

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Vocational Faculty, D4 Mechanical Engineering Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses		CODE		Course	e Famil	у	Credit We	ight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Corrosion Engineering			2130202023				T=0 P=0	ECTS=0	3	July 17, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION		SP Developer			Course Cluster Coordinator			Study Program Coordinator				
									Arya Mahendra Sakti, S.T., M.T.			
Learning model	I	Project Based L	.earni	ng			·					
Program	1	PLO study pro	gram	which is	charged to t	he cour	'se					
Outcom	es	Program Objectives (PO)										
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix										
		P.O										
		PO Matrix at th	ne eno	d of each l	of each learning stage (Sub-PO)							
			F	P.O 1	2 3 4	5 6	7	8	Week 9 10	11 12	13 14	15 16
Short Course Descript	ort Understanding of corrosion principles, corrosion kinetics and corrosion thermodynamics, pourbai diagram passivation, corrosion speed measurement, metallurgical aspects, corrosion testing, 13 forms of temperature corrosion, cathodic protection, anodic protection, coatings, inhibitors, material selection monitoring and inspection, corrosion damage analysis, standards related to the field of corrosion.				ourbai diagrams 3 forms of c terial selection osion.	s, polarization, orrosion, high 1 and design,						
References Mai		Main :										
 Jones DA, Principles & Prevention of Corrosion, Mc Millan Pubs. Co, 1992Fontana, Corrosion Engineerin ed., Mc GrawHill, Tokyo 1992. RobergePierre R, Handbook of Corrosion Enggineering, Mc Graw 1 Handbook, 1999Bahan-bahan dari Internetdan kepustakaan lain 					gineering, 3rd Graw 13 Hill							
		Supporters:										
Support lecturer	ing	Arya Mahendra S Dewi Puspitasari	Sakti, i, S.Pc	S.T., M.T. I., M.Sc.								
Week-	Fin eac stag	nal abilities of ch learning age ub-PO) In		Evaluation			Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)		
	(Su			dicator	Criteria &	Form	offlir	ne (ne)	Online (online)	1	
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Understand the mechanism of corrosion, know about the Corrosion Concept	Able to analyze and understand the occurrence of corrosion and its causes.	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 100'		0%
2	Mechanisms and understanding of Corrosion, Types of corrosion	Able to identify certain types of corrosion and their causes.	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 300'		0%
3						0%
4						0%
5	Able to identify certain types of corrosion and be able to describe the mechanisms by which each particular type of corrosion occurs.	Able to describe the mechanism of corrosion and be able to write down the reactions that occur in certain types of corrosion.	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 300'		0%
6						0%
7						0%
8	U.S.S	U.S.S	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	USS USS		0%
9	Understand the theory of control with barrier layers	Determine various mechanisms of corrosion in various types and control solutions.	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 200'		0%
10						0%
11	Understand corrosion control with sacrificial anodes and cathodhas, as well as with the use of inhibitors	Determine various mechanisms of corrosion in various types and control solutions.	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 100'		0%
12						0%
13	Understand corrosion control with sacrificial anodes and cathodhas, as well as with the use of inhibitors	Determine how to control corrosion with sacrificial anodes and cathodes, with inhibitors, appropriately, effectively, efficiently and economically	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 200'		0%
14						0%

15	Understand the methods of placing sacrificial anodes and cathodes as well as the materials used and materials controlled	Determine how to control corrosion with sacrificial anodes and cathodes, with inhibitors, appropriately, effectively, efficiently and economically	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 100'		0%
16	Understand how to use inhibitors, the inhibitor materials used and the controlled materials	Determine how to control corrosion with sacrificial anodes and cathodes, with inhibitors, appropriately, effectively, efficiently and economically	Criteria: According to the Assessment Rubric	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 100'		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
		0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- **3. Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- **11.** The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.