

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Science Education Doctoral Study Program

Document Code

| Courses                        |                            | CODE   |  | Co       | urse  | Fam   | ily   |       | Cred   | lit We   | eight     |        | SE          | EMES             | TER    | Con    | npilatio            |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-----------|--------|-------------|------------------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| ANALYSIS O<br>JOURNAL AF       |                            | 840010303  | 35   |          | mpuls |       |       |       | T=3    | P=0      | EC1       | ΓS=7.5 | 1 June 2022 |                  |        |        |                     |
| AUTHORIZA                      | TION                       | SP Develo  | per  | •        |       |       | Co    | ourse | Clus   | ter C    | oord      | inator | St          | udy P            | rogra  | m Co   | ordinato            |
|                                |                            | Prof. Dr. B  | udi Jatmik   | o, M.Pd  | l.    |       | Pr    | of. D | r. Bud | li Jatr  | niko, I   | M.Pd.  |             | Prof.            | Dr. Sı | ıyatno | , M.Si.             |
| Learning<br>model              | Project Base               | d Learning   | Learning   |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
| Program                        | PLO study p                | rogram that is o   | harged to  | o the c  | ours  | e     |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
| Learning<br>Outcomes<br>(PLO)  | PLO-8                      | D-8  2. Able to prepare scientific arguments and solutions based on a critical view of facts, concepts, principles or theories that can be justified scientifically and academically, and communicate them through scientific publications in reputable international journals   |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | Program Objectives (PO)    |  |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | PO - 1                     |  | Have an honest and independent attitude by applying science education research ideas in proposing innovations in the field of science education. |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | PO - 2                     |  | Utilizing technology, information and communication to achieve competency in having insight into the development of science education research   |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | PO - 3                     | Have knowledge and insight into the latest science education research articles, issues and trends, including: the direction of development of science education research, the latest science education research products, analysis of the impact of science education research results on the development of science education |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | PO - 4                     | Analyze articles and make decisions regarding the results of science education research to develop a framework for thinking related to the dissertation  |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | PLO-PO Mat                 | rix  |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            |  |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            | P.O  |  | PLO-8    |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            | PO-1   |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            | PO-2   |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            | PO-3   |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            | PO-4   |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | DO Matrix of               | the and of each  | loorning   | otogo    | /Cl   | h DC  | .,    |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                | PO Matrix at               | rue end of each  | i leai IIIII g   | stage    | (Sul  | J-PC  | ')    |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            |  |  |          |       |       |       |       |        |          |           |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            | P.O  |  |          |       |       |       |       |        | Wee      | k         |        |             |                  |        |        |                     |
|                                |                            |  | 1 2  | 2 3      | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8      | Wee      | k<br>10   | 11     | 12          | 13               | 14     | 15     | 16                  |
|                                |                            |  | 1 2  | 2 3      | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8      |          | 1         | 11     | 12          | 13               | 14     | 15     | 16                  |
|                                |                            | P.O  | 1 2  | 2 3      | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8      |          | 1         | 11     | 12          | 13               | 14     | 15     | 16                  |
|                                |                            | P.O  | 1 2  | 2 3      | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8      |          | 1         | 11     | 12          | 13               | 14     | 15     | 16                  |
|                                |                            | P.O<br>PO-1<br>PO-2  | 1 2  | 2 3      | 4     | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8      |          | 1         | 11     | 12          | 13               | 14     | 15     | 16                  |
| Short<br>Course<br>Description | contained in develops a fr | P.O<br>PO-1<br>PO-2<br>PO-3  | my of artic  | les to a | nalyz | e iss | ues a | and t | rends  | 9 in the | 10 e deve | elopme | ent of      | science<br>lem b | ce edu | cation | researd<br>bed, the |

- 1. Creswell, J.W. (2014). Research Design. Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods Approaches. 4th Ed. New York: Sage

- Mack, CA (2018). How to Write a Good Scientific Paper. USA: Spie Press
   Napitupulu, dkk (2020). Menulis Artikel Ilmiah untuk Publikasi. Medan: Yayasan Kita Menulis
   Sugiyono (2015). Metode Penelitian Pendidikan. Pendekatan Kuantitatif, Kualitatif dan R &D. Cetakan ke-22.
- 5. Yin, R.K. (2016). Qualitative Reasearch from Strat to Finish. 2nd Ed. New York: Guilford Press.6. Artikel bidang Pendidikan Sains di dalam Jurnal nasional terakreditasi dan atau jurnal internasional bereputasi yang dipubikasi dalam 5 (lima) tahun terakhir

Supporters:

Supporting

MUSLIMIN IBRAHIM Prof. Dr. Budi Jatmiko, M.Pd.

| lecturer | Final abilities of  | Help Learning, s of Evaluation Learning methods, Student Assignments,   |  | ning methods,  | Learning   |  |                          |
|----------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| Week-    | each learning<br>stage<br>(Sub-PO)  | Indicator   | Criteria & Form  |  | Online ( online )                                      | materials<br>[ References<br>]   | Assessment<br>Weight (%) |
| (1)      | (2)   | (3)   | (4)  | (5)  | (6)  | (7)  | (8)                      |
| 1        | Understand the<br>anatomy of an<br>article and its<br>function  | Accuracy in identifying the main parts of an article and their functions  | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Article atoms and their functions References: Mack, CA (2018). How to Write a Good Scientific Paper. USA: Spie Press   | 5%                       |
| 2        | Understand the<br>anatomy of an<br>article and its<br>function  | Accuracy in identifying the main parts of an article and their functions  | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Article atoms and their functions References: Napitupulu, et al (2020). Writing Scientific Articles for Publication. Medan: Kita Write Foundation  | 5%                       |
| 3        | Understand issues and trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Accuracy in describing issues in the development of science education research as well as trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Introduction to Scientific Articles Bibliography:  Material: Issues and trends in the development of science education research Library: Articles in the field of Science Education in accredited national journals and/or reputable international journals published in the last 5 (five) years | 8%                       |

| 4 | Understand issues and trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Accuracy in describing issues in the development of science education research as well as trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Issues and trends in the development of science education research Library: Articles in the field of Science Education in accredited national journals and/or reputable international journals published in the last 5 (five) years | 8% |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|----|
| 5 | Understand issues and trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Accuracy in describing issues in the development of science education research as well as trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment  | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Issues and trends in the development of science education research Library: Articles in the field of Science Education in accredited national journals and/or reputable international journals published in the last 5 (five) years | 8% |
| 6 | Understand issues and trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Accuracy in describing issues in the development of science education research as well as trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment  | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Issues and trends in the development of science education research Library: Articles in the field of Science Education in accredited national journals and/or reputable international journals published in the last 5 (five) years | 8% |

| 7  | Understand issues and trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles | Accuracy in describing issues in the development of science education research as well as trends in the development of science education research based on the results of analysis of the latest articles   | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes   | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes  | Material: Issues and trends in the development of science education research Library: Articles in the field of Science Education in accredited national journals and/or reputable international journals published in the last 5 (five) years | 8% |
|----|---|---|--|--|---|---|----|
| 8  | Mid-semester<br>exam (Final skills<br>TM-1 to TM-7)   | TM-1<br>indicators up<br>to TM-7<br>indicators  | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Writing Test<br>in the form of<br>a description<br>(essay) or<br>giving a<br>replacement<br>assignment<br>for UTS<br>2 x 50<br>minutes | Writing Test in the form<br>of a description (essay)<br>or giving a replacement<br>assignment for UTS<br>2x50 minutes | Material:<br>Learning<br>topics from<br>TM-1 to TM-7<br>Library:  | 5% |
| 9  | Skilled in<br>developing a<br>research thinking<br>framework based<br>on the results of<br>article analysis                           | Accuracy in developing a dissertation research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis and compiling theoretical arguments related to hypotheses and/or hypothetical product prototypes | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes   | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes  | Material: Development of research thinking framework and theoretical arguments Reference: Sugiyono (2015). Educational Research Methods. Quantitative, Qualitative and R&D Approaches. 22nd printing. Bandung: Alphabeta.                     | 5% |
| 10 | Skilled in developing a research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis  | Accuracy in developing a dissertation research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis and compiling theoretical arguments related to hypotheses and/or hypothetical product prototypes | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes   | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes  | Material: Development of research thinking framework and theoretical arguments References: Creswell, JW (2014). Research Design. Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods Approaches. 4th Ed. New York: Sage                               | 5% |

| 11 | Skilled in<br>developing a<br>research thinking<br>framework based<br>on the results of<br>article analysis | Accuracy in developing a dissertation research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis and compiling theoretical arguments related to hypotheses and/or hypothetical product prototypes | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Development of research thinking framework and theoretical arguments Reference: Napitupulu, et al (2020). Writing Scientific Articles for Publication. Medan: Kita Write Foundation                             | 5% |
|----|---|---|---|--|--|---|----|
| 12 | Skilled in<br>developing a<br>research thinking<br>framework based<br>on the results of<br>article analysis | Accuracy in developing a dissertation research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis and compiling theoretical arguments related to hypotheses and/or hypothetical product prototypes | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment  | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Development of research thinking framework and theoretical arguments References: Mack, CA (2018). How to Write a Good Scientific Paper. USA: Spie Press   | 5% |
| 13 | Skilled in developing a research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis                | Accuracy in developing a dissertation research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis and compiling theoretical arguments related to hypotheses and/or hypothetical product prototypes | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment  | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Development of research thinking framework and theoretical arguments Reference: Sugiyono (2015). Educational Research Methods. Quantitative, Qualitative and R&D Approaches. 22nd printing. Bandung: Alphabeta. | 5% |
| 14 | Skilled in<br>developing a<br>research thinking<br>framework based<br>on the results of<br>article analysis | Accuracy in developing a dissertation research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis and compiling theoretical arguments related to hypotheses and/or hypothetical product prototypes | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment  | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes | Material: Development of research thinking framework and theoretical arguments References: Yin, RK (2016). Qualitative Research from Strat to Finish. 2nd Ed. New York: Guilford Press.                                   | 5% |

| 15 | Skilled in developing a research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis | Accuracy in developing a dissertation research thinking framework based on the results of article analysis and compiling theoretical arguments related to hypotheses and/or hypothetical product prototypes | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Presentation,<br>discussion<br>and PjBL<br>3 x 50<br>minutes   | Presentation,<br>discussion and PjBL<br>3 x 50 minutes  | Material: Development of research thinking framework and theoretical arguments Reference: Sugiyono (2015). Educational Research Methods. Quantitative, Qualitative and R&D Approaches. 22nd printing. Bandung: Alphabeta. | 10% |
|----|--|---|--|--|---|---|-----|
| 16 | Final Capabilities<br>from TM-9 to TM-<br>15   | TM-9<br>indicators up<br>to TM-15<br>indicators   | Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | Written test<br>in the form of<br>a description<br>(essay) or<br>giving a<br>replacement<br>assignment<br>for UAS<br>2 x 50<br>minutes | Written test in the form of a description (essay) or giving a replacement assignment for UAS 2 x 50 minutes | Material:<br>Learning<br>topics from<br>TM-9 to TM-<br>15<br>Library:   | 5%  |

**Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning** 

| No | Evaluation                                      | Percentage |
|----|---|------------|
| 1. | Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment | 100%       |
|    |   | 100%       |

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
  which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special
  skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or
  observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the
  course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. **Assessment Criteria** are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- ${\bf 12.\ TM}\hbox{-}{\sf Face\ to\ face,\ PT}\hbox{-}{\sf Structured\ assignments,\ BM}\hbox{-}{\sf Independent\ study}.}$