

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Chemistry Masters Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE				Cour	se Fa	mily		Cre	edit W	eight		SEN	IESTE	R	Co	mpilat e	ion
Bioinformatics			471020202	9			Study Program Elect		lective	T=2	2 P=0	EC	rs=4.48		3			. e / 19, 2	023	
AUTHORIZATION			SP Develo	oer			Cour	ses `		Cour	se Cl	luster	Coor	dinator	Stu	dv Pro	gram C	coordir	ator	
			Muhammad Nurrohman Sidiq, Ph.D.				Prof. Dr. Nuniek Herdyastuti, M.Si.			Prof. Dr. Nuniek Herdyastuti, M.Si.			.Si.							
Learning model	Case Studies									1										
Program	PLO study prog	gram t	hat is char	ged t	o the	cour	se													
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-2		onstrate the c preneurial sp		ter of I	being	tough	ı, colla	aborati	ve, ada	aptive	e, inno	vative	, inclusiv	e, life	long le	arning a	and		
	PLO-3		op logical, cr dance with w										speci	fic work i	in the	ir field (of expe	rtise ar	id in	
	PLO-4	Develop yourself continuously and collaborate.																		
	PLO-8	Compile and communicate ideas, thoughts and scientific arguments responsibly and based on academic ethics.																		
	PLO-9	Make decisions in the context of solving scientific and technological development problems based on analytical or experimental studies of information and data.																		
	PLO-14	Maste	er theoretical	conce	epts ab	out th	ne fun	ction	of adv	anced	chem	nical in	strum	ents and	how	to oper	ate the	m, and	maste	r
	Program Object	tives ((PO)																	
PO - 1 Able to demonstrate basic knowledge of Bioinformatics to analyze contemporary biochemical pro							nical problems													
	PO - 2	Able to	o master the	use o	f bioin	forma	tics to	ools to	o mana	ge, an	alyze	, inter	oret, d	ocument	t and	store re	esearch	n data		
	PO - 3		o communic g learning fo							and in	writir	ng usi	ng tar	geted co	mmu	nicatior	n media	dia, as a means of		
	PLO-PO Matrix																			
																				-
		P.O PLO-2 PLO-3 PLO-4 PLO-8				I	PLO-9 PLO-14		14											
	PO-1																			
			PO-2																	
			PO-3																	
																				1
	PO Matrix at th	e end	of each lea	rning	stad	e (Su	b-PO)												
					, j	- (,												
			P.O Week										1							
		1.0	1.0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	. 10	11	12	13	14	15	16	-
		PC	0-1	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	0	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	10	-
		PC)-2																	
)-3																	-
			, ,]
Short Course Description	This course discusses the basics of bioinformatics and its development as well as its relationship to discussions of biochemistry, BLAST analysis, DNA primer and tracer design, synthetic gene construction, nucleic acids both DNA and RNA, protein analysis related to the shape and arrangement of amino acids, protein topology analysis and molecular docking. which is delivered through guided discussions and practice by carrying out computational analysis.																			
References	Main :																			
	 Pervsner, J., 2015. , Bioinformatics and Functional Genomic, third edition, USA, Willey Blackwel. Selzer, P.M., Marhover, R.J. dan Koch, O. 2018, Applied Bioinformatics, Germany, Springer International Publishing Taguchi, 2020, Unsupervised Feature Extraction Applied to Bioinformatics: A PCA Based and TD Based Approach, Tokyo, Springer Bedel, J. Korf, I, dan Yandell, M, BLAST, USA, OReilly 								ger											
	Supporters:																			

Support			Herdyastuti, M.Si. ohman Sidiq, S.Si., M.	Sc., Ph.D.				
	Week- Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)			aluation	Lear Stude	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials	Assessmen
			Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (<i>online</i>)	[References]	Weight (%)
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Understand the basics of bioinformatics, its development and role		1. Explain the definition of Bioinformatics 2. Explain the history and development of Bioinformatics 3. Explain how to find scientific articles and data on a gene or topic of interest 4. Explain the genomic basics of Bioinformatics 5. Use common genomic tools 6. Identify the gene of interest	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Discussion, Guided discovery		Material: Introduction to bioinformatics References: Pervsner, J., 2015. , Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics, third edition, USA, Willey Blackwel.	5%
2	basics bioche scienc		1. Explain the basic structure of DNA and RNA 2. Explain the storage of genetic information at the molecular level 3. Understand the structure of nucleic acids (DNA and RNA) further 4. Explain how genetic information is stored 5. Explain the primary, tertiary, secondary and quaternary structures of proteins 6. Explain the differences between Genomics, Transcriptomics and Proteomics, and Multi-omics	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities			Material: Introduction to bioinformatics and multiomics References: <i>Pervsner, J., 2015.</i> , <i>Bioinformatics and</i> <i>Functional</i> <i>Genomics, third</i> <i>edition, USA, Willey</i> <i>Blackwel.</i>	5%
3	Under primar	standing ry databases	1. Explain the global storage database of Biological information. 2. Explain the differences between primary and secondary databases 3. Explain genotype- phenotype databases 4. Explain molecular structure databases	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion, Guided discovery		Material: primary database References: Pervsner, J., 2015. , Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics, third edition, USA, Willey Blackwel.	5%
4	Under secon databa genoty pheno databa	dary ases and ype- otype	1. Prosite 2. PRINTS 3. Pfam 4. Interpo 5. PhenomicDB	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion, Guided discovery		Material: Practice of using databases Bibliography: Selzer, PM, Marhover, RJ and Koch, O. 2018, Applied Bioinformatics, Germany, Springer International Publishing	6%
5			1. Protein Data Bank 2. SCOP 3. CATH 4. PubChem	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Discussion, Guided discovery		Material: Practice of using databases References: Taguchi, 2020, Unsupervised Feature Extraction Applied to Bioinformatics: A PCA Based and TD Based Approach, Tokyo, Springer	5%

6	Understand sequence comparison and sequence-based database searching	1. Know pairwise and multiple sequence comparisons 2. Search for nucleotide and protein sequences from databases 3. Understand the use of software for sequence analysis	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Discussion , Guided discovery	Material: Practice of using databases References: Taguchi, 2020, Unsupervised Feature Extraction Applied to Bioinformatics: A PCA Based and TD Based Approach, Tokyo, Springer	5%
7	Understand how eukaryotic genomes are broken down	1. Understand how to sequence a whole genome 2. Be able to perform characterization using STS and EST sequences 3. Implement an EST project 4. Identify unknown genes 5. Find splice variants	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Discussion	Material: BLAST Practice Bibliography: Pervsner, J., 2015. , Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics, third edition, USA, Willey Blackwel.	5%
8	UTS		Form of Assessment : Test			10%
9	Understanding the genetic causes of individual diversity	1. Knowing Pharmacogenetics 2. Personalized medicine and biomarkers 3. Next-generation Sequencing (NGS) 4. Proteogenomics	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion	Material: Pharmacogenomics and Precision Medicine Bibliography: Selzer, PM, Marhover, RJ and Koch, O. 2018, Applied Bioinformatics, Germany, Springer International Publishing	5%
10	Understanding rational drug design based on drug structure and protein structure	1. Explain the structure of proteins 2. Explain transmembrane proteins 3. Analyze protein structures with Alphafold (AI) 4. Design drug designs based on structure	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Discussion	Material: rational drug design Bibliography: Selzer, PM, Marhover, RJ and Koch, O. 2018, Applied Bioinformatics, Germany, Springer International Publishing	5%
11	Understand functional genomic analysis		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Discussion, guided discovery	Material: Multiomic analysis References: Bedel, J. Korf, I, and Yandell, M, BLAST, USA, OReilly	5%
12		1. Explain genomic sequencing 2. Explain drug research from the perspective of target proteins 3. Explain comparative genomic analysis related to organisms 4. Carry out comparative analysis of metabolites	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Discussion, Guided discovery	Material: comparative genomic analysis References: Pervsner, J., 2015. , Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics, third edition, USA, Willey Blackwel.	5%
13	Analyze genomics with database- linked demonstrations	Carry out database-related demonstrations according to the topic at meetings 1-4	Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Guided discussion and discovery	Material: demonstration Bibliography: Selzer, PM, Marhover, RJ and Koch, O. 2018, Applied Bioinformatics, Germany, Springer International Publishing	8%
14	Analyzing transcriptomics and proteomics with demonstrations related to protein databases	Carry out a demonstration of the protein database according to meeting material 5-7	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Guided Discussion and Discovery	Material: demonstration Bibliography: Selzer, PM, Marhover, RJ and Koch, O. 2018, Applied Bioinformatics, Germany, Springer International Publishing	8%

15	Perform a demonstration of multiomics analysis	Carry out demonstrations related to multiomics analysis according to the material provided at meetings 9-12	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Material: demonstration References: Taguchi, 2020, Unsupervised Feature Extraction Applied to Bioinformatics: A PCA Based and TD Based Approach, Tokyo, Springer	8%
16	UAS				10%
			Form of Assessment : Test		

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	66.67%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	2.67%
3.	Practice / Performance	10.67%
4.	Test	20%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program
 graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program
 obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.