

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Mechanical Engineering Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

| SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------|--|------|--------|-------------------|----------------|-----------|---------|--|--------|--------------------------|--------|------|----------|
| Courses | | | | COD | E | | | Cou | irse Fa | mily | | | | С | redit W | eight | | SEME | STER | Con | pilation |
| Production | on Ma | chine Elements | ; | 8320303240 | | | | | | | | | | Т | =3 P=0 | ECT | 5=4.77 | 3 | 3 | July | 17, 2024 |
| AUTHOR | RIZATI | ON | | SP D | Develo | per | | | | | | Course | Cluste | er Coor | dinator | | | | Progra | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ir. Wahyu Dwi Kurniawan S.Pd., M.Pd. | | | | | |
| Learning model | I | Case Studies | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Program | | PLO study pro | gram | that | that is charged to the course | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Learning | | Program Objec | ogram Objectives (PO) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (PLO) | | PLO-PO Matrix | C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | P | .0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ī | PO Matrix at th | ne enc | d of e | ach le | arnin | g stag | e (Sul | b-PO) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ī | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | F | P.0 | | | | Week | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 5 | 16 |
| Short Course Descript | | This course contains elements of 13 machine elements: pins, shafts, gears, clutches and brakes, bearings. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reference | ces | Main : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ī | Spotts. N Shigley I | MF, De Mischl | atso Suga ; Dasar Perencanaan dan pemilihan elemen mesin, P.T. Pradnya Paramita Jakarta , 1983. esign of machine of Element, Prentice hall , USA, 2000. ke, Mechanical Engineering Design, McGraw Hill, USA, 2000. iku ajar Elemen Mesin, Jurusan T.Mesin F.Teknik UNESA, Surabaya 2008. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | Supporters: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Support | ing | Dr. Mochamad C | cholik, | M.Pd. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| lecturer Week- | Veek- Final abilities of each learning stage | | | | Evaluation | | | | Help Learning Learning metho Student Assignm [Estimated tim | | | ethods, inment | ods, ients, | | | Learning materials [References | | Assessment Weight (%) | | | |
| | | -РО) | In | ndicat | or | Crite | eria & | Form | | | | | Onlin | e (onlir | ne) | Refer | | | .9(/// | | |
| (1) | | (2) | | (3) | | | (4) | | | | (5 |) | | | | (6) | , | (7 | 7) | | (8) |
| 1 | | dents are able | 1. | Expla | in the | Crite | ria: | | | | | esponse | 9 | | | | | | | | 0% |
| ur th ar | | explain their lerstanding of construction l calculation of size of gear ts | 2. | | ruction ars ins ation ar | see | e rubric | | 3 X 50 |) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | to explain their understanding of the construction and calculation of the sizes of gear | | con gea Exp calc gea | Explair Istructi Irs2. Dlains 1 Culatio Ir amete | ion of the n of | Crite see | e ria: e rubric | | lecture 3 X 50 | | sionre | sponse | | | | | | | | | 0% |

| 2 | Studente era abla | 1 - • • | Critoria | locture discussion respects | | 00/ |
|---|---|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----|
| 3 | Students are able to explain their understanding of fixed clutches Students are able to explain their understanding of fluid clutches Students are able to explain their understanding of fluid clutches | Explain about fixed clutch Explain about fluid coupling Explain about cone clutch Explain the planning of a fixed clutch Explain the planning of fluid couplings explains the planning of cone couplings explains the planning of the friwil clutch Determine the fluid coupling number Determining the size of the fixed clutch Determining the size of the force acting on the cone and friwil clutch | Criteria: see rubric | lecturediscussionresponse 3 X 50 | | 0% |
| 4 | Students are able to explain their understanding of fixed clutches Students are able to explain their understanding of fluid clutches Students are able to explain their understanding of cone clutches Students are able to explain their understanding of fluid clutches | clutch 1. Explain about fixed clutch 2. Explain about fluid coupling 3. Explain about cone clutch 4. Explain about friwil clutch 5. Explain the planning of a fixed clutch 6. Explain the planning of fluid couplings 7. explains the planning of cone couplings 8. explains the planning of the friwil clutch 9. Determine the fluid coupling 10. Determining the size of the fixed clutch 11. Determine the force acting on the cone and friwil clutch 12.: | Criteria: see rubric | lecturediscussionresponse 3 X 50 | | 0% |

| 5 | Students are able to explain their understanding of fixed clutches Students are able to explain their understanding of fluid couplings Students are able to explain their understanding of cone clutches Students are able to explain their understanding of fluid clutches | 1. Explain about fixed clutch2. Explain about fluid coupling 3. Explain about cone clutch 4. Explaining the friwil5 clutch. Explain the planning of a fixed clutch 6. Explain the planning of fluid couplings7. explain the planning of cone couplings8. explain the planning of the friwil clutch9. Determine the fluid coupling number10. Determine the fixed clutch11. Determine the force acting on the cone and friwil clutch | Criteria: see rubric | LecturesDiscussionsResponsesDoing questions in class 3 X 50 | | 0% |
|---|---|--|-------------------------|---|--|----|
| 6 | Students are able to understand the concept of glide bearings Students are able to classify glide bearings Students are able to explain the use of glide bearings Students are able to explain the properties of materials used for glide bearings Students are able to plan glide bearings | Students are able to explain the concept of glide bearings Students are able to explain the classification of glide bearings Students are able to describe the use of glide bearings Students are able to describe the properties of glide bearings applied to problems Students are able to complete calculations in designing glide bearings | Criteria: see rubric | lecture discussion response 3 X 50 | | 0% |
| 7 | Students are able to understand the concept of glide bearings Students are able to classify glide bearings Students are able to explain the use of glide bearings Students are able to explain the properties of materials used for glide bearings Students are able to design glide bearings | Students are able to explain the concept of glide bearings Students are able to explain the classification of glide bearings Students are able to describe the use of glide bearings Students are able to describe the properties of glide bearings applied to problems Students are able to complete calculations in designing glide bearings | Criteria: see rubric | 3 X 50 response discussion lecture | | 0% |
| 8 | sub summative exam | sub summative exam | Criteria: see rubric | do the 3 X 50 problem | | 0% |

| 9 | Students are able to understand the concept of rolling bearings Students are able to classify rolling bearings Students are able to understand the elements of rolling bearings Students are able to understand the materials used for rolling bearings Students are able to understand the design concept of rolling bearings | Students are able to explain the concept of rolling bearings Students are able to explain the classification of rolling bearings Students are able to describe the elements of rolling bearings Students are able to choose the right material for rolling bearings based on existing problems Students are able to calculate when designing rolling bearings | Criteria: see rubric | lecture discussion response 3 X 50 | | 0% |
|----|--|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----|
| 10 | Students are able to understand the concept of rolling bearings Students are able to classify rolling bearings Students are able to understand the elements of rolling bearings Students are able to understand the materials used for rolling bearings Students are able to understand the design concept of rolling bearings | Students are able to explain the concept of rolling bearings Students are able to explain the classification of rolling bearings Students are able to describe the elements of rolling bearings Students are able to choose the right material for rolling bearings based on existing problems Students are able to calculate when designing rolling bearings | Criteria: see rubric | lecture discussion response 3 X 50 | | 0% |
| 11 | Students are able to understand single block brakes Students are able to understand the application of single block brakes in problems related to mechanical engineering Students are able to understand the parts of single block brakes Students are able to understand how single block brakes work Students are able to understand the design concept of single block brakes | Students are able to explain the concept of a single block brake Students are able to explain the application of a single block brake Students are able to describe the parts of a single block brake Students are able to apply how a single block brake works Students are able to carry out calculations for the design concept of a single block brake | Criteria: see rubric | lecture discussion response 3 X 50 | | 0% |
| 12 | Students are able to understand single block brakes Students are able to understand the application of single block brakes in problems related to mechanical engineering Students are able to understand the block brakes Students are able to understand how single block brakes work Students are able to understand the brakes work Students are able to understand the design concept of single block brakes | Students are able to explain the concept of a single block brake Students are able to explain the application of a single block brake Students are able to describe the parts of a single block brake Students are able to apply how a single block brake works Students are able to carry out calculations for the design concept of a single block | Criteria: see rubric | lecture discussion response 3 X 50 | | 0% |

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|----|---|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|----|
| 13 | Students are able to understand the concept of double block brakes Students are able to understand the elements of double block brakes Students are able to understand how double block brakes work Students are able to understand the design concept of double block brakes | Students are able to explain the concept of double block brakes Students are able to describe the elements of double block brakes Students are able to apply how double block brakes work through design concepts Students are able to calculate the power acting on double block brakes | Criteria: see rubric | lecture discussion response 3 X 50 | | 0% |
| 14 | Students are able to understand the concept of drum brakes Students are able to understand the classification of drum brakes Students are able to understand the parts of drum brakes Students are able to understand the materials used in drum brakes Students are able to calculate the actual force on drum brakes | Students are able to explain the concept of drum brakes Students are able to describe the classification of drum brakes Students are able to describe the parts of drum brakes based on predetermined classifications Students are able to choose the right material for drum brakes according to the classifications Students are able to complete calculations to find the actual force on drum brakes Students are able to apply calculations drum brakes for drum brakes for drum brakes for drum brakes for drum brakes for drum brakes for drum brakes | Criteria: see rubric | lecturediscussionresponse 3 X 50 | | 0% |
| 15 | Students are able to understand the concept of drum brakes Students are able to understand the classification of drum brakes Students are able to understand the parts of drum brakes Students are able to understand the materials used in drum brakes Students are able to calculate the actual force on drum brakes | Students are able to explain the concept of drum brakes Students are able to describe the classification of drum brakes Students are able to describe the parts of drum brakes based on predetermined classifications Students are able to choose the right material for drum brakes according to the classifications determined Students are able to complete calculations to find the actual force on drum brakes Students are able to apply calculations drum brakes for drum brakes for drum brakes for drum brakes | Criteria: see rubric | lecturediscussionresponse 3 X 50 | | 0% |
| 16 | | | | | | 0% |
| | | | | | | |

 Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

 No
 Evaluation

 Percentage

 0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
 Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final
- ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice,
- Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods. 9.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics. 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.