

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Vocational Faculty, D4 Informatics Management Study Program

Document Code

| | | | | SEME | STER I | | RNINC | g Pl | LAN | N | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Courses Prac. Computer network AUTHORIZATION | | | CODECourse Fa5730101162SP Developer | | Course Family | | Credit Weight | | | SEMESTER | Compilation Date | | |
| | | | | | | | T=0 P=1 ECTS=1.59 | | 9 1 | July 17, 2024 | | | |
| | | | | | Cours | Course Cluster Coordinator | | | Study Program Coordinator | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Dodik Arwin Dermawan, S.ST., S.T., M.T. | | |
| Learning model | I | Project Based | Learni | ng | | | | | | | | | |
| Program | 1 | PLO study program which is charged to the course | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Outcom | es | Program Objectives (PO) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (PLO) | | PLO-PO Matrix | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | P.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Γ | PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Ρ. | 0 1 2 | 3 4 5 | 5 6 | 7 8 | Week 9 | < 10 | 11 12 | 13 14 | 15 16 | |
| Short Course Descript | tion | This course dis HTTP, FTP and Linux. | cusses d FTP | protocol appli packet analys | ications in the is. This course | OSI mode e also brie | el and TCI efly discus | P/IP su sses n | uite in e etwork | everyday life configurati | e. Network appl on practices or | cations include Windows and | |
| References | | Main : | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Kurose Educat Michae | e, Jame tion, Inc el. 2013 | es; Ross, Keit c.Palmer. c. Hands-on: N | h W. 2013. C | omputer I Idamental | Networkin . USA: Ce | g: A To engage | op-dov e Learr | wn Approacl ning. | n, 6th Edition. | USA: Pearson | |
| | | Supporters: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Support lecturer | ing | Aditya Prapanc Andi Iwan Nurh Hafizhuddin Zu | a, S.T., iidayat, I Fahmi | , M.Kom. S.Kom., M.T. i, S.Kom., M.S | Sc. | | | | | | | | |
| Week- | Fina each stag | Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO) | | Evaluation | | | Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time] | | Learning materials [| Assessmen Weight (%) | | | |
| | (Sub | | | ndicator | Criteria & F | orm C | Offline(offline) | 0 | nline | (online) |] | | |
| (1) | | (2) | | (3) | (4) | | (5) | | (| (6) | (7) | (8) | |

| 1 | Skilled in making network cables according to TIA standards | 1. Can explain the characteristics of Straight cables 2. Can make Straight cables 3. Can explain the characteristics of Cross cables 4. Can make Cross cables | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
|----|--|---|------------------------------|---|--|----|
| 2 | Skilled in making network cables according to TIA standards | 1. Can explain the characteristics of Straight cables 2. Can make Straight cables 3. Can explain the characteristics of Cross cables 4. Can make Cross cables | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 3 | Able to perform network performance analysis | 1. Skilled in using the Wireshark tool to view the packet structure | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 1 X 50 | | 0% |
| 4 | Mable to perform IPv4 addressing on the network | 1. Implement addressing on the network using IPv4 | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 1 X 50 | | 0% |
| 5 | Mable to perform IPv4 addressing on the network | 1. Implement addressing on the network using IPv4 | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 1 X 50 | | 0% |
| 6 | Skilled at creating sub- networks | Able to calculate sub networks with or without the help of a calculator | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 7 | Skilled at creating sub- networks | Able to calculate sub networks with or without the help of a calculator | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 8 | | | | 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 9 | Able to apply routing configuration | Implement static and dynamic routing configurations Skilled in using the Cisco Packet Tracer and GNS3 simulators. | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 10 | Able to apply routing configuration | Implement static and dynamic routing configurations Skilled in using the Cisco Packet Tracer and GNS3 simulators. | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |

| 11 | Apply Application configuration to the Application layer on the network | Apply DHCP configuration to the network Apply HTTP configuration to the network Implement FTP and file sharing configuration on the network. | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
|----|---|--|------------------------------|---|--|----|
| 12 | Apply Application configuration to the Application layer on the network | Apply DHCP configuration to the network Apply HTTP configuration to the network Implement FTP and file sharing configuration on the network. | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 13 | Skilled in using network applications on Linux and Windows | Skilled in using network features on Linux and Windows operating systems | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 14 | Can use basic wireless network features | 1.Apply WiFi configuration 2.Implement security features on the network | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 15 | Can use basic wireless network features | 1.Apply WiFi configuration 2.Implement security features on the network | Criteria: Holistic Rubric | Approach: Scientific Model: Cooperative Method: Practice 2 X 50 | | 0% |
| 16 | | | | | | 0% |

 Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

 No
 Evaluation

 Percentage

 0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are

consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.

- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%. 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.