a pattern recognition method based on Template Matching. 3x50 minutes	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 7. Pattern Recognition Using Template Matching Library: Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006. <hr/> Material: 7. Pattern Recognition Using Template Matching Library: Relevant Research Journals.	6%
8	Sub CLO8-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through a data-based inter or multidisciplinary approach using the Decision Three pattern recognition method.	Students are able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through a data-based inter or multidisciplinary approach using the Decision Three pattern recognition method.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations		Material: 8. Pattern Recognition Using Decision Three Library: Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006. <hr/> Material: 8. Pattern Recognition Using Decision Three Literature: Relevant Research Journals.	6%

9	Sub CLO9-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through a data-based inter or multidisciplinary approach using the Supervised and Unsupervised pattern recognition method.	Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through a data-based inter or multidisciplinary approach using Supervised and Unsupervised pattern recognition methods.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations	- -	Material: 9. Pattern Recognition Using Supervised and Unsupervised References: <i>Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.</i> Material: 9. Pattern Recognition Using Supervised and Unsupervised Literature: <i>Relevant Research Journals.</i>	6%
10	Sub CLO10-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition Using a Self Organizing Map.	Students are able to solve science, technology and/or art problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition using a Self Organizing Map.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations 3x50 minutes	- -	Material: 10. Pattern Recognition Using Self Organizing Map Reference: <i>Sergio Theodoridis, Pattern Recognition, Elsevier, 2009.</i> Material: 10. Pattern Recognition Using Self Organizing Map Library:	7%
11	Sub CLO10-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or art problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition Using a Self Organizing Map.	Students are able to solve science, technology and/or art problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition using a Self Organizing Map.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 11. Pattern Recognition Using Self Organizing Map Library: <i>Relevant Research Journals.</i>	7%
12	Sub CLO11-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization.	Students are able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition using Linear Vector Quantization.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations	- -	Material: 12. Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization Reference: <i>Sergio Theodoridis, Pattern Recognition, Elsevier, 2009.</i> Material: 12. Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization Library: <i>Relevant Research Journals.</i>	7%

13	Sub CLO11-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization.	Students are able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition using Linear Vector Quantization.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations	- -	Material: 12. Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization Reference: <i>Sergio Theodoridis, Pattern Recognition, Elsevier, 2009.</i> Material: 12. Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization Library: <i>Relevant Research Journals.</i>	7%
14	Sub CLO11-CLO2-CPL-KU2 2. Able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization.	Students are able to solve science, technology and/or arts problems in the field of electrical engineering through an inter or multidisciplinary approach based on Pattern Recognition using Linear Vector Quantization.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations	- -	Material: 12. Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization Reference: <i>Sergio Theodoridis, Pattern Recognition, Elsevier, 2009.</i> Material: 12. Pattern Recognition Using Linear Vector Quantization Library: <i>Relevant Research Journals.</i>	7%
15	Sub CLO13-CLO1-CPL-S3 3. Able to show a responsible attitude for solving problems in the field of Electrical Engineering based on data using pattern recognition methods by evaluating the results of experiments that have been carried out.	Able to show a responsible attitude in solving problems in the field of Electrical Engineering based on data using pattern recognition methods by evaluating the results of experiments that have been carried out.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 15. Evaluation Method References: <i>Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.</i> Material: 15. Evaluation Method Library: <i>Relevant research journals.</i>	7%
16	Sub CLO13-CLO1-CPL-S3 3. Able to show a responsible attitude for solving problems in the field of Electrical Engineering based on data using pattern recognition methods by evaluating the results of experiments that have been carried out.	Able to show a responsible attitude in solving problems in the field of Electrical Engineering based on data using pattern recognition methods by evaluating the results of experiments that have been carried out.	Criteria: Scale assessment score 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, PjBL, presentations 3x50 minutes		Material: 15. Evaluation Method References: <i>Chris Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.</i> Material: 15. Evaluation Method Library: <i>Relevant research journals.</i>	4%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	37%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	63%

Notes

1. **Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO - Study Program)** are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
6. **Assessment Criteria** are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
7. **Forms of assessment:** test and non-test.
8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
9. **Learning Methods:** Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
10. **Learning materials** are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
11. **The assessment weight** is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.