

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Sports and Health Sciences, Sports Education Masters Study Program

Document Code

(8)

(7)

UNESA			Sports Education Masters Study Program						Mas	sters	S	study	Pro	ogra	am					
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Courses				CODE			Cours	e Far	nily				Cre	dit W	eight		SEMEST	ER	Compilat Date	ion
Sports He	alth			8510102074			Comp	ulsory	Study	Progr	am :	Subjects	T=	:1	P=1 E0	CTS=4.48	1		July 17, 2	024
AUTHORIZ	ZATIC	ON		SP Develope	r						Co	urse Clu	ster (Coord	inator		Study Pr Coordina		ım	
				Dr.dr. Endang	j Sri W	/ahjur	ni, M.K	es.			Dr.	dr. Endar	ng Sri	Wahj	uni, M.K	íes.		fiq H	idayat, S.P Kes.	'd.,
Learning model	C	Case Studies															I			
Program	F	PLO study pro	ogra	ım which is cl	harge	d to	the c	ourse	<u> </u>											
Learning Outcomes PLO-1 Able to demonstrate religious, national and cultural values, as well as academic ethics in carrying out their duties					5															
(PLO) PLO-2 De				Demonstrate the character of being tough, collaborative, adaptive, innovative, inclusive, lifelong learning and entrepreneurial pirit																
	PLO-15 Able to evaluate oneself, manage one's own learning or that of one's followers, effectively communicate relevant informati ideas, arguments, analysis and solutions in various forms of media to communities appropriate to their field or the general public					'n,														
	Program Objectives (PO)																			
	F	PO - 1 Act as a citizen who is proud and loves the country and supports world peace in Sports Health lectures																		
	PLO-PO Matrix																			
P.O PLO-1 PLO-2 PLO-15																				
	PO-1																			
	F	PO Matrix at t	he e	end of each le	arnin	g sta	ge (S	ub-P	0)											
			Γ	P.O			ı		1				Weel	<						
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13 14	1	.5 16	
			F	PO-1																
Short Course Description	on s e	port and healt elderly., enviro production and	h, sp nme over- edge	es the meaning ort in schools, ntal stress inclu- trained problen about sports in on theory	preve udes a ns), m	ntive acclim assaç	sport, atizat je, do	prom on, do oing, a	otive s ehydra as well	port, h tion a as nu	nealt nd h tritio	thy sport neat eme n and nu	dosa rgeno trition	ge, sp ies, tl al ma	oort for he nega nageme	children, s tive impa ent. Integra	port for we ct of heavy ally include	omer exe d in o	n, sport for ercise (oxide each subje	thedan
Reference	es N	Main :																		
		1. Ronald	j. Ma	aughan.(2009).	The C	Olympi	ic text	ook (of Scie	nce in	Spo	rt., Wiley	-Blac	kwell.	UK.					
	5	Supporters:																		
		1. Artikel j	urna	l nasional terak	redita	si dan	interr	asion	al terk	ini 10 1	ahu	n terakhii	·.							
Supportir lecturer	_ [Dr. Taufiq Hiday	yat, S	/ahjuni, M.Kes. S.Pd., M.Kes. o, S.KM., M.KM	1., Ph.	D.														
Week-		abilities of learning PO)		Eval	uatio	n						Help L Learning tudent A Estim	g met ssigr	hods	is,		Learnir materia [Referen	ıls	Assessm Weight	

Criteria & Form

(4)

Offline (offline)

Online (online)

Indicator

(3)

(1)

(2)

1	Analyze the basic concepts of sports health	Students are able to analyze the basic concepts of sports health	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers Basic concepts of sports health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & question and answer Basic concepts of sports health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Material: Basic concepts of health Reference: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
2	Analyze issues and challenges in sports health	Students are able to analyze issues and challenges in sports health	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers Issues and challenges in sports health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & question and answer Issues and challenges in sports health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Material: Issues and challenges in sports health Reference: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
3	Analyze the principles of sports health	Students are able to analyze the principles of sports health	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers Principles of sports health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & question and answer Principles of sports health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Material: Principles of sports health Reference: The latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
4	Analyze the relationship between health and exercise	Students are able to analyze the relationship between health and exercise	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers on the relationship between health and sport 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers on the relationship between health and sport 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Material: Relationship between health and sports References: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
5	Analyze the body's response and adaptation to exercise	Students are able to analyze the body's response and adaptation to exercise	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & question and answer the body's response and adaptation to sports 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & question and answer response and adaptation of the body to sports 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Material: The body's response and adaptation to exercise References: The latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
6	Analyzing doping and drug abuse in sport	Students are able to analyze doping and drug abuse in sports	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers on doping and drug abuse in sports 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & question and answer doping and drug abuse in sports 2x50° / 3.18 ECTS	Material: Doping and drug abuse References: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
7	Analyzing overtraining and its impact on health\	Students are able to analyze overtraining and its impact on health	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers overtraining and the impact on health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & question and answer overtraining and the impact on health 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Material: Overtraining and its impact on health References: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%

8	Analyzing the influence of environment, sex and gender on health in sports activities	Students are able to analyze overtraining and its impact on health	Criteria: Participation assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers on the influence of environment, sex and gender on health in sports activities 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning method: Discussion & questions and answers on the influence of environment, sex and gender on health in sports activities 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	Material: The influence of environment, sex and gender on health in sports activities References: The latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
9	UTS	Able to master material 1-8	Criteria: UTS assessment rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Test	Test	Material: UTS material Library: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	15%

10	Analyzina czasta	Ctudonto a	Critoria	Loorning Correct	Loorning Correct	Motorial	F0/
10	Analyzing sports health in children, adolescents, adults and the elderly	Students are able to analyze the health of sports in children, adolescents, adults and the elderly	Criteria: 1.Participation assessment rubric 2.Performance assessment rubric 3.Performance assessment rubric Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning Method: Problem based learning/case study • Phase 1: Learner orientation to the problem; The lecturer conveys the problem that will be solved as a group, namely sports health for children, adolescents, adults and the elderly. Students observe and understand the problem presented by the lecturer or obtained from recommended reading material • Phase 2: Organize students to learn; The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigations (search for data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of sports health analysis reports for children, teenagers, adults and the elderly so that the work of each group is ready to be presented. Students hold discussions to produce solutions to problem solving and the results are presented, Students hold discussions to produce solutions to problem solving and evaluating the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation, the form of work • Phase 5: Analyzing and evaluating the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation, the ofer groups give	The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigation process. Students conduct investigation signary to data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of sports health analysis reports for children, teenagers, adults and the elderly so that the work of each group is ready to be presented. Students hold discussions to produce solutions to problem solving and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyzing and evaluating the problem solving	Material: Sports health in children, adolescents, adults and the elderly. References: The latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
				presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation,	awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation, the other groups give appreciation.		
				conclusions according to input obtained from other groups 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS	groups		

44	Analyzina cot-	Ctudant	Cuitavia	Learning C	Learning F	Material	F0/
11	Analyzing sports health in children,	Students are able to	Criteria: 1.Participation	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture	Material: Sports	5%
	adolescents, adults and the	analyze the health of	assessment rubric		via vilearning and zoom	health in	
	elderly	sports in	2.Performance	Learning Method:	La annica di Manda and	children,	
		children, adolescents,	assessment rubric	Problem based learning/case study	Learning Method: Problem based	adolescents, adults and	
		adults and	3.Performance assessment rubric	,	learning/case study using	the elderly.	
		the elderly	ussessment rubite	Phase 1: Learner	Vlearning LMS:	References:	
			Form of Assessment :	orientation to the problem;	http://vlearning.unesa.ac.id • Phase 1: Orientation of	The latest accredited	
			Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	The lecturer conveys the	students on problems;	national and	
			Traduction differences	problem that will be	The lecturer conveys the problem that will be solved	international	
				solved as a group, namely sports health for	as a group, namely sports	journal articles from	
				children, adolescents,	health for children,	the last 10	
				adults and the elderly. Students observe and	adolescents, adults and the elderly.	years.	
				understand the problem	Students observe and		
				presented by the lecturer	understand the problem		
				or obtained from recommended reading	presented by the lecturer or obtained from		
				material	recommended reading		
					material		
				Phase 2: Organize students to learn:	Phase 2: Organize		
				The lecturer ensures that			
				each member	The lecturer ensures that		
				understands their respective assignments.	each member understands their respective		
				Students discuss and	assignments.		
				divide assignments to	Students discuss and		
				find the data/materials/tools	divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools		
				needed to solve the	needed to solve the		
				problem	problem		
				Phase 3: Guiding	Phase 3: Guiding		
				individual and group	individual and group		
				investigations; The lecturer monitors	investigations; The lecturer monitors		
				student involvement in	student involvement in		
				collecting data/materials	collecting data/materials		
				during the investigation process.	during the investigation process.		
				Students conduct	Students conduct		
				investigations (search	investigations (search for		
				for data/references/sources)	data/references/sources) for group discussion		
				for group discussion	materials		
				materials	Phase 4: Develop and		
				Phase 4: Develop and	present the results of the		
				present the results of the work;	work; The lecturer monitors the		
				,	discussion and guides the		
				discussion and guides	preparation of sports		
				the preparation of sports health analysis reports	health analysis reports for children, teenagers, adults		
				for children, teenagers,	and the elderly so that the		
				adults and the elderly so	work of each group is		
				that the work of each group is ready to be	ready to be presented. Students hold discussions		
				presented.	to produce solutions to		
				Students hold	problem solving and the		
				discussions to produce solutions to problem	results are presented/presented in the		
				solving and the results	form of work		
				are presented/presented in the form of work	• Phase 5:		
					Analyzing and evaluating		
				Phase 5: Analyzing and avaluating	the problem solving		
				Analyzing and evaluating the problem solving	process. Lecturer: guides the		
				process.	presentation and		
				Lecturer: guides the presentation and	encourages groups to give awards and input to other		
				encourages groups to	groups.		
				give awards and input to	Students. Each group		
				other groups. Students. Each group	makes a presentation, the other groups give		
				makes a presentation,	appreciation.		
				the other groups give	The activity continues by		
				appreciation. The activity continues by	summarizing/making conclusions according to		
				summarizing/making	input obtained from other		
				conclusions according to	groups 2x50' / 3.18 ECTS		
l				input obtained from other	7Y20 1 9'TQ EC12	Ì	
				groups			

12	Analyzing dehydration and heat emergencies in sports	Students are able to analyze dehydration and heat emergencies in sports	Criteria: 1.Participation assessment rubric 2.Performance assessment rubric 3.Performance assessment rubric Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning Method: Problem based learning/case study • Phase 1: Learner orientation to the problem; The lecturer conveys the problems that will be solved as a group, namely dehydration and heat emergencies in sports. Students observe and understand the problems presented by the lecturer or obtained from recommended reading materials • Phase 2: Organize students to study; The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigations (search for data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of reports on dehydration and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of reports on dehydration and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of reports on dehydration and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of reports on dehydration and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and enough and present to	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning Method: Problem based learning/case study using Vlearning LMS: http://vlearning.unesa.ac.id • Phase 1: Orientation of students on problems; The lecturer conveys the problems that will be solved as a group, namely dehydration and heat emergencies in sports. Students observe and understand the problems presented by the lecturer or obtained from recommended reading materials • Phase 2: Organize students to study; The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigations (search for data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of reports on dehydration and heat emergencies in sports branches so that the work of each group is ready to be presented. Students hold discussions to produce problem solving solutions and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation the	Material: Dehydration and heat emergencies in sports References: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
				in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and	Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups.		

13	Analyzing dehydration and heat emergencies in sports	Students are able to analyze dehydration and heat emergencies in sports	Criteria: 1.Participation assessment rubric 2.Performance assessment rubric 3.Performance rorrection of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning Method: Problem based learning/case study • Phase 1: Learner orientation to the problem; The lecturer conveys the problems that will be solved as a group, namely dehydration and heat emergencies in sports. Students observe and understand the problems presented by the lecturer or obtained from recommended reading materials • Phase 2: Organize students to study; The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigations (search for data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of reports on dehydration and heat emergencies in sports branches so that the work of each group is ready to be presented. Students hold discussions to produce problem solving solutions and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving solutions and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving solutions and presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving solutions and presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving solutions and presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecture: guides the presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving solutions and solving solutions and solving solutions and solving process. Lecture: guides the presented/presented in the form of work	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning Method: Problem based learning/case study using Vlearning LMS: http://vlearning.unesa.ac.id • Phase 1: Orientation of students on problems; The lecturer conveys the problems that will be solved as a group, namely dehydration and heat emergencies in sports. Students observe and understand the problems presented by the lecturer or obtained from recommended reading materials • Phase 2: Organize students to study; The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigations (search for data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of reports on dehydration and heat emergencies in sports branches so that the work of each group is ready to be preparation and heat emergencies in sports branches so that the work of each group is ready to be preparation and heat emergencies in sports branches so that the work of each group is ready to be preparation and heat emergencies in sports branches so that the work of each group is ready to be preparation and heat emergencies in sports branches so that the work of expended. Students hold discussions to produce problem solving solutions and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the preparation, the other groups give avards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation, the other groups give avards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation, the other groups give apreciation. The activity continues by summarizing/making conc	Material: Dehydration and heat emergencies in sports References: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
				appreciation. The activity continues by summarizing/making	conclusions according to input obtained from other groups		

in the form of work Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation, the other groups give appreciation. Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the groups awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation, the other groups give appreciation. The activity continues by summarizing/making conclusions according to input obtained from other	Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation, the other groups give conclusions according to	
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15	Analyzing nutrition and nutrition for sportsmen's health	Students are able to analyze nutrition and nutrition for sportsmen's health	Criteria: 1.Participation assessment rubric 2.Performance assessment rubric 3.Performance assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Learning Form: Face-to-face lecture Learning Method: Problem based learning/case study • Phase 1: Learner orientation to the problem; The lecturer conveys the problem that will be solved as a group, namely nutrition and nutrition for the health of sportsmen. Students observe and understand the problem presented by the lecturer or obtained from recommended reading material. • Phase 2: Organizing students to learn; The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigations (search for data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of nutrition and nutrition reports for the health of sportsmen so that each group's work is ready to be presented. Students hold discussions and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving solutions and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encive agards and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encive agards and to orien advantation numbers of the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encive agards and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encive agards and proup make a presentation, the form of work	Learning Form: Virtual face-to-face lecture via vilearning and zoom Learning Method: Problem based learning/case study using Vlearning LMS: http://vlearning.unesa.ac.id • Phase 1: Orientation of students on problems; The lecturer conveys the problem that will be solved as a group, namely nutrition and nutrition for the health of sportsmen. Students observe and understand the problem presented by the lecturer or obtained from recommended reading material. • Phase 2: Organizing students to learn; The lecturer ensures that each member understands their respective assignments. Students discuss and divide assignments to find the data/materials/tools needed to solve the problem • Phase 3: Guiding individual and group investigations; The lecturer monitors student involvement in collecting data/materials during the investigation process. Students conduct investigations (search for data/references/sources) for group discussion materials • Phase 4: Develop and present the results of the work; The lecturer monitors the discussion and guides the preparation of nutrition and nutrition reports for the health of sportsmen so that each group's work is ready to be presented. Students hold discussions to produce problem solving solutions and the results are presented/presented in the form of work • Phase 5: Analyze and evaluate the problem solving process. Lecturer: guides the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation, the other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation on the results of the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation on the results of the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other groups. Students. Each group makes a presentation on the results of the presentation and encourages groups to give awards and input to other	Material: Nutrition and nutrition for sportsmen's health. Reference: The latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10 years.	5%
				the other groups give appreciation. The activity continues by	conclusions according to input obtained from other groups		

16	UAS	Students master the material from meetings 1- 15	Criteria: UAS assessment rubric Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Tests	Test	Test	Material: UAS material Library: Latest accredited national and international journal articles from the last 10	15%
						years.	

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	70%
2.	Practice / Performance	15%
3.	Test	15%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program
 graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program
 obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. **Forms of assessment:** test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and subtopics.
- 11. **The assessment weight** is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.