

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Postgraduate School, Vocational Education Doctoral Study Program

Document Code

UNES	Ā	Voodtional Education Bootoral Otady i Togram										
				SEM	MESTER	R LEA	RNING	PLA	AN.			
Courses	i		(	CODE		Course F	amily	Cred	dit We	ight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Learning Theory			;	830010322	5			T=3	P=0	ECTS=7.56	1	July 17, 2024
AUTHORIZATION		:	SP Developer			Course Cluster Coordinator			Study Program Coordinator			
											Dr. Ratna Suhartini, M.Si.	
Learning model	3	Case Studies										
Program Learning		PLO study pro	gram w	vhich is ch	arged to the	course						
Outcom (PLO)		Program Object		PO)								
(1 20)		PLO-PO Matrix	(									
			P.O									
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)										
			P.0	0	1 1	1 1		Week				
				1   1	2 3 4	5 6	7 8	9	10	11   12	13   14   1	15 16
Short Course Description Examining and analyzing theory, cognitive learning concept learning, discover theory. The material is pre-			g theory, ir ery learning	iformation pro g Jerome Bru	ičessing sy ner, meani	stems, learn ngful learning	ing dec g David	larativ	e knowledge	and procedur	al knowledge,	
Referen	ces	Main:										
		<ol> <li>Arends, Richard I. 2007. Learning to Teach (Seventh Edition). New York: McGraw-Hill Companies.</li> <li>Dahar, R.W. 1996. Teori-teori Belajar. Jakarta: Erlangga.</li> <li>Hergenhahn, B.R. And. Olson, Matthew. 2008. Theories of Learning (Seventh Edition). New York: Prentice Hall.</li> <li>Hill, Winfred. F. 1990. Theories of Learning. New York: Harper Collins Publishers.</li> </ol>							Hall.			
		Supporters:										
Supporting   Prof. Dr. Ismet Basu   Dr. Meini Sondang S   Prof. Dr. Joko, M.Pd   Dr. Ir. Achmad Iman		ng Sumb I.Pd., M.	oawati, M.Po T.	d.								
Week-	eac	nal abilities of ach learning age		Evaluation			Student Assignments, ma		Learning materials [ References	Assessment		
	(Su	b-PO)	Inc	dicator	Criteria &	& Form	Offline ( offline )	0	nline	( online )	]	,,,
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)		(5)			(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Able to understand the concepts and definitions of Learning Theories	1.Describe the definition of learning. 2.Identify forms of learning 3.Describe learning theories before the 20th century, 20th century learning theories	Criteria:  1.The assessment criteria are carried out by looking at aspects:  2.Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) UTS: carried out with assessments during the middle of the semester (weight 2) UAS: carried out every semester to measure all indicators (weight 3) Assignments: carried out on	Presentation, discussion and reflection. 3 X 50		0%
2	Able to understand Behavioral Learning Theory	1.Describe the Evolution of behavioral learning theory 2.Identify the principles of behavioral learning 3.Describe social learning theory 4.Analyze the strengths and weaknesses of behavioral learning theories.	each indicator (weight 3)  Criteria:  1. The assessment criteria are carried out by looking at aspects:  2.1. Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2)  3.2. UTS: carried out with an assessment during the middle of the semester (weight 2)  4.3. UAS: carried out every semester to measure all indicators (weight 3)  5.4. Task: carried out on each indicator (weight 3)	Cooperative learning model. Expert group presentation and class discussion. Describe 3 X 50		0%
3	Able to understand Behavioral Learning Theory	1.Describe the Evolution of behavioral learning theory 2.Identify the principles of behavioral learning 3.Describe social learning theory 4.Analyze the strengths and weaknesses of behavioral learning theories.	Criteria:  1. The assessment criteria are carried out by looking at aspects:  2.1. Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2)  3.2. UTS: carried out with an assessment during the middle of the semester (weight 2)  4.3. UAS: carried out every semester to measure all indicators (weight 3)  5.4. Task: carried out on each indicator (weight 3)	Cooperative learning model. Expert group presentation and class discussion. Describe 3 X 50		0%

4	Understanding Cognitive Learning Theory	1.Explain Gestalt theory	Criteria: 1.The assessment	Cooperative learning		0%
		2.Explains Jean Piaget's concept of intellectual development 3.Explaining Edward Chace Tolman's theory 4.Albert Bandura's Social Cognitive Theory	criteria are carried out by looking at aspects:  2.Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) UTS: carried out with assessments during the middle of the semester (weight 2) UAS: carried out every semester to measure all indicators (weight 3) Assignments: carried out on each indicator (weight 3)	model. Expert group discussions and class discussions. 3 X 50		
5	Understanding Cognitive Learning Theory	1.Explain Gestalt theory 2.Explains Jean Piaget's concept of intellectual development 3.Explaining Edward Chace Tolman's theory 4.Albert Bandura's Social Cognitive Theory	Criteria:  1. The assessment criteria are carried out by looking at aspects:  2. Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) UTS: carried out with assessments during the middle of the semester (weight 2) UAS: carried out every semester to measure all indicators (weight 3) Assignments: carried out on each indicator (weight 3)	Cooperative learning model. Expert group discussions and class discussions. 3 X 50		0%
6	Understanding Cognitive Learning Theory	1.Explain Gestalt theory 2.Explains Jean Piaget's concept of intellectual development 3.Explaining Edward Chace Tolman's theory 4.Albert Bandura's Social Cognitive Theory	Criteria:  1. The assessment criteria are carried out by looking at aspects:  2. Participation: carried out by observing student activities (weight 2) UTS: carried out with assessments during the middle of the semester (weight 2) UAS: carried out every semester to measure all indicators (weight 3) Assignments: carried out on each indicator (weight 3)	Cooperative learning model. Expert group discussions and class discussions. 3 X 50		0%
7						0%
8						0%
9						0%
10						0%

11				0%
12				0%
13				0%
14				0%
15				0%
16				0%

**Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study** 

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No	Evaluation	Percentage	
		0%	

## **Notes**

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
  Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of
  their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
  are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
  knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. **Assessment Criteria** are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.