

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts Bachelor of Music Study Program

Document Code

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Courses			CODE			Course Family				Cred	Credit Weight		SEME	STER	0	Compilation Date		
Directors		9122	9122102007 Compulsory Study F			y Program	Program Subjects			T=2	P=0 ECT	TS=3.18		4	_	May 7, 2023		
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer			, g	,		Cluster C	Coordinator		Study Program Coordi						
		Budi	Dharmav	vanputra,	, S.Pc	d., M.Pd.									Agu	us Suwahyo	ono, S	5.Sn., M.Pd.
Learning model	Project Based Learning																	
Program	PLO study program that is charged to the course																	
Learning Outcomes	PLO-5 Able to master the theory and practice of instruments/vocals for e							als for educ	ation,	developme	ent, prese	entation,	creation a	nd study	of musi	ic		
(PLO)	PLO-6	Able to apply music theory and practice in social life																
	PLO-9	Able to apply theoretical and practical aspects in the field of music, the results of which are displayed in the form of lecture-recital presentations and instrumental/vocal presentations (recitals).																
	PLO-10	-10 Able to work together in a musical ensemble/collaboration/orchestra, both as a leader and member, to apply musical knowledge and skills through a training																
	Program Obje	process and artistic production managerial approach to produce a collaborative presentation of musical works.  Program Objectives (PO)																
	PO - 1																	
	PO - 2		e concep	ts, princip	oles a	and theories	of dir	ecting techr	niques	through de	esigning	and imp	lementing r	nusical a	activities	3.		
	PO - 3	Able to master the concepts, principles and theories of directing techniques through designing and implementing musical activities.  Able to present the results of the training process and conducting presentations based on analysis by utilizing various sources, science and technology-based media contextually.																
	PO - 4	Able to prepare r	-	the resul	lts of	the training p	oroce	ess and pres	entati	ons to the	board of	directors	S.					
	PLO-PO Matrix	(	·															
		P.O		PLO-5		PLO-6		PLO-9	)	PLO-	-10							
		PO-1				1												
		PO-2		/														
		PO-3						1										
		PO-4								1								
	2011			. (0		<b>a</b> )												
	PO Matrix at ti	ne end of each le	arning s	stage (Si	ub-P	0)												
		P.O								١	Veek							
			1	2	3	3 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		PO-1				1	1	1	1		1	1	1					
		PO-2	1	1	-	,												
		PO-3												1	1	1	1	
		PO-4								1								•
Short Cours Description	e Knowledge, und	erstanding, and app	olication c	of conduc	ting/d	directing in le	adin	g a choir gro	oup an	d/or enser	nble/orch	iestra.						
References	Main :																	
		Rama Listya. 2007	7. A-Z Dir	eksi Padı	uan S	Suara. Jakart	a: Ya	ıvasan Mus	k Ger	eia di Indo	nesia.							
	2. Karl Edr 3. Karl Edr 4. Karl Edr 5. Gunther	nund Prier, SJ. 198 nund Prier, SJ. 198 nund Prier, SJ. 198 nund Prier, SJ. 198 A. Schuller . 1997 dolph, with Michael	33. Menja 33. Menja 33. Menja . The Con	di Dirigen di Dirigen di Dirigen nplete Co	n Jilid n Jilid n Jilid nduc	I: Teknik Me II: Membent III: Membina stor . London	mbe uk Sı ı Pad : Oxf	ri Aba-Aba. uara. Yogya luan Suara. ord Univers	Yogya karta: Yogya ity Pre	akarta: Pus Pusat Mu akarta: Pus ss.	at Musik sik Liturg sat Musik	i.						
	Supporters:	Supporters:																
Supporting lecturer	Budi Dharmawa	nputra, S.Pd., M.Po	i.															
Fin	al abilities of th learning stage		Evalu	uation						Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments,		Learning materials		Assessme				
	b-PO)					& Form				[ Esting offline )	mated tir		Online ( onl		[R	eferences	ı	Weight (9

(3)

(1)

(2)

(4)

Offline ( offline )

(5)

Online ( online )

(6)

(7)

(8)

1	Know the outline of lecture material. Understand the lecture contract	Explain the outline of the lecture material contained in the Semester Learning Plan     Agree on a study contract	Criteria:  1.ASSESSMENT RUBRIC 2.CRITERIA SCORES 3.4 Complete and precise explanation 4.3 Complete but inaccurate explanation 5.2 The explanation is incomplete and inaccurate 6.1 Explanation is incomplete and inaccurate Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lecture Discussion Questions and answers 2 x 50	Material: Insights and Scientific Scope of Directors/Conducting Library: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%
2	Know the scientific	1.Explain the	Criteria:	ScientificLectureDiscussionQuestions	Material: Insights	5%
	scope of the Board of Directors. Know the criteria for becoming a conductor. Understand the characteristics and main duties of a conductor/conductor.	meaning and scope of the Board of Directors' knowledge 2.Explain the criteria for becoming a conductor 3.Explain the characteristics and main duties of the Conductor.	1.ASSESSMENT RUBRIC 2.SCORE 3.CRITERIA 4.4 5.Complete and precise explanation 6.3 7.Complete explanation but not precise 8.2 9.The explanation is incomplete and inaccurate 10.1 11.Explanations are incomplete and inaccurate	and answers 2 X 50	and Scientific Scope of Directors/Conducting Library: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5.0
			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities			
3	Know various directional/directing techniques. Understand directional techniques including body language, standing posture, arm and hand positions, various insetting, attacks and releases.	1.Mention various techniques for directing/directing. 2.Demonstrate a variety of basic bowing techniques including body language, standing posture, arm and hand positions, various insetting, attacks and releases.	Criteria:  1.ASSESSMENT RUBRIC 2.SCORE 3.CRITERIA 4.4 5.Complete and precise explanation 6.3 7.Complete explanation but not precise 8.2 9.The explanation is incomplete and inaccurate 10.1 11.Explanations are incomplete and inaccurate Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Scientific Lecture Question and answer Demonstration Inquiry 2 x 50	Material: Basic Techniques for Giving Commands Reference: Karl Edmund Prier, SJ. 1983. Becoming a Conductor Volume I: Techniques for Giving Cues. Yogyakarta: Liturgical Music Center.  Material: Editing Techniques Library: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%
4	Knowing the 2/4 meter path pattern. Understanding the technique of changing the 2/4 meter path pattern.	1.Describe the trajectory scheme of the 2/4 meter pattern. 2.Demonstrate the technique of composing a song with a simple 2 meter/measure (2/4 meter).	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique  Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Direct learningLectureDemonstrationQuestions and answersInquiry 2 x 50	Material: Simple Time Conducting Dimension 2 Reference: Karl Edmund Prier, SJ. 1983. Becoming a Conductor Volume I: Techniques for Giving Cues. Yogyakarta: Liturgical Music Center.  Material: Simple Time Metrum 2 Reference: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%
5	Know the trajectory pattern of the 3/4 meter. Understand the technique of changing the 3/4 meter.	1. Describe the trajectory scheme of the 3/4 meter pattern. 2. Demonstrate the technique of composing a simple 3 chord song (3/4 chord).	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique  Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving assignments 2 X 50	Material: Techniques for Changing Blrama Dimension 3 Library: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%
6	Know the trajectory pattern of the 4/4 meter. Understand the technique of changing the 4/4 meter pattern.	1. Describes the trajectory scheme of the 4/4 meter pattern. 2. Demonstrate the technique of composing a simple 4 chord song (4/4 chord).	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique.  Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration of Giving Assignments 2 X 50	Material: Techniques for Changing Simple Rhythms in Dimension 4 Library: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Poundation in Indonesia.	5%

7	Know the meaning of hanging time signature. Understand attack techniques in performing songs with hanging time signatures in 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4.	1. Distinguish between songs with perfect rhythm and songs with hanging rhythm. 2. Demonstrating attack in performing a song with a hanging rhythm in 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4.	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique.  Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Hanging Time Attack Technique in 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 Time Bars. Bibliography: Karl Edmund Prier, SJ. 1983. Becoming a Conductor Volume I: Techniques for Giving Cues. Yogyakarta: Liturgical Music Center.	5%
8	Sub Summative Exam	Mastery of material in meetings 1 to 7	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique.  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Doing 2 X 50 problems	Material: Preparing a Concert Program Library: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	10%
9	Know the pattern of the 2nd compound syllable (6/8 bar). Understand the technique of composing a 2nd compound song (6/8 bar).	1. Explains the pattern of the meter track for compound 2 (6/8 bars). 2. Demonstrate the technique of composing a song with 2 compositions (bar 6/8).	Criteria: Appropriateness of the weight or level of difficulty of the song/repertoire with the application of the technique of changing songs/repertoire with compound rhythms  Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Techniques for changing songs with 2 compound signs (6/8 bars) Reference: Karl Edmund Prier, SJ. 1983. Becoming a Conductor Volume I: Techniques for Giving Cues. Yogyakarta: Liturgical Music Center.	5%
10	Knowing the pattern of the 3 and 4 compound/compound meter (9/8 and 12/8 bars). Understanding composing techniques for 3 and 4 compound/compound songs (9/8 and 12/8 bars).	1. Explain the pattern of the 3 and 4 compound meter (9/8 and 12/8 bars). 2. Demonstrate the technique of composing songs in 3 and 4 compound (9/8 and 12/8 bars).	Criteria: Appropriateness of the weight or level of difficulty of the song/repertoire with the application of the technique of changing songs/repertoire with compound rhythms  Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Techniques for changing songs/repertoire in 3 and 4 compounds (9/8 and 12/8 dimensions) Reference: Karl Edmund Prier, SJ. 1983. Becoming a Conductor Volume I: Techniques for Giving Cues. Yogyakarta: Liturgical Music Center.	5%
11	Knowing the pattern of the 3 and 4 compound/compound meter (9/8 and 12/8 bars). Understanding composing techniques for 3 and 4 compound/compound songs (9/8 and 12/8 bars).	1. Explain the pattern of the 3 and 4 compound meter (9/8 and 12/8 bars). 2. Demonstrate the technique of composing songs in 3 and 4 compound (9/8 and 12/8 bars).	Criteria: Appropriateness of the weight or level of difficulty of the song/repertoire with the application of the technique of changing songs/repertoire with compound rhythms  Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Techniques for changing songs/repertoire in 3 and 4 compounds (9/8 and 12/8 dimensions) Reference: Karl Edmund Prier, SJ. 1983. Becoming a Conductor Volume I: Techniques for Giving Cues. Yogyakarta: Liturgical Music Center.	5%
12	Knowing technique provides special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulation of technique. Understanding technique provides special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating technique using the left hand.	1. Mentioning technique provides special signs in changes in dynamics, changes in tempo, articulation of technique. 2. Explaining the technique of giving special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating techniques using the left hand	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique.  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Special signs, dynamics, tempo changes, technical articulation, and use of the left hand.  Reader: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%
13	Knowing technique provides special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulation of technique. Understanding technique provides special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating technique using the left hand.	1. Mentioning technique provides special signs in changes in dynamics, changes in tempo, articulation of technique. 2. Explaining the technique of giving special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating techniques using the left hand	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique.  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Special signs, dynamics, tempo changes, technical articulation, and use of the left hand.  Reader: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%

14	Knowing technique provides special signs in changing signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulation of technique. Understanding technique provides special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating technique using the left hand.	1. Mentioning technique provides special signs in changes in dynamics, changes in tempo, articulation of technique. 2. Explaining the technique of giving special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating techniques using the left hand	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique. Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Special signs, dynamics, tempo changes, technical articulation, and use of the left hand.  Reader: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%
15	Knowing technique provides special signs in changing signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulation of technique. Understanding technique provides special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating technique using the left hand.	1.Mentioning technique provides special signs in changes in dynamics, changes in tempo, articulation of technique. 2.Explaining the technique of giving special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating techniques using the left hand	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique.  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lecture Discussion Questions and Answers Demonstration Giving 2 X 50 Assignments	Material: Special signs, dynamics, tempo changes, technical articulation, and use of the left hand.  Reader: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	5%
16	Summative Exam	1.Mentioning technique provides special signs in changes in dynamics, changes in tempo, articulation of technique. 2.Explaining the technique of giving special signs in changing dynamics, changing tempo, articulating techniques using the left hand	Criteria: The assessment is based on the suitability of the choice of song/repertoire material with the application/implementation of the singing technique.  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Doing 2 X 50 problems	Material: Special signs, dynamics, tempo changes, technical articulation, and use of the left hand.  Reader: Agastya Rama Listya. 2007. AZ Choir Directors. Jakarta: Church Music Foundation in Indonesia.	20%

**Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning** 

Nο	Evaluation	Percentage
1	Participatory Activities	15%
1.		
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	50%
3.	Practice / Performance	35%
		100%

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization
  of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course. 4.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

  Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning,
- Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

  10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.