

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Mechanical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

				SEI	MES	TEF	R LE	ARI	INC	9 PI	LAN	1						
Courses			CODE		Course Family			Cre	Credit Weight				IESTER	Cor Dat	npilat e	ion		
Engineering Mechanics II			2120102047							P=0	ECTS=3.18		3		July 18, 2024			
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer					Course Cluster Coordinator					Study Program Coordinator					
												Ir. Priyo Heru Adiwibowo, S.T., M.T.						
Learning model		Case Studies																
Program	1	PLO study program that is charged to the course																
Outcome	es	Program Objectives (PO)																
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matri	x															
				P.0														
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																
			F	P.O	2 3	3 4	5	6 7	8	Weel 9	k 10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Short Course Descript	ion	This course prov static and static elastic line equa	vides ally in tions,	an understa determinat and diagra	anding o e theori m meth	of the p es, tens ods. Mo	roperties sile, con ohr's circ	s of sup npressiv cle.	ports, a e, shea	ınalysi ar, ben	s of nc ding a	ormal forc nd torsio	ces, n n stre	nomer esses,	nts of tru , therma	sses l, Ho	in cer oke's	tain aw,
Reference	ces	Main :																
		1. [1] Bear 2. [2] Hein 3. [3] Timo	, F.P. z Fric shenl	dan Johns k. 1991. Me ko, S. dan `	ton, E.R ekanika Young, I	R. 1987. Teknik D.H. 19	Statika 1 (Statil 90. Mek	. (Meka ka dan I anika T	nika unt Kegunaa eknik. J	uk Ins anya). akarta	inyur), Yogya :: Erlan	Jakarta: karta: Ka gga.	Erlan Inisiu	igga. s.				
		Supporters:																
Supporti lecturer	ing	Dr. Djoko Suwito Ir. Priyo Heru Ad	o, M.P liwibo	d. wo, S.T., N	I.T.													
Week-	Fina eac stac	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO) In		Evaluation					Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [ Estimated time]					Learning materials [ Beferences		sessm eight (	ient (%)	
	(Su			ndicator Criteria &			Form	Of of	fline( fline)	ine ( Online ( <i>online</i> ) ine )			)	]				
(1) (2)			(3) (4)					(5)		(6)				(7)		(8)		

1	Students are able to analyze the properties of supports and normal forces	Analyze the properties of supports and normal forces	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Active in question and answer 3.c. Seriousness in attending lectures 4.d. Compliance with the answer key	lecture, discussion, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 2 X 50		0%
2	Students are able to analyze bending moments in certain static and statically indeterminate theories	Analyzing bending moments in statically certain and statically indeterminate theories	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. Compliance with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 2 X 50		0%
3	Students are able to calculate the twisting moment	Calculating the twisting moment	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 2 X 50		0%
4	Students are able to calculate tensile and compressive stresses	Calculate tensile and compressive stress	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. Compliance with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%
5	Students are able to calculate tensile and compressive stresses	Calculate tensile and compressive stress	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. Compliance with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%
6	Students are able to analyze skeletal reaction actions in static and statically indeterminate theory	Analyzing skeletal reaction actions in static and statically indeterminate theories	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. Compliance with the answer key	lecture, discussion, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 2 X 50		0%
7	Students are able to analyze torsional moments of compressive and tensile stress	Analyze the torsional moment of compressive and tensile stress	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 2 X 50		0%
8	Sub Summative Exam	Sub Summative Exam	Criteria: conformity with the answer key	Sub Summative Exam 2 X 50		0%
9	Students are able to analyze shear and thermal stress	Analyzing shear and thermal stress	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%

10	Students are able to analyze shear and thermal stress	Analyzing shear and thermal stress	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%
11	Students are able to determine the stress-strain relationship in Hooke's law and the elastic line equation	Determine the stress- strain relationship in Hooke's law and the elastic line equation	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%
12	Students are able to determine the stress-strain relationship in Hooke's law and the elastic line equation	Determine the stress- strain relationship in Hooke's law and the elastic line equation	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%
13	Students are able to determine the stress-strain relationship using the Mohr's circle law method	Determine the stress- strain relationship using the Mohr's circle method	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%
14	Students are able to determine the stress-strain relationship using the Mohr's circle law method	Determine the stress- strain relationship using the Mohr's circle method	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 4 X 50		0%
15	Students are able to analyze stress- strain cases using the Mohr circle method	analyzed the stress-strain case in the mohr circle method	Criteria: 1.a. Presence 2.b. Activeness in attending lectures 3.c. conformity with the answer key	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, exercises and assignments 2 X 50		0%
16						0%

 Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

 No
 Evaluation

 Percentage

 0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.

- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.