

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Vocational Studies D4 Public Administration Study Program

Document Code

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			SEM	ESTER LEA	ARNING F	PLAN					
Courses		CODE	Co	ourse Family	Credit Weight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date				
COMMUNICATION			99996340102	031		T=2 P=0 ECTS=3.18	1	July 17, 2024			
AUTHORIZATION			SP Develope	r	Course Cluster Coordinator		Study Program Coordinator				
								Dr. Weni Rosdiana, S.Sos., M.AP.			
Learning model	3	Case Studies									
Program Learning Outcomes		PLO study program that is charged to the course									
		Program Objectives (PO)									
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix									
		P.O									
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)									
			P.O 1 2	3 4 5 6		eek 9 10 11 12 :	13 14 1	15 16			
Short Course Description  This Public Communication course examines the scope of public communication, characteristics of human communicaters, profession of communication, perception, verbal and non-verbal communication, and rhetoric. This course uses a student center learning strategy which requires student activity in the learning process.											
Referen	ces	Main:									
		<ol> <li>Rakhmat, Jalaluddin. 2015. Psikologi Komunikasi. Bandung: Rosda Karya</li> <li>De Vito. 2007. Interpersonal Communication. New York: Sage Publication</li> <li>Littlejohn, Stephen W. 2015. Human Communications. New York: Sage Publication</li> <li>Clow, Kenneth E. 2008. Integrated Advertising, Promotion, and Marketing Communication. New Jersey: Prentice Hall</li> <li>Zarefsky, David. 2012. Public Speaking. UNited States: Pearson</li> </ol>									
		Supporters:									
Support lecturer		Dr. Danang Tand	yonomanu, S.Sos., M.	Si.							
Week- ea			Eval	Evaluation		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Assessment Weight (%)			
	(Su	b-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( offline )	Online ( online )	1				
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
basic concepts of public communication ab ex		able to explain the definition of communication 2. able to provide examples of communication events in everyday life		lecture, discussion 3 X 50			0%				

2	understand the function and purpose of communication	1. be able to provide examples of each communication function in the context of mathematical science 2. able to explain the purpose of communication	lecture, question and answer 3 X 50		0%
3	able to analyze human characteristics in various situations	1. explain the various schools of view of humans2. compiling an analysis of human character based on observations in the field	lectures, presentations, discussions 3 X 50		0%
4	able to explain various principles of communication	1. explain the 12 basic principles of communication2. looking for examples of cases of communication principles	lecture, discussion 3 X 50		0%
5	understand what perception is and the processes that occur when someone perceives a message	1amp answers questions related to perception	lecture 3 X 50		0%
6	understand verbal communication	1. explain verbal messages 2. identify forms of verbal messages 3. practice delivering verbal messages	1. presentation2. independent reading 3 X 50		0%
7	Understand non- verbal communication (function and non- verbal behavior)	1.define non-verbal messages 2.identify forms of non-verbal messages 3.identify non-verbal signals that are public 4.select appropriate non-verbal cues for various communication situations	1. watch a video about non-verbal communication 2. write a review of the events described in the video 3 X 50		0%
8	understand the material presented at previous meetings	able to answer the written test	written test 3 X 50		0%
9	students are able to understand the basic concepts of image, branding, public relations	can explain what branding is and be able to analyze examples of branding cases	presentation, case discussion 3 X 50		0%
10	Students are able to compose a simple business profile	Arrangement of business profiles in groups	presentation, group discussion 3 X 50		0%
11	students are able to compose a business profile (company profile)	compiling a narrative profile of the organization	group discussion 3 X 50		0%
12	Students are able to understand the basics of public speaking and the techniques for doing it	able to analyze case examples from several public speakers	presentation 3 X 50		0%
13	Students are able to make good and interesting presentations	implementation of public speaking practice	presentation 3 X 50		0%
14	Able to make good and interesting presentations	implementation of public speaking practice	 presentation 3 X 50		0%
15	Able to make good and interesting presentations	implementation of public speaking practice	presentation 3 X 50		0%
16	UAS		3 X 50		0%

No	Evaluation	Percentage		
		0%		

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
  Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
  study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on
  predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased.
  Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
  Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.