

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business Islamic Economics Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

				S	SEM	ES	STE	ER L	_E/	\RI	VIIV	1G	PI	_AN	J					
Courses			CC	CODE			Cou	Course Family			Credit Weight			SEN	IESTER		ompilation ate			
Introduction to Macroeconomic Theory			602	6020203043							T=3	P=0	ECT	S=4.77		1	Ju	ıly 18, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION			SP	SP Developer				,		Course Cluster Coordinator				Study Program Coordinator						
																	Dr	. Ahmad S.Pd.		o Ridlwan, SEI.
Learning model	I	Case Studies																		
Program		PLO study prog	grar	n that	is cha	rgeo	d to t	he co	urse											
Outcom (PLO)		Program Objec	tive	s (PO)															
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix																		
					P.O															
		DO Matrix at th	0.01	ad of c	aach la	arni	ina c	tago (Cub	DO)										
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																		
			ſ	P.O	.O Week															
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
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Short Course Sector, which economic bat to simulate the economic sector.			lude e, th	es mate ree-se s of bo	erial abo ctor eco oth gove	out onomernm	consunic basent, o	ımer b lance, consur	ehav open ners	ior, pro econd and p	oduce omic rodu	er b bala cers	ehavi ance. in ta	or, go The le aking	vernm arninç and a	ent prion	ce de d use	terminati d is simu	ion, ulatio	two-sector on by trying
Referen	ces	Main :																		
		1. Karel. E c 2. Mankiw, 3. Sukirno, 2000.Ekc	Gre Sa	gory. 1 dono.	994.Ma 2000.M	croE akro	Econo Eko	mics. I nomi	New \	ork: V rn. Ja	Vorth karta	n Pul a: F	blishe Rajagr	rs. afindo	Pers	ada. 4				soPrayitno.
		Supporters:																		
Support lecturer		Hendry Cahyono, Rachma Indrarini																		
Week-	eac		l abilities of learning			Evaluation					Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]						ssessment Veight (%)			
	(Su	(Sub-PO)		Indic	ator	(Criter	ria & F	orm		line line		C	nline	(onli	ne)]		
(1)		(2)		(3	3)			(4)			(5)				(6)			(7)		(8)

			T	I	
1	Describe macroeconomic concepts	1 Able to explain macroeconomic variables 2 Able to explain macroeconomic models 3 Able to explain methodology 4 Able to explain a summary of JM Keynes theory 5 Able to explain the difference between macroeconomics and microeconomics	lectures and reading literature 3 X 50		0%
2	Be able to describe the concept of national income.	1. Able to explain the meaning of national income 2. Able to explain the benefits and nature of national income 3. Able to know the components / elements of national income 4. Able to make and understand a flow chart of national income / production 5. Able to calculate national income / production 6. Able to analyze income Indonesian national	lectures and reading literature 3 X 50		0%
3					0%
4	Describe consumption and savings	1. Able to explain factors that influence consumption 2. Able to explain consumption and savings schedules, APC, MPC, APS, MPS. 3. Able to explain the relationship between C and S. 4. Able to analyze consumption theory. 5. Able to explain the C function and S function. 6. Able to draw and analyze graphs/curves of the C function.	Lectures, reading literature, assignments 3 X 50		0%
5					0%
6	Describe investments	1. Can explain the type of investment and factors that influence investment 2. Can analyze the approach to determining investment 3. Can explain the function of investment 4. Can explain Marginal Efficiency of Capital (MEC)	Lectures, reading literature, assignments 3 X 50		0%

7	Analyze job opportunities	1 Explain the factors that determine employment opportunities 2 Analyze primary and secondary employment opportunities 3 Explain the occurrence of Full Employment	Lectures, reading literature 3 X 50		0%
8	UTS		3 X 50		0%
9	Ability to describe foreign trade.	Explain the reasons and benefits of foreign trade.2. Conclude the NPI deficit/surplus and its causes.	3 X 50		0%
10	Ability to understand equilibrium GNP in an open economy.	1. Calculate the balance GNP, and the balance trade balance. 2. Interpret the equilibrium GNP curve.	3 X 50		0%
11	Ability to describe multiplier and acceleration.	Types of multipliers 2. Calculation of multiplier numbers 3. Accelerate 4. Leverage effect	3 X 50		0%
12	Ability to understand inflation and deflation	Explain inflation and deflation. 2. Calculating inflation and deflation	3 X 50		0%
13					0%
14					0%
15					0%
16					0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

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	No	Evaluation	Percentage								
			0%								

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
 which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special
 skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. **Assessment Criteria** are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. **Learning Methods:** Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent

methods.

- 10. **Learning materials** are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.