



Main:

References

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Bachelor of Mathematics Education Study Program

		SEN	IES) I E	=K	LE	AF	KIVI	INC	, P	LA	N						
Courses		CODE				Cou	rse F	amily	y	Cre	Credit Weight				SEME	STER	Con	npilatio
Writing Scie	842020216	9			Compulsory Study Program Subjects		T=:	2 P=	0 E	CTS=	3.18		6	July	17, 20			
AUTHORIZA [*]	TION	SP Develo	SP Developer			Jubje	Course Cluster Coordinator				or	Study Program Coordinator						
									Roos	elyna	Ekaw	<i>ı</i> ati	Ph D		Dr	Endah	Rudi l	Rahaiu
	1											,					.Pd.	
Learning model	Project Based	l Learning																
Program	PLO study p	rogram that is cha	rged	l to t	he co	ourse)											
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-5	Demonstrate a so	ientifi	ic, cri	tical a	and in	nova	tive a	attitud	e in te	achin	g an	d learn	ning m	nathem	natics a	nd pro	ofessio
(1 20)	PLO-8	Designing, impler	nentir	ng an	d eva	luatin	ıg ma	them	natics	learni	ng us	ing I	Т					
	PLO-9	Communicate ide	as an	ıd res	earch	ı resu	lts ef	fectiv	ely, v	erball	y and	liter	ally					
	PLO-14	Demonstrate know	wledg	je rela	ated t	o mat	hema	atics	educa	ation r	esear	ch						
	Program Obj	ectives (PO)																
	PO - 1	Demonstrate math	onstrate mathematical pedagogical knowledge in writing scientific papers															
	PO - 2	Make appropriate mathematics educ	e appropriate decisions regarding the selection of themes and preparation of scientific papers in the field c ematics education															
	PO - 3	Able to compose communicate ther	e to compose scientific papers in order to solve mathematics education problems comprehensively and imunicate them with the help of ICT															
	PO - 4	Able to work independently and collaborate with full responsibility in scientific writing assignments																
	PLO-PO Matrix																	
		P.O	DI 0.5 DI				PLC	١ ٥		DI	.O-9			1014				
		-		PLO-5 PL			PLC	3-0 1 20-3				PLO-14						
		PO-1																
		PO-2																
		PO-3								+			+					
		PO-4																
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																	
		P.O	P.O					Week										
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		PO-1																
		PO-2																
		PO-3																
		PO-4																

- Janne, J. 2005. A Guide to Scientific Writing . AIVI Academic Press
 Matthews, J.R & Matthews, R.W. 2015. Successful Scientific Writing . Cambridge University Press
 Dwiloka, B dan Riana, R . 2005. Teknik Menulis Karya Ilmiah . Jakarta: Rineka Cipta.

Supporters:

1. Jurnal internasional di bidang pendidikan Matematika

Supporting lecturer

Dr. Pradnyo Wijayanti, M.Pd. Prof. Rooselyna Ekawati, Ph.D. Ahmad Wachidul Kohar, S.Pd., M.Pd. Dr. Ali Shodikin, S.Pd., M.Pd.

Week-	stage		luation	Lear Stude	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(SuĎ-PO)	Indicator Criteria & Form		Offline (Online (online) offline)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Mastering the meaning, scope, function and types of scientific writing	Explain the meaning, scope, function and types of scientific writing	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Collaborative Learning Approach (expository, discussion and question and answer) 100 minutes		Material: Definition, scope, function and types of scientific writing. Reference: Janne, J. 2005. A Guide to Scientific Writing. AIVI Academic Press Material: Type of scientific writing Library: International journal in the field of Mathematics education	5%	
2	Able to understand IMRAD format as the main basis for writing scientific papers	Explain the basics of writing scientific papers such as Introduction, Methods, Results And Discussion (IMRAD)	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Collaborative Learning Approach (expository, discussion and question and answer) 100 minutes		Material: Definition, scope, function and types of scientific writing. Reference: Janne, J. 2005. A Guide to Scientific Writing. AIVI Academic Press Material: Type of scientific writing Library: International journal in the field of Mathematics education	5%	

3	Able to understand the theme of written work in Mathematics Education	Explains several themes of written work in mathematics education	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Collaborative Learning Approach (expository, discussion and question and answer) 100 minutes	Material: Definition, scope, function and types of scientific writing. Reference: Janne, J. 2005. A Guide to Scientific Writing. AIVI Academic Press Material: Type of scientific writing Library: International journal in the field of Mathematics education	5%
4	Understand writing as an internal scientific process and understand journal systematics	1. Explain writing as a scientific process 2. Understand the systematics of journals in the field of mathematics education	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers		0%
5	Understand the journal and its reputation	Explains reputable national and international journals	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Collaborative Learning Approach (expository, discussion, and question and answer)		0%
6	1. Understand scientific articles in reputable journals in the field of Mathematics education	Reviewing reputable scientific journal articles	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Collaborative Learning Approach (expository, discussion, and question and answer)		0%
7	Understand the PBM approach (Pre-writing, writing, and post- writing)	Explain the PBM approach (pre-writing, writing, and post-writing)	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Collaborative Learning Approach (expository, discussion, and question and answer)		0%
8				UTS		0%
9	Designing scientific work through pre- writing activities	Draft a scientific work with pre-writing such as formulating a theme, compiling a concept map, collecting supporting data		Learning Form: Practice Learning Method: Project based learning		0%
10	Designing scientific work through pre- writing activities	Draft a scientific work with pre-writing such as formulating a theme, compiling a concept map, collecting supporting data		Learning Form: Practice Learning Method: Project based learning		0%

11	Designing scientific work through pre- writing activities	Draft a scientific work with pre-writing such as formulating a theme, compiling a concept map, collecting supporting data		Learning Form: Practice Learning Method: Project based learning		0%
12	Designing scientific work through pre- writing activities	Draft a scientific work with pre-writing such as formulating a theme, compiling a concept map, collecting supporting data		Learning Form: Practice Learning Method: Project based learning		0%
13	Communicate and present scientific articles that have been developed	Presents scientific articles that have been developed	Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Learning Form: Performance and practice Learning Method: Project based learning		0%
14	Communicate and present scientific articles that have been developed	Presents scientific articles that have been developed	Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Learning Form: Performance and practice Learning Method: Project based learning		0%
15	Communicate and present scientific articles that have been developed	Presents scientific articles that have been developed	Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Learning Form: Performance and practice Learning Method: Project based learning		0%
16				UAS		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	15%
		15%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
 which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills
 and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent

- methods.

 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.