

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Bachelor of Mathematics Education Study Program

Document Code

## SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE	Course Family	Cre	Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Ethnomathematics		8420202052		Т=:	2 P=0	ECTS=3.18	8	July 17, 2024			
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer		Course Cluster Coordinator		Study Program Coordinator				
							Dr. Endah Budi Rahaju,				
Learning Project Base			d Learning				M.Pd.				
model		-		-							
Program Learning Outcomes		PLO study program which is charged to the course									
		Program Objectives (PO)									
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix									
			P.O								
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub PO)									
	·	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)									
			Г	P.0			Wee	ak			
									2 13 14 15 16		
			L	1 2 3 4	+ 5 0		9		2 13 14	15 10	
Short Course Description Examining the meaning of ethnomathematics, studying various articles about eth exploring culture or traditions in Indonesia that have mathematical value in learning mathematical provide the statematical value in learning mathematical value in le							es about ethn learning mathe	omathematics, matics			
References		Main :									
		M M 20 UI Cu Ar M	] Franscois, Karen and Van Kerkhove, Bart. 2011. Ethnomathematics and The Philosophy of athematics (Education). In Benedikt Lowe, Thomas Muller (eds). PhiMSAMP. Philosophy of athematics: Sociological Aspects and Mathematical Practice . College Publications, London. 10. Texs in Philosophy 11; pp.121-154. [2] Mesquita, Monica, Restivo, Sal. & D'Ambrosio, biratan. 2011. Asphalt Children and City Streets: A Life, A City, and A Case Study of History, ulture, and Ethnomathematics in Sao Paulo . ROTTERDAM: SENSE PUBLISHER. [3] Powell, thur B. & Frankenstein, Marilyn (Eds). 1997. Ethnomathematics: Challenging Eurocentrism in athematics Education . New York: State University of New York Press. [4] Ascher, Marcia. 291. Ethnomathematics: A Multicultural View of Mathematics Ideas . Pasific Grove: rooks/Cole Publishing Company								
		Supporters:									
Support lecturer	ing	Dr. Endah Budi Rahaju, M.Pd.									
	Fina			Evaluation		Learn Studen		thods, nments,	Learning		
Week-	eac	ilities of ch arning							materials [	Assessment Weight (%)	

	stage (Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( offline )	Online ( <i>online</i> )	References ]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1							0%
2							0%
3							0%
4							0%
5							0%
6							0%
7							0%
8							0%
9							0%
10							0%
11							0%
12							0%
13							0%
14							0%
15							0%
16							0%

**Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning** 

No	Evaluation	Percentage	
		0%	

## Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and

- other equivalent methods. 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several 10. Learning materials are details of descriptions of study materials when can be presented in the result of materials and the result of an and the result of the properties of study materials when can be presented in the result of an and the result of the properties of study materials when can be presented in the result of the result of the properties of study materials when can be presented in the result of the result of the result of the properties of study materials when can be presented in the result of the result o