

(1)

(2)

Indicator

(3)

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Sports and Health Sciences

Document Code

References

(7)

(8)

Online (online)

(6)

UNESA		Bachelor of Sports Science Study Program								
SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN										
Courses		CODE	Course Family		Credit We	eight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Sports Massage		8920102092			T=2 P=0	ECTS=3.18	7	July 17, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION		SP Developer	SP Developer Co		Course Cluster Coordinator		Study Program Coordinator			
							Dr. Heri Wahyudi, S.Or., M.Pd.			
Learning model	Project Based	Learning								
Program		PLO study program that is charged to the course								
Learning Outcome		Program Objectives (PO)								
(PLO)	PLO-PO Matri	PLO-PO Matrix								
		P.O								
	PO Matrix at the	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)								
Short Course Descripti	massage, maste	P.O								
Reference	ces Main:									
	 Referensi: Aslani, Marylin. (2003). Teknik Pijat Untuk Pemula. Erlangga Jakarta Basoeki, Hadi (2009). Sport Massage. Malang. Giriwijoyo S dan Muchtamadji M A. (2006). Ilmu Faal Olahraga: Fungsi Tubuh Manusia pada Olahraga untuk Kesehatan dan Prestasi. Bandung. Jelveus and Oddsson, 2011. Integrated Sports Massage Therapy. Los Angeles: USA. Roepajadi, J. (2015). Terapi Masase Olahraga. Makalah Pada Guru-Guru Pendidikan Jasmani di Dawar-Mojokerto. Roepajadi, Joesoef. Drs.,M.Pd. 2016. Masase Olahraga. Universitry Press: Surabaya. Jelveus and Oddsson, 2011. Integrated Sports Massage Therapy. Los Angeles: USA. Weerapong, Hume and.Kolt. 2005. The Mechanisms of Massage and Effects on Performance, Muscle Recovery and Injury Prevention. Auckland University of Technology Auckland: New Zealand. 									
	Supporters:									
Supporti lecturer	Ika Nurmaya, S. Indra Himawan Muhammad Dzu									
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)	Evaluation		Learn Studen	p Learnin ing meth t Assignn imated ti	ods, nents,	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)		

Offline (

(5)

Criteria & Form

(4)

1	Students are able to understand the theory and practice of sports massage independently	Students are able to practice massage independently within the specified time duration	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation in lectures and peer teaching, carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test (UTS) is carried out once with indicators 1-7 via written exam and given a weight (2) 4.3. Written test assessments in peer teaching and practicum are considered as assignments, grades are averaged, then weighted (3) 5.4. UAS scores are carried out in writing with indicators 9-16 given a weight of (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value") (assignment value%2 3) (UTS value%2 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10	Learning strategies using repeated practice methods produce knowledge that continues to stick. 2 X 50		0%
2	Students are able to identify and interpret factors in implementing massage	1. Conditions required for a masseur 2. Hands of a masseur 3. Direction of hand movement	Criteria: 1. Participation during lectures and peer teaching, carried out through observation (weight 2)	Lectures, Discussions, Questions and Answers 2 X 50		0%
3	Students are able to identify and interpret factors in implementing massage	1. Patient position 2. Use of lubricants. 3. Contraindications for using massage	Criteria: 1.The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures and peer teaching, carried out through observation (weight 2)	Lectures, discussions, practices, questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
4	Students are able to identify and interpret sports massage	· Massage procedure: a. Efflurage (rubbing) b. Petrissage (massaging) c. Friction (grinding)	Criteria: Practice	Lectures, discussions, practices, questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
5	Students are able to identify and interpret sports massage	· Massage procedure: a. Shaking (shaking) b. Tapotement (hitting) c. Walken (transverse muscle rubbing)	Criteria: Accuracy of Practice	Lectures, discussions, practices, questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
6	Students are able to identify and interpret sports massage	· Massage procedure: a. Vibration (grinding) b. Skin Rolling (shifting skin folds) c. Stroking (massaging)	Criteria: Practice Manipulation	Lectures, discussions, practices, questions and answers 2 X 50		0%

to int	tudents are able bidentify and sterpret sports nassage	· Massage procedure: a. Shaking and twisting b. Pulling (pinch) and	Criteria: Accuracy of Sports Massage	Lectures, discussions,		0%
		stretching	Manipulation	practices, questions and answers 2 X 50		
	TS	UTS	Criteria: UTS	UTS 2 X 50		0%
to int	tudents are able i identify and iterpret sports lassage	Other massage procedures.	Criteria: Accuracy of practice tests	Lectures, discussions, practices, questions and answers 6 X 50		0%
to int	tudents are able o identify and oterpret sports lassage	Other massage procedures.	Criteria: Accuracy of practice tests	Lectures, discussions, practices, questions and answers 6 X 50		0%
to int	tudents are able identify and iterpret sports lassage	Other massage procedures.	Criteria: Accuracy of practice tests	Lectures, discussions, practices, questions and answers 6 X 50		0%
to int	tudents are able bidentify and hterpret massage n athletes' bodies	Massage the athlete's body	Criteria: Ability to Apply Sports Massage Manipulation to Athletes	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 8 X 50		0%
to int	tudents are able identify and iterpret massage n athletes' bodies	Massage the athlete's body	Criteria: Ability to Apply Sports Massage Manipulation to Athletes	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 8 X 50		0%
to int	tudents are able bidentify and sterpret massage n athletes' bodies	Massage the athlete's body	Criteria: Ability to Apply Sports Massage Manipulation to Athletes	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 8 X 50		0%
to int	tudents are able bidentify and sterpret massage n athletes' bodies	Massage the athlete's body	Criteria: Ability to Apply Sports Massage Manipulation to Athletes	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
16						0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

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No	Evaluation	Percentage			
		0%			

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
 are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
 knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and

- unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- $10. \ \textbf{Learning materials} \ \text{are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main}$ points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.