Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Sports and Health Sciences Bachelor of Sports Science Study Program

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE Course Fami		y Credit Weight			SEMESTER Compilation Date													
Leadership Principles in sport			8920102312 Compulso					T=2	P=0	ECTS	5=3.18		6	J	uly 19, 1	2024					
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer					Course Cluster Coordinator			Study Program Coordinator										
										Dr. Heri Wahyudi, S.Or., M.Pd.											
Learning model	I	Project Based Le	earning]																	
Program		PLO study prog	ıram tl	nat is d	charç	ged to	the co	urse													
Learning Outcome (PLO)		PLO-10		to think critically, logically, innovatively and systematically in order to develop and optimize the potential of the business and trial world in the field of sports science. (PLO-10)																	
. ,	I	Program Object	tives (PO)																	
	I	PLO-PO Matrix																			
				P.O	P.O PLO-10																
	I	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																			
			Р	.0	O Week																
					1	2	3	4	5 6		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
																					_
Short Course Descripti	i	Able to map and and and subject for an	describ alysis (e the b	asic us sp	concep orts iss	ots of ph sues in t	ilosophy hree dime	of scien ensions,	ce in r name	elatio ly onto	n to sp ology,	oorts so axiolog	cience yy and e	and able epistemo	to impl logy	ement s	sports p	hilosop	hy as a	basis
Referenc	es	Main :																			
	:	 Pramono, Made. 2015. Filsafat Ilmu Keolahragaan. Surabaya: Unesa University Press. Haag, H. 1994. Theoretical Foundation of Sport Science as a Scientific Discipline: Contribution to a Philosophy (Meta-Theory) of Sport Schourdorf, Verlaag Karl Hoffmann. Federal Republic of Germany. Edgar, Andrew. 2014. Sport and Philosophy dalam Sport, Ethics and Philosophy, 7:1, 10-29. DOI: 10.1080/17511321.2013.761882. Morgan, William J. dan Meier, Klause V. (ed.). 1995. Philosophic Inquiry in Sport. Second Edition. Champaign. USA: Human Kinetics Hardman, Alun dan Jones, Carwyn (eds.). 2010. Philosophy of Sport: International Perspectives, Cambridge Scholars Publishing, Lon Osterhoudt, Robert G. 1978 (published online 2013). The History and Philosophy of Sport: The Re-unification of Once Separated Our Journal of the Philosophy of Sport, 5:1, 71-76, DOI: 10.1080/00948705.1978.10654143. Kretchmar, R.S.1994. Practical Philosophy of Sport. Champaign: Human Kinetics McNamee, Mike (ed.). 2005. Philosophy and The Sciences of Exercise, Health and Sport: Critical Perspectives on Research Routledge, London and New York. 								ics. ₋ondon. d Oppo	osites .										
Supporti		Dr. Made Pramon				D															
lecturer	Catur Supriyanto, S.Pd Final abilities of		J.Pu.,	Evaluation				Help Learning, Learning methods,													

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalı	uation	Lea Stud	Help Learning, arning methods, ent Assignments, Estimated time]	Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Able to identify sports terms based on analysis of their origins	1.Explain some of the meanings of sport 2.Shows the roots of genesis (analysis of origins) of the term sport 3.Appreciating the body as a prerequisite for exercise	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you answer as completely as possible from at least two references Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2 X 50	Browse putaka online	Material: What is philosophy Reader: Pramono, Made. 2015. Philosophy of Sports Science. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	5%	

2	Able to identify	1.Explain some	Criteria:	Pulpit	Browse the online	Material: What is ontology,	5%
	sports terms based on analysis of their origins	of the meanings of sport 2. Shows the roots of genesis (analysis of origins) of the term sport 3. Appreciating the body as a prerequisite for exercise	Full marks are obtained if you answer as completely as possible from at least two references Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Tests	lecture (slides) and questions and answers 2 X 50	library	epistemology, axiology Reader: Pramono, Made. 2015. Philosophy of Sports Science. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	<i>3.</i> 0
3	Able to map the field of sports philosophy studies	1.Explain the tasks of philosophy in the context of science 2.Identify the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy, and sports science philosophy	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if work is done correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Tests	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50	Browse putaka online	Material: how to start References: Morgan, William J. and Meier, Klause V. (ed.). 1995. Philosophic Inquiry in Sport. Second Edition. Champaign. USA: Human Kinetics.	5%
4	Able to map the field of sports philosophy studies	1.Explain the tasks of philosophy in the context of science 2.Identify the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy, and sports science philosophy	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if work is done correctly and on time Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50	Browse putaka online	Material: What next References: Haag, H. 1994. Theoretical Foundation of Sport Science as a Scientific Discipline: Contribution to a Philosophy (Meta- Theory) of Sport Science. Schourdorf, Verlaag Karl Hoffmann. Federal Republic of Germany.	5%
5	Able to map the field of sports philosophy studies	1. Explain the tasks of philosophy in the context of science 2. Identify the differences between the terms sport, sports science, sports philosophy, and sports science philosophy	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if work is done correctly and on time Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50		Material: Philosophy of sport and sport philosophy References: Edgar, Andrew. 2014. Sport and Philosophy in Sport, Ethics and Philosophy, 7:1, 10-29. DOI: 10.1080/17511321.2013.761882.	5%
6	Able to implement the ontological dimension of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	Explain the meaning of ontology and scientific ontology Identifying ontological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50	Browse putaka online	Material: Bibliography History : Osterhoudt, Robert G. 1978 (published online 2013). The History and Philosophy of Sport: The Re-unification of Once Separated Opposites. Journal of the Philosophy of Sport, 5:1, 71-76, DOI: 10.1080/00948705.1978.10654143.	5%
7	Able to implement the ontological dimension of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	Explain the meaning of ontology and scientific ontology Identifying ontological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50	Browse putaka online	Material: Inquiry Bibliography: Morgan, William J. and Meier, Klause V. (ed.). 1995. Philosophic Inquiry in Sport. Second Edition. Champaign. USA: Human Kinetics.	5%
8	Able to implement the ontological dimension of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	Explain the meaning of ontology and scientific ontology Identifying ontological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50	Browse putaka online	Material: Quo vadis Reader: Pramono, Made. 2015. Philosophy of Sports Science. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	5%

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9	MIDTERM EXAM		Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Test	2 X 50	Material: Literature Evaluation : Pramono, Made. 2015. Philosophy of Sports Science. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	5%
10	Able to implement the epistemological dimensions of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	1.Explain the meaning and types of epistemology and epistemology of science 2.Identify epistemological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50		0%
11	Able to implement the epistemological dimensions of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	1.Explain the meaning and types of epistemology and epistemology of science 2.Identify epistemological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50		0%
12	Able to implement the epistemological dimensions of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	1.Explain the meaning and types of epistemology and epistemology of science 2.Identify epistemological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50		0%
13	Able to implement the epistemological dimensions of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	1.Explain the meaning and types of epistemology and epistemology of science 2.Identify epistemological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50		0%
14	Able to implement the epistemological dimensions of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	1. Explain the meaning and types of epistemology and epistemology of science 2. Identify epistemological approaches to sport science	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion 2 X 50		0%
15	Able to implement the axiological dimensions of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	1. Explain the meaning of axiology and axiology of science 2. Describes the problem of theory-practice transfer in Sports Science 3. Analyzing value studies in sports	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion Video illustration of sports science axiology 2 x 50		0%
16	Able to implement the axiological dimensions of sports science as a basis for analyzing sports problems	Explain the meaning of axiology and axiology of science Describes the problem of theory-practice transfer in Sports Science Analyzing value studies in sports	Criteria: Completeness of results reports and class presentations Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Pulpit lecture (slides) and questions and answers Group discussion Video illustration of sports science axiology 2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	26.67%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	5%
3.	Portfolio Assessment	4.17%
4.	Test	9.17%
		45.01%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

 Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning,
- Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.