

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Mechanical Engineering Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER	LEARNING	PLAN

Courses				CODE		Course		Credit Weight			SEM	IESTER	Compilation Date			
Digital Module Development			832030224	19			Т=	2 P=0	ЕСТ	S=3.18		6	July 18, 2024			
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer			Course Cluster Coordinator				Study Program Coordinator						
												Ir. Wahyu Dwi Kurniawan, S.Pd., M.Pd.				
Learning model	I	Case Studies														
Program Learning		PLO study program that is charged to the course														
Outcom (PLO)																
(FLO)		PLO-PO Matrix														
				P.O												
		PO Matrix at th	ne end	of each le	earning stage	e (Sub-PC))									
	P.O Week															
				1	2 3 4	5 6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14 1	15 16	
Short Course Descript	tion	This course equi start from the de the practice of co	finition	of modules	s, the benefits	y to maste of module	r conce∣ s, modi	pts and Jle cha	d prae Iracte	ctice co ristics,	mpiling and te	g digital chnique	modu s for	les. The compiling	discussion will 3 modules and	
Referen	ces	Main :														
		Supporters:														
Support lecturer																
Week- eac	nal abilities of ch learning age		Ev	Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]						Learning materials [References		Assessment Weight (%)				
	(Su	b-PO)	In	dicator	Criteria &	& Form		ine(ine)		Online	e (onli	ne)		1		
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(4)		5)		(6)				(7)	(8)	

	meaning of modules in general and digital modules in particular. Explain the characteristics of modules and types of modules.	the module 2.Students are able to differentiate between printed modules and digital modules 3.Students are able to analyze a module and make conclusions about whether the module is good or bad according to the results of the analysis	students, Method: Lectures, discussions and assignments, 2 X 50		
2	Explain the benefits of learning modules		2 X 50		0%
3	Explain the difference between modules and books		2 X 50		0%
4	Explain the characteristics and types of learning modules		2 X 50		0%
5	Identifying good modules		2 X 50		0%
6	Explain the method or steps for compiling a modu		2 X 50		0%
7	Explains the method or steps for compiling a module		2 X 50		0%
8	UTS		2 X 50		0%
9	Digital module development models		2 X 50		0%
10	Digital module development models		 2 X 50		0%
11	Digital module validation techniques		2 X 50		0%
12	Digital module validation techniques		2 X 50		0%
13	Evaluate digital learning modules		2 X 50		0%
14	Preparation of digital modules 1 subject		2 X 50		0%
15	Preparation of digital modules 1 subject		2 X 50		0%
16					0%

 Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

 No
 Evaluation

 Percentage

 0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- **10. Learning materials** are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.