

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Sports and Health Sciences, Bachelor of Physical Education, Health & Recreation Study Program

Document Code

## SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN CODE **Course Family** Credit Weight SEMESTER Courses Compilation Date Sports Tests and Measurements 8520103194 Compulsory Study Program Subjects T=3 P=0 ECTS=4.77 5 May 12, 2023 AUTHORIZATION SP Developer Course Cluster Coordinator Study Program Coordinator Dr. Mochamad Ridwan, S.Pd., M.Pd. Dr. Sapto Wibowo, S.Pd., M.Pd. Dr. Setiyo Hartoto, M.Kes. Learning model **Case Studies** Program PLO study program which is charged to the course Learning **Program Objectives (PO)** Outcomes (PLO) PO - 1 Have the ability to utilize ICT-based learning resources and learning media to understand globally the principles, objectives and domains of testing and measurement activities in the field of physical education and sports and be able to make decisions based on information and data analysis in selecting, using and interpreting test results in sports PO - 2 Have a responsible attitude towards individual and group work in collaborating to carry out tests and measurements. **PLO-PO** Matrix P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO) P.O Week 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 12 1 8 10 11 13 14 15 16 PO-1 PO-2 This course discusses the meaning of tests and measurements in coaching, the scope of sports tests and measurements, test techniques and SOPs for coaching measurements, analysis and processes in tests and measurements and the use of test and measurement results for sports performance Short Course Description Main : References Departemen Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan. 1996, Ketahuilah Tingkat Kesegaran Jasmani , Jakarta.Kemenegpora, 1999, 1. 2. Panduan Teknis Tes dan Latihan Kesegaran Jasmani, Jakarta, Harsuki, 2003, Perkembangan Olahraga Terkini Kajian Para Pakar , Jakarta: PT. Raja Grafindo Persada 3. 4. Johnson, Nelson, 1986, Practical Measurement For Evaluation In Physical Education, New York : Macmilan Publishing Company 5. James Morrow, 2000, Measurement and Evaluation in Human Performance, Australia: Human Kinetics. Kemenegpora, 2005, Parameter Tes PPLP dan SKO, Jakarta 6. Supporters:

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lecturer	Dr. Sapto Wibow Dr. Taufiq Hidaya	o, S.Pd., M.Pd.					
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)	Evaluation		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [ Estimated time]		Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)
		Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( <i>offline</i> )	Online ( <i>online</i> )	- [References]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Able to know the general and basic foundations of Sports Tests and Measurements	§ Course rules § Explanation of the function of sports tests and measurements § Division of structured tasks Understanding	Criteria: can know sports measuring tools Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments		Material: course contract Bibliography: Johnson, Nelson, 1986, Practical Measurement For Evaluation In Physical Education, New York: Macmilan Publishing Company	5%
2	Able to know and practice test and measurement components	§ Understanding Explanation of Functions of Test and Measurement components	Criteria: can know sports measuring tools Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments		Material: knowing measuring instruments Reference: Harsuki, 2003, Latest Sports Developments Expert Studies, Jakarta: PT. Raja Grafindo Persada	10%
3	Able to know and practice anthropometric tools	§ Understanding Describe anthropometry	Criteria: can know sports measuring tools Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments		Material: can analyze the function of tools. Reference: James Morrow, 2000, Measurement and Evaluation in Human Performance, Australia: Human Kinetics.	5%
4	Able to know and practice speed tools	§ Definition Describes the components of a speed tool	Criteria: can know sports measuring tools Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments		Material: can differentiate between sports measuring instruments. <b>Reference:</b> James Morrow, 2000, Measurement and Evaluation in Human Performance, Australia: Human Kinetics.	6%

5	Able to know and practice the tools of strength	§ Definition Describes the components of power tools	Criteria: can know sports measuring tools Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can differentiate between sports measuring instruments . <b>Reference:</b> Alamsyah, DAN, Hestiningsih, R., & Saraswati, LD (2017). Factors Associated with Physical Fitness in Adolescent Class Xi Students of SMK Negeri 11 Semarang. Journal of Public Health (e-Journal), 5(3), 77–86	8%
6	Able to know and practice power tools	Definition Describes the components of a power tool	Criteria: can know sports measuring tools Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can differentiate between sports measuring instruments <b>Reference:</b> <i>Ministry of State</i> <i>and Sports,</i> 2005, PPLP <i>and SKO Test</i> <i>Parameters,</i> <i>Jakarta</i>	6%
7	Able to know and practice flexibility	Definition Describes the components of a bending tool	Criteria: can know sports measuring tools Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can differentiate between sports measuring instruments. Reader: Ardyansyah Arief. (2019). The role of sports tests and measurements as a sports industry in the field of athlete physical condition evaluation services. Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling, 53(9), 1689– 1699. https://doi.org/	6%
8	uts	Definition Describes the components of a bending tool	Criteria: UTS Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can analyze the function of the tool <b>Reference:</b> <i>Ministry of State</i> <i>and Youth and</i> <i>Sports, 2005,</i> <i>PPLP and SKO</i> <i>Test</i> <i>Parameters,</i> <i>Jakarta</i>	5%

9	Able to know and practice agility	Definition Describes the components of an agility tool	Criteria: can understand sports measuring instruments and can analyze the function of the equipment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can analyze tool functions and uses. Reference: Alamsyah, DAN, Hestiningsih, R., & Saraswati, LD (2017). Factors Associated with Physical Fitness in Adolescent Class Xi Students of SMK Negeri 11 Semarang. Journal of Public Health (e-Journal), 5(3), 77–86	5%
10	Able to know and practice reactions	Definition Describes the components of the reaction tool	Criteria: can understand sports measuring instruments and can analyze the function of the equipment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can analyze the function of tools and their use. Reader: Ardyansyah Arief. (2019). The role of sports tests and measurements as a sports industry in the field of athlete physical condition evaluation services. Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling, 53(9), 1689– 1699. https://doi.org/	6%
11	Able to know and practice lung capacity	Definition Describes the components of the lung capacity apparatus	Criteria: can understand sports measuring instruments and can analyze the function of the equipment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can analyze the function of tools and their use. <b>Reference:</b> Johnson, 1986, Practical Measurement For Evaluation In Physical Education, New York: Macmilan Publishing Company	7%
12	Able to know and practice the pulse	§ Definition: Describe the components of a pulse detection tool	Criteria: can understand sports measuring instruments and can analyze the function of the equipment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can analyze the function of tools and their use. Reference: Johnson, Nelson, 1986, Practical Measurement For Evaluation In Physical Education, New York: Macmilan Publishing Company	4%

13	Able to know and practice endurance	Definition Describes the	Criteria:	Lectures,	Material: can	5%
		equipment	can understand sports measuring instruments and can analyze the function of the equipment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	differentiate between sports measuring instruments. <b>Reference:</b> Johnson, Nelson, 1986, Practical Measurement For Evaluation In Physical Education, New York: Macmilan Publishing Company	
14	Able to know and practice equipment maintenance	Describe equipment maintenance	Criteria: can understand sports measuring instruments and can analyze the function of the equipment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can differentiate between sports measuring instruments. Reference: Johnson, Nelson, 1986, Practical Measurement For Evaluation In Physical Education, New York: Macmilan Publishing Company	7%
15	Able to understand evaluation	Describe measurement evaluation	Criteria: can understand sports measuring instruments and can analyze the function of the equipment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and 3 X 50 assignments	Material: can analyze tool function and use.Reference: James Morrow, 2000, Measurement and Evaluation in Human Performance, Australia: Human Kinetics.Material: can analyze the function of tools and their use. Reader: Ardyansyah Arief. (2019). The role of sports tests and measurements as a sports industry in the field of athlete physical condition evaluation services. Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling, 53(9), 1689– 1699. https://doi.org/	5%
16	Able to understand evaluation	Describe measurement evaluation	Criteria: UAS Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, demonstrations, tactical approaches and assignments	Material: can analyze tool functions and uses. Reference: Ministry of State and Youth and Sports, 2005, PPLP and SKO Test Parameters, Jakarta	10%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	53.5%

2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	46.5%
		10006

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
  Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
  study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
- Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods. 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.