

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Physics Education Masters Study Program

Document Code

					(SE	ME	STE	ER	LE	AR	NIN	IG	PL	AN	1						
Courses				CODE Cou					ourse Family					Credit Weight					MESTE	RC	Compila Date	tion
Advanced Learning Theory			ory	8410316001 Comp					pulsory Study Program					T=2 P=0 ECTS=4.48				1	J	uly 19,	2024	
AUTHORIZATION				SP De	evelo	per		- Subjects				ourse	Clus	ster Coordinator			Study Program Coordinator					
				Mita A	Angga	ryani,	M.Pd	., Ph.C).						Dr. Titin Sunarti, M.Si.							
Learning model		Case Studies																				
Program	1	PLO study program that is charged to the course																				
Outcom) es	S Program Objectives (PO)																				
(PLO)		PLO-PO	Matri	ix																		
P.O																						
		PO Matrix	x at t	the en	nd of	each	learr	ning s	tage	(Sub-	PO)											
				P.O Week																		
]	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	
Short Course Description		Study of the principles and ways students learn according to behavioral learning theory, social learning theory, cognitive learning theory, constructivist approach, connectivism theory, as well as motivating students to learn; and its application in learning through analysis of case examples in class																				
References		s Main :																				
		 Susantini, E., dkk. Designing Easy DNA Extraction: Teaching Creativity through Laboratory Practice. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Education Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Education, 45 (3), 2017 Hergenhahn, B. R. & Olson, Matthew H. 2012. Theories of Learning (Teori Belajar). Edisi Ketujuh. Jakarta: Kencana Prenada Media Group. 																				
		Supporters:																				
Support lecturer	ing	Dr. Eko Hariyono, S.Pd., M.Pd. Mita Anggaryani, M.Pd., Ph.D.																				
Week-	Fina abil eac lear stat	al ities of h ming		Evaluation						Help Le Learning Student As: [Estimat				arning, methods, signments, ted time]				Le m Rei	Learning materials References		Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Su	b-PO)	Ind	dicator Criteria & Form				orm	Offline (offline)					Unine (<i>Online</i>)					1			
(1)	(1) (2)			(3) (4)					(5)					(6)					(7)		(8)	

1	Able to explain behavioral learning theory in physics learning	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion/Presentation	Presentation discussion	0%
2					0%
3					0%
4					0%
5					0%
6					0%
7					0%
8					0%
9					0%
10					0%
11					0%
12					0%
13					0%
14					0%
15					0%
16					0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No Evaluation Percentage 0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several
- 10. Learning materials are details of descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.