

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Mechanical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE		(Course Family		ly	Credit Weight		SEN	IESTER	Compilation Date			
Physics 2			212010311	.9					T=	:3 P=	D EC	ГS=4.77		2	July 16, 2024	
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer				Course Cluster Coordinator				Study Program Coordinator					
											Ir. Priyo Heru Adiwibowo, S.T., M.T.					
Learning model	l	Project Based L	earning	J												
Program Learning		PLO study program that is charged to the course														
Outcom		Program Objectives (PO)														
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix														
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		PO Matrix at th	e end (of each lea	rning sta	ae (Sub	-PO)									
						3- (,									
			P.	0						Week	(
				1 2	2 3	4 5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 16
Short Course Descript	tion	Students are abl magnetic fields, r	e to co esistano	mmunicate ce capacitors	an unders s, induced	tanding o emf, alte	of the rnating	conce currer	ots of nt	elect	ric field	ls, ele	ctric pot	ential	, direct e	ectric current,
Referen	ces	Main :														
		 Diah Wu Frederich Halliday, Sears Ze 	(j. Bueo Resnic	che, Schaum k, Jearl Wall	n&rsquos C ker, Princip	Dutline of ples Of Pl	nysics,	Ninth	Editio					Kese	:puluh,Er	langga, 2006.
		Supporters:														
Supporting lecturerBellina Yunitasari, S.Si., M.Si. Ahmad Saepuddin, S.T., M.Sc. Hanna Zakiyya, S.T., M.T.																
Week-	eac sta	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)		Evaluation					Stu	Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]			ma	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Su			ndicator	Crit	teria & F				1						
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)			(5)			(6)			(7)	(8)

1	Students are able to communicate their understanding of Coulomb's law	 Students Can: Explain electric charge Explain the structure of the atom Explain electroscope and electrometer Explain conductors and insulators Explain the loading of an object by induction Explain Coulomb's law 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
2	Students are able to communicate their understanding of the concepts of electric force, electric field and Gauss's law in a charge distribution	 Students can: Formulate Coulomb's law Explains the electric field by the distribution of electric charge Convey ideas/questions 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
3	Students are able to communicate their understanding of the concepts of electric force, electric field and Gauss's law in a charge distribution	1.Students can: Formulate Gauss's law 2.Applying Coulomb's and Gauss's laws to find the electric field for continuous charge distribution	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
4	Students are able to communicate their understanding of the concepts of electric potential and electrical potential energy and their relationships	 Students can: Formulate electric potential and its relationship to electric fields Finding the electric potential by the distribution of electric charge by point and continuous charge distribution Formulate electric potential energy and its relationship to electric force/field and electric potential Find the potential energy difference between two points in an electric field 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%

5	Students are able to formulate the working principles of capacitors and apply them	 Students can: Formulate how parallel plate capacitors work Analyzing capacitor circuits Explain the effect of dielectric on the capacitance of parallel plate capacitors Determines the energy stored in a charged capacitor 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
6	Students are able to communicate their understanding of current, resistance and electromotive force	 Students can: Analyze electric current and current density Determine the resistance of a conductor Explain electromotive force Convey ideas/questions 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
7	Students are able to communicate their understanding of direct current circuits and their devices	 Students can: Calculate the size of resistors in series and parallel Analyzing Kirchoff's laws Convey ideas/questions 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
8	-	UTS	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	- 2 X 50		0%
9	Students are able to communicate their understanding of magnetic induction and magnetic force	 Students can: Formulate magnetic induction around a wire carrying an electric current (Biot Savart's law) Formulate Ampere's law Convey ideas/questions 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
10	Students are able to communicate their understanding of magnetic induction and magnetic force	1.Students can: Explain the Lorentz Force 2.Explain the rotation period of an electric charge.	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
11	Assignment Presentation	-	Criteria: Completeness of reports on the results of electrical and magnetic system analysis	- 2 X 50		0%
12	Assignment Presentation	-	Criteria: Completeness of reports on the results of electrical and magnetic system analysis	- 2 X 50		0%

13	Students are able to communicate their understanding of induced electromotive forces	1.Students can: Formulate Faraday's concept of electromagnetic induction 2.Convey ideas/questions	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
14	Students are able to communicate their understanding of alternating current, its interrelationships, and its applications	 Students can: Formulate alternating current and voltage and their parameters Solve simple AC circuit problems consisting of R, L, and C using phasor diagrams 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
15	Students are able to communicate their understanding of alternating current, its interrelationships, and its applications	1.Students can: Explain resonance events in RLC circuits 2.Explaining the Transformer Concept 3.Convey ideas/questions	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
16	Final exams			2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No Evaluation Percentage

0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.