

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Vocational Faculty, D4 Electrical Engineering Study Program

Document Code

			SEME	ESTER LI	EARN	IING	i PL	.AN				
Courses			CODE		Course Fa	mily	Cred	it Wei	ght	SEMESTER	Compilation Date	
PLC		203050303	6			T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.77	4	July 17, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION		SP Develo	SP Developer		Cours	Course Cluster Coordinator		Study Program Coordinator				
											Widyartono, , M.T.	
Learning model		Project Based L	earning									
Program Learning		PLO study prog	gram that is char	ged to the cour	se							
Outcom		Program Object	ctives (PO)	(PO)								
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix	1									
		P.0										
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)										
			P.O 1 2	3 4 5	6 7	8	Week 9	10	11 12	13 14	15 16	
Short Course Descript	tion	Control history, PLC configuration, PLC input/output, memory types and memory addressing, basic instructions, mnemon codes and ladder diagrams, simple automation systems, On-Off delay program simulation, automatic simulation of fast precising lights and buzzers, timers and counters, CX programmer, simulation and practicum of timer and counter based control systems, DIFU-DIFD concept, DIFUP-DIFD simulation and practicum, industrial control systems.								of fast precise		
References		Main :										
		 David W., Pessen. 1990. Industrial automation. circuit design and componen . John Wiley & Son. Rusimamto, Puput Wanarti. 2011. Penggunaan PLC untuk motor drive. Jurusan Teknik Elektro Fakultas Teknik Unesa Anonim, Omron. 1993. Beginner's C20K, C28K, C40K, C60K, training manual . Omron Singapore PTE LTD. Anonim, Omron. 1991. Mini H-type PCs C20H, C28H, C40H, training manual . Omron Singapore PTE LTD. 										
		Supporters:										
Support lecturer	ing		Hermawan, S.ST., M ardani, S.ST., M.T.	I.T.								
			Eval	Evaluation		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [References	Assessmen Weight (%)			
	(Su	b-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & For		ine(ine)	0	nline	online)]		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	

1	Students can explain the history of the development of control systems, PLC hardware, software, PLC configuration	 Explore examples of control systems Understand the definition and concept of open and closed loop systems. Identify PLC software 	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 3 X 50		0%
2	Students can show and explain the function of the PLC I/O system	Identify PLC I/O and its functions	Lectures, discussions, exercises 3 X 50		0%
3	Students are able to understand and practice the basic instructions LD, AND, OR, OUT and END with mnemonic codes using Programming Cosole	 Can use basic instructions in creating programs Ladder- based program creation and mnemonic codes 	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 3 X 50		0%
4	Can run example programs and create simple programs using basic instructions via the console or ladder simulator	Create programs using the programming console	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, and 3 X 50 exercises		0%
5	Can run example programs and create simple programs using basic instructions via the console or ladder simulator	Create programs using the programming console	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, and 3 X 50 exercises		0%
6	Can run example programs and simplify series- parallel programs using basic instructions via the console.	 Create a series ladder diagram Create a parallel ladder diagram Create a mixed ladder diagram 	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, and 3 X 50 exercises		0%
7	Can run example programs and simplify series- parallel programs using basic instructions via the console.	 Create a series ladder diagram Create a parallel ladder diagram Create a mixed ladder diagram 	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, and 3 X 50 exercises		0%

8	Understand basic	1.Explain the	Lectures,		0%
Ŭ	instructions, ladder	basic	discussions,		070
	diagrams, and mnemonic codes,	instructions	questions		
	as well as create	LD, AND,	and		
	programs with the	AND NOT,	answers,		
	programming	OR, OR	exercises		
	console	NOT, TIM,	and assignments		
		CNT, AND	3 X 50		
		LD, OR LD,	0,700		
		and OUT			
		using Ladder			
		Diagrams			
		and			
		Mnemonic			
		Code as the basis for PLC			
		programming.			
		2.Assembling			
		PLC with PC.			
		3.Open			
		password			
		input on PC.			
		4.Clearing			
		memory on			
		PC.			
		5.Create and			
		insert			
		programs on a PC.			
		6.Make a PLC			
		program to			
		turn on the			
		lights with a			
		switch in a			
		simulated			
		manner.			
9	Understand basic	1.Explain the	Lectures,		0%
9	instructions, ladder	basic	discussions,		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes,	basic instructions	discussions, questions		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create	basic instructions LD, AND,	discussions, questions and		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT,	discussions, questions		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM,	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM,	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD,	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming.	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC.	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC.	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC.	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on a PC.	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on a PC. 6.Make a PLC	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on a PC. 6.Make a PLC program to	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on a PC. 6.Make a PLC program to turn on the	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on a PC. 6.Make a PLC program to	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on a PC. 6.Make a PLC program to turn on the lights with a	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%
9	instructions, ladder diagrams, and mnemonic codes, as well as create programs with the programming	basic instructions LD, AND, AND NOT, OR, OR NOT, TIM, CNT, AND LD, OR LD, and OUT using Ladder Diagrams and Mnemonic Code as the basis for PLC programming. 2.Assembling PLC with PC. 3.Open password input on PC. 4.Clearing memory on PC. 5.Create and insert programs on a PC. 6.Make a PLC program to turn on the lights with a switch in a	discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments		0%

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10	Create a PLC program with timers and counters	 Create programs using timers and counters. Make a PLC program to turn on 2 lights with a pushbutton in a simulated manner. 	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 3 X 50		0%
11	Implementation of a ladder diagram program into CX- Programmer	1.Can use and operate CX- Programmer 2.Can apply basic instructions to CX- Programmer	lectures, discussions and simulations 3 X 50		0%
12	Create an application circuit using a PLC to turn on the lights	Can assemble a PLC with a plant in the form of a lamp. Can create a program to turn on the lights using a timer and counter. Apply the program using the Programming Console and Cx- Programmer	Discussion and practicum 3 X 50		0%
13	Create an application circuit using a PLC to turn on the lights	Can assemble a PLC with a plant in the form of a lamp. Can create a program to turn on the lights using a timer and counter. Apply the program using the Programming Console and Cx- Programmer	Discussion and practicum 3 X 50		0%
14	Can apply DIFU and DIFD instructions	Simulating DIFU and DIFD in Cx- Programmer	Discussion and simulation 3 X 50		0%
15	Automatic bell and conveyor simulation using CX-programmer	 Able to create an automatic bell program in a simulation using Cx- programmer Able to create conveyor programs in simulation using Cx- programmer 	Discussion and simulation 3 X 50		0%
16	Automatic bell and conveyor simulation using CX-programmer	 Able to create an automatic bell program in a simulation using Cx- programmer Able to create conveyor programs in simulation using Cx- programmer 	Discussion and simulation 3 X 50		0%

 Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

 No
 Evaluation

 Percentage

 0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- **11. The assessment weight** is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.