

# Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts Master's Program in Language and Literature Education

Document Code

### SEMESTER I FARNING PLAN

Pragmastylistics			CODE	<b></b>			Course amily		С	redi	t We	ight		SEN	MEST	ER		Com Date	pilatio
			881110225		02257		Study Pr		m <b>T</b> :	T=2 P=0		ECTS	=4.48	2	2		July	17, 20	
AUTHORIZATION SP Develo			evelopei				s   c	Course Cluster Coordinator				Stu	dy Pr	ogr	am Co	ordi	nator		
	_		Dr. Ti	tik Indart	i, M.Pc	d.		С	r. Titi	k Ind	darti				Dr.	Titik	( Indar	ti, M.	Pd.
Learning model	Case Studies																		
Program	PLO study program which is charged to the course																		
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-1		Able to demonstrate religious, national and cultural values, as well as academic ethics in carrying out their duties																
	PLO-2		Demonstrate the character of being tough, collaborative, adaptive, innovative, inclusive, lifelong learning and entrepreneurial spirit																
	PLO-3	Dev expe	Develop logical, critical, systematic and creative thinking in carrying out specific work in their field of expertise and in accordance with work competency standards in the field concerned																
	PLO-4	Dev	elop y	ourself c	ontinuo	ously	and c	ollabo	rate.										
	PLO-5	appl	Able to realize affective, social, academic and life skills responsibly and professionally through the application of concepts/science, research results/innovations in the field of language and literature education, as well as in the field of language and literature science.																
	PLO-6	inno	Able to compile ideas, thoughts and scientific arguments that are logical, critical, systematic, creative and innovative in the field of language and literature education, as well as the field of language and literature responsibly and based on academic ethics.																
	PLO-7	and	Able to identify problems in the field of language and literature education, as well as the field of language and literature as research objects and position them on a research map developed through an interdisciplinary or multidisciplinary approach;																
	PLO-10	Mas edu	Mastering the theoretical concepts of language and literature and their applications based on educational philosophy, language philosophy and literary philosophy																
	PLO-11	Mas	tering	theoretic	cal con	cept	s of lar	iguag	e and	lite	ratur	e skills	n an ir	ntegra	ative	man	ner		
	PLO-12			the cond e, literat					eratur	e ec	ducat	ion rese	earch r	netho	odolog	gy fo	or the o	devel	opmen
	Program	Obje	ective	s (PO)															
	PO - 1	Mas	tering	language	e and it	ts int	tended	use r	eflect	s the	e abil	ity to ca	arry ou	t pra	gmati	c an	d stylis	stic s	tudies.
	PLO-PO Matrix																		
			P.O	PLO-1	PLO-	-2	PLO-3	PLO	D-4	PLC	D-5	PLO-6	PLC	)-7	PLO 10	-	PLO- 11		LO- 12
		F	PO-1	1	1		/		,	/	,	1	/		1		1		/
	PO Matri	ix at t	the en	d of ea	ch lea	rnin	ng stag	je (S	ub-P	0)									
			P.	0		1					1	Week	-	-	-				
					1 2	2 3	3 4	5	6	7	8	9	10 1	.1	12	13	14	15	16
	1		PO-1				1	/	/	1	1	1	, l	/	/		1 1		

## Pragmatistic discussion by utilizing concepts or technical aspects and language style and stylistics as well as the speaker/author's intentions in context through discussion activities, training, presentations, simulations, or even independent study to produce summaries of material, papers, or scientific articles presented in discussion forums/seminars or even published in journals. **Short** Course Description Main: References 1. 1)Brown, P. & Levinson, S. C. (2004). Politeness Some Universals in Language Usage. Cambridge: Cambridge Univrsity Press. 2)Horn, Laurence R. dan Ward, Gregory (ed.). (2007). The Handbook of Pragmatics. London: Blackwell. 3. 3)Leech, G. (2004). Principles of Pragmatics. London: Longman. 4. 4)Levinson, S.C. (2002). Pragmatics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. 5. 5)Mey, J. L. (Ed.). (2004). Concise Encyclopedia of Pragmatics. New York: Elsevier. 6. 6) Fowler, R. (ed.). (2000). Style and Structure in Literature. Oxford: Basil Blackwell. 7. Semino, Elena dan Culpeper, Jonathan. (2002). Cognitive Stylistics. Amsterdam: John Benjamins Supporters: 1. artikel-artikel jurnal

Supporting Prof. Slamet Setiawan, M.A., Ph.D.

lecturer	Dr. Titik I	ndarti, M.Pd.					
Week-	Final abilities of each	E	valuation	Stu	Help Learning, earning methods, dent Assignments, Estimated time]	Learning materials	Assessment
Week	learning stage (Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( offline )	Online ( <i>online</i> )	[ References ]	Weight (%)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1		Mastering language and its intended use reflects the ability to carry out pragmatic and stylistic studies.	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	PBL		Material: Introduction to pragmatics References: 1) Brown, P. & Levinson, SC (2004). Politeness Some Universals in Language Usage. Cambridge: Cambridge: University Press.  Material: basic concepts of pragmatics Literature:	10%
2		Mastering language and its intended use reflects the ability to carry out pragmatic and stylistic studies.	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	PBL		Material: Introduction to pragmatics References: 1) Brown, P. & Levinson, SC (2004). Politeness Some Universals in Language Usage. Cambridge: Cambridge: University Press.  Material: basic concepts of pragmatics Literature:	10%

3	10	Form of Assess Participy Activities Results Assess Product Assess	sment : atory es, Project ment /	offline	Material: 2. Explain the basic concepts of pragmatics and its scope. References: 4) Levinson, SC (2002). Pragmatics. Cambridge: Cambridge: University Press.  Material: Deep approaches in pragmatics Literature:	10%
4	10	Form of Assess Particip Activitie Results Assess Product Assess	of cment : atory ss, Project ment /	offline	Material: 2. Explain the basic concepts of pragmatics and its scope. References: 4) Levinson, SC (2002). Pragmatics. Cambridge: Cambridge: University Press.  Material: Deep approaches in pragmatics Literature:	10%
5	the cor	plain basic ncepts Igmatics  Forms Assess Particip Activitie Results Assess Produc Assess Practicic Perforn	of sment : atory ss, Project ment / t ment, es /	offline	Material: philosophical schools that influence Pragmastylistism (idealism, naturalism, reconstructionism, existentialism, perennialism, essentialism, realism and pragmatism). References:	10%
6	the cor	plain basic ncepts agmatics Forms Assess Particip Activitie Results Assess Produc Assess Practice Perform	of sment : atory es, Project ment / t ment, es /	offline	Material: philosophical schools that influence Pragmastylistism (idealism, naturalism, reconstructionism, existentialism, perennialism, essentialism, realism and pragmatism). References:	10%
7	the cor	plain basic ncepts 10  regmatics Forms Assess Particip Activitie Results Assess Produc Assess Practice Perform	of sment : atory es, Project ment / t ment, es /	offline	Material: philosophical schools that influence Pragmastylistism (idealism, naturalism, reconstructionism, existentialism, perennialism, essentialism, realism and pragmatism). References:	10%

8		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	offline	Material: UTS Library:  Material: Approaches in pragmatics References: 2) Horn, Laurence R. and Ward, Gregory (ed.). (2007). The Handbook of Pragmatics. London: Blackwell.	0% 5%
		Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance			570
10		Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	offline		5%
11		Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	offline		5%
12		Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	offline		5%
13		Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance			5%
14		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities			2%
15		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities			2%

16							0%
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**Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study** 

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	42.34%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	38.34%
3.	Practice / Performance	18.34%
		99.02%

#### Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.