Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Sports and Health Sciences Sports Science Doctoral Study Program

SEMESTER I FARNING PLAN

Courses		CODE Course Family Credit Weight		ight	SEM	IESTER	Con	npilatior								
Philosophy o	of Sports Scien	nce	8900102057	,						T=2	P=0	ECTS=5.04	1	1		1, 2023
AUTHORIZATION			SP Develop	er					Cour	se Clu	ıster	Coordinator		ly Progi rdinatoi		
			Dr. Made Pr. H. Toho Cho						Dr. M M.Hu		ramoi	no, S.S.,	Pro		jus Ha Kes.	ariyanto,
Learning model	Case Studies	s														
Program	PLO study	progi	ram which is	cha	argeo	to the	cours	se								
Learning Outcomes	Program Ok	ojecti	ives (PO)													
(PLO)	PO - 1															
	PLO-PO Ma	trix														
			P.O PO-1													
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)															
			P.O	1	2	3 4	5	6	7	8	Neek		2 13	3 14	15	16
		P	O-1	1		3 4	<u> </u>	0	,	0	<u> </u>		2 10	7 14	13	10
Short Course Description	Explanation of three dimensi	of the	implementation	on o	f spo axiolo	rts philos gy and ep	ophy oistem	as a	ı basi y.	s and	subje	ect for analys	sis of v	arious s	ports	issues i
References	Main :															
	2. H aa (Meta 3. Edga 10.10 4. Morg USA: 5. Hard Scho	g, H. a-The ar, Ai 080/1 jan, W Hum man, blars F	Made. 2015. F 1994. Theoret fory) of Sport S ndrew. 2014. 7511321.2013 Villiam J. dan N nan Kinetics. Alun dan Jon Publishing, Lor	tical Scien Spo .761 Meie nes,	Founnee : Sort a :882. er, Kla Carw	dation of Schourdo and Phil use V. (e yn (eds.)	Sport rf, Ve osopl d.). 1	t Sci rlaaç ny. d 995. 0, Pl	ence a Karl alam Philo	as a S Hoffm Spor sophic	Scienti ann. I t, Etl c Inqu	ific Discipline Federal Reponics and Policy in Sport .	e: Conti ublic of hilosop Secon nal Pe	Germar hy, 7:1 d Editio	y. 10-2 n . Ch es , C	29, DOI ampaigr ambridg

Supporters:	
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Supporting lecturer Prof. Drs. H. Toho Cholik Mutohir, M.A., Ph.D. Dr. Made Pramono, S.S., M.Hum.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evaluation		Lea Stud	lelp Learning, ırning methods, ent Assignments, Estimated time]	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (<i>online</i>)	1	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Able to identify sports terms based on analysis of their origins	1.Explain some of the meanings of sport 2.Shows the roots of genesis (analysis of origins) of the term sport 3. Appreciating the body as a prerequisite for exercise	Criteria: Full marks (10%) are obtained if you answer as completely as possible from at least two references Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2 X 50	Analyze and discuss themes		5%
2	Able to identify sports terms based on analysis of their origins	1.Explain some of the meanings of sport 2.Shows the roots of genesis (analysis of origins) of the term sport 3. Appreciating the body as a prerequisite for exercise	Criteria: Full marks (10%) are obtained if you answer as completely as possible from at least two references Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2 X 50	Analyze and discuss themes		5%
3	Able to map the field of sports philosophy studies	1.Explain the tasks of philosophy in the context of science 2.Identify the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy, and sports science philosophy	Criteria: Full marks are obtained (15%) if done correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 3 X 50	Read various writings about the tasks of philosophy in the context of science Reflect on the tasks of philosophy as the subject of analysis of scientific issues Make schematic notes on the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy and philosophy of sports science Discuss certain sports science topics using philosophical analysis		5%

4	Able to map the field of sports philosophy studies	1.Explain the tasks of philosophy in the context of science 2.Identify the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy, and sports science philosophy	Criteria: Full marks are obtained (15%) if done correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 3 X 50	Read various writings about the tasks of philosophy in the context of science Reflect on the tasks of philosophy as the subject of analysis of scientific issues Make schematic notes on the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy and philosophy of sports science Discuss certain sports science topics using philosophical analysis	5%
5	Able to map the field of sports philosophy studies	1.Explain the tasks of philosophy in the context of science 2.Identify the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy, and sports science philosophy	Criteria: Full marks are obtained (15%) if done correctly and on time Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 3 X 50	Read various writings about the tasks of philosophy in the context of science Reflect on the tasks of philosophy as the subject of analysis of scientific issues Make schematic notes on the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy and philosophy of sports science Discuss certain sports science topics using philosophical analysis	5%
6			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment		Read and discuss various documents about the meaning of ontology, ontology of science which leads to ontology of sport and ontology of sports science Read and discuss various documents about sport as being, field of study, and reconstructive-ontological openness as parts of the ontological approach to sports science Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an ontological approach	5%
7			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment		Read and discuss various documents about the meaning of ontology, ontology of science which leads to ontology of sport and ontology of sports science Read and discuss various documents about sport as being, field of study, and reconstructive-ontological openness as parts of the ontological approach to sports science Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an ontological approach	5%

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8		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment		Read and discuss various documents about the meaning of ontology, ontology of science which leads to ontology of sport and ontology of sports science Read and discuss various documents about sport as being, field of study, and reconstructive-ontological openness as parts of the ontological approach to sports science Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an ontological approach		5%
9		Form of Assessment : Portfolio Assessment	UTS	UTS		15%
10		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	1. Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2. Group discussion	Read and discuss various documents about the meaning and types of epistemology, the epistemology of science which leads to sports epistemology and the epistemology of sports science. □ Read and discuss various documents about the interdisciplinarity of sports science, the Haag model body of sports science, the Haag model body of sports science matrix, and work systems methodological inventive-exploratory epistemology as parts of an epistemological approach to sports science □ Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an epistemological approach		5%
11		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	1. Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2. Group discussion	Read and discuss various documents about the meaning and types of epistemology, the epistemology of science which leads to sports epistemology and the epistemology of sports science. □ Read and discuss various documents about the interdisciplinarity of sports science, the Haag model body of sports science, the Haag model body of sports science matrix, and work systems methodological inventive-exploratory epistemology as parts of an epistemological approach to sports science □ Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an epistemological approach ■ Read and discuss Problem and the sports science problem using an epistemological approach ■ Read and discuss Problem and the sports science problem using an epistemological approach		5%

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12	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	1. Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2. Group discussion	Read and discuss various documents about the meaning and types of epistemology, the epistemology of science which leads to sports epistemology and the epistemology of sports science . □ Read and discuss various documents about the interdisciplinarity of sports science, the Haag model body of sports science, the sports science, the sports science matrix, and work systems methodological inventive-exploratory epistemology as parts of an epistemological approach to sports science □ Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an epistemological approach		5%
13	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	1. Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2. Group discussion	Read and discuss various documents about the meaning and types of epistemology, the epistemology of science which leads to sports epistemology and the epistemology of sports science . □ Read and discuss various documents about the interdisciplinarity of sports science, the Haag model body of sports science, the sports science matrix, and work systems methodological inventive-exploratory epistemology as parts of an epistemological approach to sports science □ Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an epistemological approach		5%

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14			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	1. Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2. Group discussion	Read and discuss various documents about the meaning and types of epistemology, the epistemology of science which leads to sports epistemology and the epistemology of sports science. □ Read and discuss various documents about the interdisciplinarity of sports science, the Haag model body of sports science, the sports science matrix, and work systems methodological inventive-exploratory epistemology as parts of an epistemological approach to sports science □ Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an epistemological approach		5%
15			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment		Read and discuss various documents regarding the meaning of axiology, scientific axiology which leads to sports axiology and sports science axiology. □ Read and discuss various data on the issue of theory-practice transfer in Sports Science □ Read and discuss various data on value studies in sports. □ Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an axiological approach		5%
16			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment		Read and discuss various documents regarding the meaning of axiology, scientific axiology which leads to sports axiology and sports science axiology. □ Read and discuss various data on the issue of theory-practice transfer in Sports Science □ Read and discuss various data on value studies in sports □ Practice analyzing a sports (science) problem using an axiological approach		15%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

Evaluation Coolitago Rocapi Gaso G								
No	Evaluation	Percentage						
1.	Participatory Activities	45%						
2.	Portfolio Assessment	55%						
		100%						

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or
 observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of
 the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. **Assessment Criteria** are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.