

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social and Legal Sciences Geography Education Masters Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses		CODE	CODE			Course Family		Cre	Credit Weight			SEMESTER	Co Da	Compilation Date		
Geographic li for Regionali	nce 871022	20001			Compul Progran	sory S 1 Subj	Study	/	T=2	P=0	ECTS=4.4	3	1	Jul	y 17, 202	
AUTHORIZAT	SP De	veloper						Cours	se Clu	ster C	oordinator	Study	Progran	1 Cool	dinator	
		Dr. Ek	o Budiyar	nto, M.:	Si				Dr. Mı	uzayaı	ıah, S⁻	М.Т	Dr. Su	kma Pe	rdana	Prasetya,
Learning	Project Based Learning									S.Pd	., M.T.					
model																
Program Learning	PLO study pro	ogram that is	charge	d to th	пе с	ourse										
Outcomes	PLO-9	Mastering th problems of	e dynam structurir	ics of r Ig regio	egio onal	nal prob potentia	lems I usin	base g ge	ed on t ograpł	he cor nic tec	icepts hnolog	and approac y	hes of geo	ographic	sciend	e to solv
(1 20)	Program Obje	ctives (PO)				·										
	PO - 1	Have an en regions by ut	thusiastic tilizing va	attitu rious le	de t earn	o alway ing sour	s upd ces	ate	unders	standiı	ng of (Geographic	nformatio	n Scien	ce cor	icepts an
	PO - 2	Mastering co	ncepts re	elated t	o ba	asic topio	cs in C	Geog	raphic	Inforr	nation	Science and	regions			
	PO - 3	Able to deve	lop logica	ıl, syst	ema	tic thinki	ng, ar	nd al	ole to d	commu	inicate	topics in ge	ographic ir	nformatio	on scie	nce
	PLO-PO Matri	x														
		P.0)	Р	LO-9	9										
		PO-	1													
		PO-	2													
		PO-	3													
						1										
	PO Matrix at t	he end of ea	ch learn	ing st	age	(Sub-F	PO)									
		P.0									Week			-		
			1	2	3	3 4	5	6	7	8	9	10 11	12 13	14	15	16
		PO-1														
		PO-2														
		PO-3														
		PO-3														
Short Course Description	Discusses the systems, spatia development dir	PO-3 concept of ge I statistics an rections based	eographic d regiona on geogr	inforr al ana aphic	natio lysis infor	on scier s, develo rmation s	ice, re opmer scienc	egior nt of :e kn	nal an spatia owledg	d regi al moo ge and	onal c lels, a l skills.	oncepts, de s well as p	velopment reparation	t of reg of zoni	ional i ing an	nformatio d regiona
Short Course Description References	Discusses the systems, spatia development dir Main :	PO-3	eographic d regiona on geogr	inforr al ana aphic	natic lysis infor	on scier s, develo mation s	ace, re opmer scienc	egior nt of e kn	nal an spatia owled	d regi al moo ge and	onal c lels, a I skills.	oncepts, de s well as p	velopment	t of reg of zoni	ional i ing an	nformatio d regiona
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	1. Liu, G. J 2. Canty, M Press	 Liu, G. J.; Mason, P.J. (2009). Essential Image Processing and GIS for Remote Sensing. London ; Wiley-Blackwell Canty, M.J. (2014). Image Analysis Classification and Change Detection In Remote Sensing-Third Edition. London; CRC Press 							
	 Skidmor Isard, W Vivo, B. Histories 	 Skidmore, A. (2002). Environmental Modelling with GIS and Remote Sensing. London; Taylor & Francis Isard, W. (1960). Methods of Regional Analysis: an Introduction to Regional Science. Centridge; The M.I.T. Press Vivo, B.D.; Belkin, H.E.; Lima A. (2008). Environmental Geochemistry: Site Characterization, Data Analysis and Case Histories. Amsterdam; Elsevier 							
	6. Schowe 7. Brimicor 8. McCoy, 9. Onsrud	 Schowengerdt, R.A. (2007). Remote Sensing: Models and Methods for Image Processing-Third Edition. Amsterdam; Elsevier Brimicombe, A. (2010). GIS, Environmental Modeling and Engineering-Second Edition. London; CRC Press McCoy, R.M. (2005). Field Methods in Remote Sensing. New York; The Guilford Press Overset Hull (key Multiple). Advantage Comparison Comp							
	Associat 10. O'Brien, Routledg	 Onsrud, H.; Kuhn, W. (2016). Advancing Geographic Information Science: The Past and Next Twenty Years. Needham; GDI Association Press O'Brien, L. (1992). Introducing Quantitative Geography: Measurement, Methods and Generalised Linear Models. London; Routledge 							
	Supporters:								
Support lecturer	ting Dr. Eko Budiyani	to, S.Pd., M.Si.							
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Ev	valuation	He Lean Studer [Es	Ip Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, t <mark>timated time]</mark>	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)		
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator Criteria & Form		Offline(offline)	Online (<i>online</i>)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
1	Students understand the concept of geographic information science for regional areas	 Explain the concept of territory Explain the concept of geographic information science 	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentations, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions, assignments 2 x 50	Material: geographical information science for regionalism Reference: <i>Brimicombe, A.</i> (2010). GIS, <i>Environmental</i> <i>Modeling and</i> <i>Engineering-</i> <i>Second Edition.</i> <i>London; CRC</i> <i>Press</i>	5%		
2	Students understand geospatial analysis for water resources, land, forests and regional infrastructure	 Explain information systems Explain the unit of analysis Explain geographic information systems 	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 x 50	Material: geographical information science for regional literature: Vivo, BD; Belkin, HE; Lima A. (2008). Environmental Geochemistry: Site Characterization, Data Analysis and Case Histories. Amsterdam; Elsevier	5%		
3	Understand entity relationships	Explain entity relationships	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 x 50	Material: entity relationship References: Brimicombe, A. (2010). GIS, Environmental Modeling and Engineering- Second Edition. London; CRC Press	10%		
4	Understand the concept of geodesy for spatial data	 Explain the map projection system Explain coordinate systems 	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 x 50	Material: geodesy for spatial data References: Onsrud, H.; Kuhn, W. (2016). Advancing Geographic Information Science: The Past and Next Twenty Years. Needham; GDI Association Press	10%		

5	Understand spatial analysis	Explain spatial analysis	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 x 50	Material: spatial analysis References: Isard, W. (1960). Methods of Regional Analysis: an Introduction to Regional Science. Centridge; The MIT Press	10%
6	Understand quantitative descriptive spatial analysis	Explain spatial analysis	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3)	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and assignments 2 x 50	Material: quantitative descriptive spatial analysis References: <i>Isard, W. (1960).</i> <i>Methods of</i> <i>Regional</i> <i>Analysis: an</i> <i>Introduction to</i> <i>Regional</i> <i>Science.</i> <i>Centridge; The</i> <i>MIT Press</i>	5%
7	Understand GIS and cartographic functions	Explain the cartographic function in GIS	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and questions and answers 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: GIS and cartographic function References: Onsrud, H.; Kuhn, W. (2016). Advancing Geographic Information Science: The Past and Next Twenty Years. Needham; GDI Association Press	5%
8	UTS	UTS	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) UTS: carried out by assessment during the middle of the semester (weight 2) Assignments: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Test	UTS 2 X 50			5%
9	Understand image processing	Explain the stages of digital image processing	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion, question and answer 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions, questions and answers	Material: image processing References: Liu, GJ; Mason, P. J. (2009). Essential Image Processing and GIS for Remote Sensing. London ; Wiley-Blackwell	5%
10	Understand image processing	Explain the stages of digital image processing	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion, question and answer 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions, questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: image processing References: Liu, GJ; Mason, P. J. (2009). Essential Image Processing and GIS for Remote Sensing. London ; Wiley-Blackwell	5%

11	Understand digital surface model processing	Explain the stages of DTM processing	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion, question and answer 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions, questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: digital surface model processing Reference: Schowengerdt, RA (2007). Remote Sensing: Models and Methods for Image Processing- Third Edition. Amsterdam; Elsevier	5%
12	Understand the analysis of natural resource potential	Explains analysis for natural resource potential	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and questions and answers 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: analysis of natural resource potential References: Vivo, BD; Belkin, HE; Lima A. (2008). Environmental Geochemistry: Site Characterization, Data Analysis and Case Histories. Amsterdam; Elsevier	5%
13	Understand analysis for the coast	Explains analysis for coasts using imagery and GIS	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and questions and answers 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: analysis for the coast Reference: Skidmore, A. (2002). Environmental Modeling with GIS and Remote Sensing. London; Taylor & Francis	5%
14	Understand regional analysis for urban areas	Explains the analysis of water resource potential using imagery and GIS	Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) Tasks: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and questions and answers 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: regional analysis for urban areas Reference: Skidmore, A. (2002). Environmental Modeling with GIS and Remote Sensing. London; Taylor & Francis	5%

15	Understand the analysis of environmental problems	Explains the analysis of environmental problems using images and GIS	Criteria: 1.Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) UTS: carried out with assessments during the middle of the semester (weight 2) UAS: carried out every semester to measure all indicators (weight 3) Assignments: carried out on each indicator (weight 3) Value Student End: 2.Participation Score (2) x Assignment Score (3) x UTS Score (3) divided by 10. Form of Assessment	Presentation, discussion and questions and answers 2 X 50	Presentations, discussions and questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: analysis of environmental problems References: <i>Brimicombe, A.</i> (2010). GIS, <i>Environmental</i> <i>Modeling and</i> <i>Engineering-</i> <i>Second Edition.</i> <i>London; CRC</i> <i>Press</i>	10%
			Assessment / Product Assessment				
16	Final exams		Criteria: Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) UTS: carried out with assessments during the mid-semester (weight 2) Assignments: carried out on each indicator (weight 3 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product	UAS 2 x 50	UAS 2 x 50		10%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	27.5%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	67.5%
3.	Test	5%
		100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
 Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
 5. Indicatent for expression, ability in the process and student learning material of the course.

5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.

- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.

- The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
 TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.