

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business Bachelor of Management Study Program

Document Code

				SE	ME	STE	RL	EA	RN	ING	PL	.AN						
Courses			COD	E			(	Course Family		Cred	dit We	ight	SEM	ESTER		ompila ate	ation	
Monetary Eco	onomics		6120	1030	34			Compulsory Study		T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.7	7	3	Jı	uly 17,	2024	
AUTHORIZAT	ΓΙΟΝ		SP D	Devel	oper			Progran	n Subj		se Clu	ster C	oordinator	Stud	Study Program Coordinato		ator	
			R.A.	Sista	Parar	nita, S.E	E., M.S	i.			Madar naninç		S.E., S.Pd.,	Yuy	un Isbana	ah, S	.E., M.S	SM.
Learning model	Case Studies													•				
Program Learning	PLO study program which is charged to the course																	
Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-14 (PLO 1) Graduates are able to master management theory as a whole																	
,PLO)	Program Objectives (PO)																	
	PLO-PO Matrix																	
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																	
		P.	0								Week	(						٦
				1	2	3 4	. 5	6	7	8	9	10	11 1	2 13	14	15	16	
																		_
Short Course Description	This course is a commercial bank balance, fiscal a discussions, and examines the ce policy theory, the payments. The le	s, non-band mo assign assign ntral ba theory	oank f netary ments nk and of mor	inanc poli usin d the ney s	ial insi icy, ar ig caso financ upply a	titutions, nd interi e studie cial serv and dem	, inflati nationa es. Thi ices a nand, r	ion, mo al bala s cours uthority noney r	netary nce o se is a , com narke	policy f payn study nercial balan	theory nents. of the banks ce, fisc	y, mon The e basi s, non- cal and	ley supply a learning m c concepts -bank finand d monetary	and dema ethods a of mone cial instit policy, ar	and theory used are etary econutions, in	y, mo lect nomy flatio	oney m ures, g / in wh n, mon	arke group nich i netary
References	Main :																	
	<ol> <li>Manurung, Mandala dan Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Uang, Perbankan dan Ekonomi Moneter. Jakarta: Fakultas Ekonomi UI</li> <li>Sudirman, Iwayan. 2011. Kebijakan Fiskaldan Moneter: Teori dan Empirikal. Jakarta: Kencana.</li> <li>Firdaus, Rachmat. 2011. Pengantar Teori Moneter: Serta Aplikasinya pada Sistem Ekonomi Konvensional &amp; Syariah. Bandu: Alfabeta</li> </ol>																	
	Supporters:																	
Supporting ecturer	Drs. Ec. Budiono Prof. Dr. Jun Surj Dr. Harlina Meidi R.A. Sista Param Dhiah Fitrayati, S Muhammad Husa	anti, S.I aswati, S ita, S.E .Pd., M.	S.E., N ., M.S .E.	M.Si. i.														
Fin	al abilities of	, 0.1	, IVI.I		valuat	ion				Lea	elp Le	metho		1.	arnina			

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalu	ation	Lear Stude	elp Learning, rning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)	
(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( offline )	Online ( online )	[ References ]			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	

	1		1	,		r	
1	Understand the basic concepts of monetary economics	1.Explain the scope of monetary economics 2.State the function of money in the economy 3.Distinguish between M1, M2, and M3 4.Explain the development of forms of money 5.Can mention the classification of money 6.Can explain the various types of monetary standards	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	omeR N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Material: basic concepts of nonetary conomics References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. Proposed of the Conomics. Packets: Ulfaculty of Economics.  Material: basic concepts of nonetary conomics Reference: Sudirman, wayan.2011. Fisical and Monetary Prolicy: Theory and Empirical. Hakarta: Kencana.  Material: basic concepts of nonetary colicy: Theory and Empirical. Hakarta: Kencana.  Material: basic concepts of nonetary conomics Reference: Firdaus, Reconomics Reference: Firdaus, Reconomic Reference: Firdaus, Reconomic Reference: Firdaus, Reconomic Reference: Firdaus, Reconomic Reconomi	2%

2	Explaining central	1 ovalain the	Criteria:	discussion,	Material:	2%
	banks and OJK	1.explain the concept and meaning of central banking 2.Mention the functions and duties of the central bank 3.Explain central bank policy 4.Explain the independence of the central bank 5.Can describe the central bank in Indonesia 6.Can explain the concept, function and objectives of the Financial Services Authority	holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	central bank and OJK Literature: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: central bank and OJK Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.	270
					Material: central bank and OJK Reference: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	
3	Explaining central banks and OJK	1.explain the concept and meaning of central banking 2.Mention the functions and duties of the central bank 3.Explain central bank policy 4.Explain the independence of the central bank 5.Can describe the central bank in Indonesia 6.Can explain the concept, function and objectives of the Financial Services Authority	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	Material: central bank and OJK Literature: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: central bank and OJK Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: central bank and OJK Reference: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	2%

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4	Explaining Inflation	1.Explain the basic meaning of inflation 2.Describe the types of inflation 3.Describe the effects of inflation 4.Explain how to prevent inflation 5.Explain the relationship between inflation and unemployment	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50		Material: Inflation Literature: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics.  Material: Inflation Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Inflation Library: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	2%

5	Explain the theory	1 Explain the	Criteria:	discussion.	Material:	2%
5	Explain the theory of money demand and the theory of money supply	1.Explain the classical theory of money demand 2.Explain Keyness's theory of money demand 3.Explain the concept of money supply theory	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	Material: money demand theory and money supply theory References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: money demand theory and money supply theory Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: money demand theory and money supply theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: money demand theory and money supply theory Library: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung:	2%
					Alphabeta	

6	Explain the theory	1.Explain the	Criteria:	discussion,	Material:	3%
	of money demand	classical theory	holistic rubric	case study	money demand	
	and the theory of	of money		Presentation	theory and	
	money supply	demand	Form of	and	money supply	
			Assessment :	discussion	theory	
		2.Explain	Participatory	3x50	References:	
		Keyness's	Activities	3,30	Manurung,	
		theory of money	Activities			
		demand			Mandala and	
		3.Explain the			Rahardja,	
		concept of			Prathama.	
					2004. Money,	
		money supply			Banking and	
		theory			Monetary	
					Economics.	
					Jakarta: UI	
					Faculty of	
					Economics.	
					ECOHOHIICS.	
					Material:	
					money demand	
					theory and	
					money supply	
					theory	
					Reference:	
					Sudirman,	
					lwayan.2011.	
					Fiscal and	
					Monetary	
					Policy: Theory	
					and Empirical.	
					Jakarta :	
					Kencana.	
					Material:	
					money demand	
					theory and	
					money supply	
					theory	
					Library:	
					Firdaus,	
					Rachmat.2011.	
					Introduction to	
					Monetary	
					Theory: and its	
					Application to	
					Conventional &	
					Sharia .	
					Economic	
					Systems.	
					Bandung:	

7	Money market, capital market and forex market	1.Describe the concepts and definitions of the money	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of	discussion, case study Presentation and	Material: Money market, capital market and foreign	2%
		the money market, capital market and forex market 2.Identify instruments traded in the money market, capital market and forex market 3.Identify risks in the money market, capital market and forex market 4.Explain the development of the money market, capital market and forex market	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	and discussion 3x50	and foreign exchange market References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: Money market, capital market and foreign exchange market Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan. 2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Jakarta:	
8	Midterm exam				Material: Money market, capital market and foreign exchange market Reference: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	2004
8	імійцетті ехат		Form of Assessment : Test			20%

9	Analyze the international balance of payments	1.Explain the definition of goods and services transactions 2.Calculate the difference in the balance of payments 3.explains monetary traffic 4.explain several meanings of balance in the balance of payments 5.Analyze the balance of payments 6.explains the international balance of payments, international trade balance, wealth balance, and accounts payable	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	Material: international balance of payments References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: international balance of payments Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: international balance of payments Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: international balance of payments Reference: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	5%

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10	explain Monetary and Fiscal theory and policy	1.Explain and analyze monetary theory and policy 2.Explain and analyze Fiscal Theory and Policy  1.Explain and analyze Fiscal Theory and Policy  1.Explain and analyze Fiscal Theory and Policy	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	Material: Monetary a Fiscal theo and policy Literature: Manurung, Mandala al Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Mone Banking an Monetary Economics Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics  Material: Monetary a Fiscal theo and policy Reference Sudirman, Iwayan.201 Fiscal and Monetary Policy: The and Empiri Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Monetary a Fiscal theo and policy Reference Circlaus, Rachmat.2 Introduction Monetary Theory: an Application Conventior Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	nd ey, d

explain Monetary and Fiscal theory and policy  1.Explain and analyze monetary theory and policy  2.Explain and analyze Fiscal Theory and Policy  Activities  1.Explain and analyze Fiscal Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities  Activities  discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50  3x50	Material: Monetary and Fiscal theory and policy Literature: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: Monetary and Fiscal theory and policy Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Monetary and Fiscal theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Monetary and Fiscal theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Monetary and Fiscal theory and policy Reference: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta

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analy Evolu Trans	ain and rize the ution and smission of etary policy in lesia  1.Describe the Evolution of Monetary Polici in Indonesia 2.Explaining the Transmission Monetary Polici in Indonesia	Assessment : Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	Material: Evolution and Transmission of monetary policy in Indonesia References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics.  Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: Evolution and Transmission of monetary policy in Indonesia Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Evolution and Transmission of monetary policy in Indonesia Reference: Firdaus, Rachmat. 2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems.	5%
				Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	

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Explain and analyze the Evolution and Transmission of monetary policy in Indonesia	1.Describe the Evolution of Monetary Policy in Indonesia 2.Explaining the Transmission of Monetary Policy in Indonesia	Criteria: holistic rubric  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	Material: Evolution and Transmission of monetary policy in Indonesia References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: Evolution and Transmission of monetary policy in Indonesia Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Evolution and Transmission of monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Evolution and Transmission of monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.	5%

Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy  1. Concluding the definition and objectives of financial inclusion 2. Describe the National Strategy for Financial Inclusion 3. Identifying  1. Concluding the definition and objectives of financial inclusion and macroprudential policy Presentation and discussion 3x50  Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and				
indicators for the development of the Financial Inclusion program 4. Identify financial inclusion programs 5. Describe financial inclusion and coordination and cooperation and cooperation of formacroprudential policy 6. Concluding the definition and basic concepts of macroprudential policy 7. Distinguish between Macroprudential and Macroprudential and Microprudential and Microprudential and Microprudential and Microprudential and Microprudential policy 8. Identifying macroprudential inclusion and macroprudential policy 8. Identifying macroprudential indicators 8. Identifying macroprudential indicators 8. Identifying macroprudential indicators 8. Identifying macroprudential indicators 8. Identifying Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia	and macroprudential	definition and objectives of financial inclusion 2.Describe the National Strategy for Financial Inclusion 3.Identifying indicators for the development of the Financial Inclusion program 4.Identify financial inclusion education programs 5.Describe financial inclusion coordination and cooperation 6.Concluding the definition and basic concepts of macroprudential policy 7.Distinguish between Macroprudential and Microprudential Policies 8.Identifying macroprudential	case study Presentation and discussion	Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.

15	Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy	1.Concluding the definition and objectives of financial inclusion 2.Describe the National Strategy for Financial Inclusion 3.Identifying indicators for the development of the Financial Inclusion program 4.Identify financial inclusion program 5.Describe financial inclusion education programs 5.Describe financial inclusion coordination and cooperation 6.Concluding the definition and basic concepts of macroprudential policy 7.Distinguish between Macroprudential and Microprudential Policies 8.Identifying macroprudential indicators	Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion, case study Presentation and discussion 3x50	Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy References: Manurung, Mandala and Rahardja, Prathama. 2004. Money, Banking and Monetary Economics. Jakarta: UI Faculty of Economics.  Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy Reference: Sudirman, Iwayan.2011. Fiscal and Monetary Policy: Theory and Empirical. Jakarta: Kencana.  Material: Financial inclusion and macroprudential policy Reference: Firdaus, Rachmat.2011. Introduction to Monetary Theory: and its Application to Conventional & Sharia Economic Systems. Bandung: Alphabeta	5%
16	end of semester exam		Form of Assessment : Test			30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case S				
No	Evaluation	Percentage		
1.	Participatory Activities	50%		
2.	Test	50%		
		100%		

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
  Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
  study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on
  predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased.
  Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
  Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
  11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
  12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.