

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business Bachelor of Accounting Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE		Course Fami		ily	Credit Weight		SEI	MESTER	Compilation Date		
Financial Management II			6220103057				T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.7	7	3	July 17, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer				Course Cluster Coordinator					Study Program Coordinator		
												Dr. Rohmawati Kusumaningtias, S.E., Ak., MSA.		
Learning model		Case Studies												
Program		PLO study program that is charged to the course												
Learning		Program Objectives (PO)												
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix												
	P.O													
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)													
	P.O Week													
				1	2 3 4	56	6 7	8	9	10	11 12	13	14	15 16
										-				
Course Description institutions. Next, we overs, leveraged buy			compa ks. Th t, we a d buy	inuation of financial management. This course focuses more on development, namely analyzing long- bany capital costs and capital budgeting for investment assessment. Risk analysis focuses on business hen the discussion deepens into transaction mechanisms in the capital market and the role of related analyze dividend policy and issues related to corporate actions such as mergers, acquisitions, take or outs. Leasing or financing decisions are also provided to provide alternative purchasing decisions. It cooperatively and in field studies.										
References		Main :												
	 Ross, Stephen A., et.al. Fundamentals of Corporate Finance . Mc-Graw Hill. JamesC Van Horne and John M. Wachowicz, Fundamentalsof Financial Management and PH Finance Center C 2008, 13th Edition, Prentice Hall, Inc USA ArthurJ Keown, John D Martin, J William Petty & David F Scot, 2005, FinancialManagement, principles a application , 10th edition, PrenticeHall, USA 													
		Supporters:												
Supporting lecturer Ambar Kusumaningsih Rediyanto Putra, S.E.,				h, S.E., Ak., CA., M.A.										
Week- eac		inal abilities of ach learning tage Sub-PO) Ir		Evaluation			Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]					m	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)
				dicator	Criteria & F	Form	Offlin offlin		0	nline	(online)	Rei]	
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)		(5)		(6)		(7)	(8)

1	Students are able to analyze cash management and short-term financing	Able to understand cash management and short-term financing	Criteria: Total score 100	Cooperative learning 6 X 50		0%
3	Calculating, compiling, analyzing and formulating receivables management	- Able to understand receivables policy - Able to understand credit policy	Criteria: Score in LKM	Cooperative learning 3 X 50		0%
4	Calculating, compiling, analyzing and formulating inventory management	Able to understand and analyze inventory management	Criteria: Score on LKM	Cooperative learning 3 X 50		0%
5	Calculating, compiling, analyzing and formulating long- term financing management.	Able to understand and analyze long-term financing management	Criteria: Maximum score 100	Cooperative learning 6 X 50		0%
7	Calculating, compiling, analyzing and formulating capital structure	piling, understand yzing and able to ulating capital understand		Cooperative learning 3 X 50		0%
8	MIDTERM EXAM			1 X 1		0%
9	Able to understand dividend policy	able to understand dividend policy able to analyze the company's dividend policy	Criteria: Maximum score 100	Cooperative learning 3 X 50		0%
10	Able to calculate and analyze investment decisions using project cash flow determination techniques	- Measuring project cash flows at the beginning, middle and end of the investment period Calculate additional cash flow after tax	Criteria: Scoring	Cooperative learning 3 X 50		0%
11	Able to analyze investment decisions using capital budgeting techniques	Determine whether a project should be accepted or rejected using the payback period, net present value, profitability index, and internal rate of return, MIRR methods	Criteria: total score 100	Cooperative learning 6 X 50		0%
12	Able to analyze investment decisions using capital budgeting techniques	Determine whether a project should be accepted or rejected using the payback period, net present value, profitability index, and internal rate of return, MIRR methods	Criteria: total score 100	Cooperative learning 6 X 50		0%
13	Understand special topics in financial management, namely international finance	Understand international finance	Criteria: total score 100	Cooperative learning 6 X 50		0%
14	Understand special topics in financial management, namely international finance	Understand international finance	Criteria: total score 100	Cooperative learning 6 X 50		0%

15	Understand special topics in financial management, namely decision making by top management	- Able to understand the concepts of mergers, acquisitions, restructuring & reorganization, financial distress, bankruptcy and liquidation Able to provide examples of companies that carry out the concepts of merger, acquisition, restructuring & reorganization, financial distress, bankruptcy and liquidation.	Criteria: total score 100	Cooperative learning 3 X 50			0%
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Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study No Evaluation Percentage

0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.