

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business Bachelor of Management Study Program

Document Code

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	SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN																			
Courses			CODE				Cou	rse F	amil	у	(Credit Weight			SEM	STEF	Co	mpila te	tion	
MPK-Business Law			6120102196						7	Γ=2	P=0	ECTS=	3.18		6	July	y 17, 2	2024		
AUTHORIZATION			SP Develop	er						Co	urse	Clus	ter C	oordina	tor	Study Program Coordinator				
											sbanal 1.SM.	banah, S.E., .SM.								
Learning model	Project Based	Learn	ing																	
Program	PLO study pr	ogran	n that is ch	arge	d to	the	cours	se												
Learning Outcomes	Program Objectives (PO)																			
(PLO)	PO - 1	C4. Students are able to accurately study the legal basis relating to MSMEs and companies																		
	PO - 2	C5. S	tudents are a	able to	o ass	ess i	n deta	ail the	imp	act of	f regu	ılatioı	ns/law	s on bu	sines	s activ	ities			
	PO - 3	A5. St	tudents are a	ble to	sho	w a f	irm at	titude	in e	nforc	ing a	pplica	able re	egulation	ns/lav	vs.				
	PLO-PO Matri	ix																		
	PO Matrix at t	PC PC	P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 Pd of each le	earn 1	ing s	3	e (Su	b-PC	6	7	8	We 9	ek 10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Short Course Description	After attending can be used to expected to be companies and transaction in Ir	analy e able I empl	ze business to understa oyees. This	decis and, lectu	sions, comp re is	nan orehe inter	nely e end a nded	cono nd a to pro	mic, nalyz ovide	legal ze et kno	and hical wledg	ethic issu ge al	al poi es an oout e	nts of v ıd legal thics ar	iew. <i>A</i> issu nd ba	Apart fr es su sic leg	om the rround al pro	at, stuing convision	idents onsum s in e	are ners, every
	civil law & com and questions assignments, di	and a	answers, wh	ích is	s equ	uippe														
References	Main :																			

- 1. Arus Akbar & Andi Fariana. 2010. Aspek Hukum Ekonomi dan Bisnis. Jakarta Mitra Wacan Media.
- 2. Arus Akbar Silondas. 2011. Pokok-pokok Hukum Bisnis. Salemba Empat
- 3. Handri Rahardo, SH. 2009. Hukum Perusahaan. Pustaka Yustisia Yogyakarta.
- Kansil, CST. 2001. Hukum Perusahaan Indonesia (Aspek Hukum dalam Ekonomi) Bagian I. Pradnya Paramita, Jakarta.
- Kansil, CST. 2001. Hukum Perusahaan Indonesia (Aspek Hukum dalam EKonomi) Bagian II. Pradnya Paramita, Jakarta.
- 6. Marbun. 2009. Membuat Perjanjian yang Aman dan Sesuai Hukum. Puspa Swara Jakarta.
- Neni Sri Imaniyati. 2009. Hukum Bisnis: Telaah tentang Pelaku dan Kegiatan Ekonomi. Graha ILmu Yogyakarta.
- 8. Rahayu Hartini. 2009. Penyelesaian Sengketa Kepailitan di Indonesia. Kencana Jakarta.
- 9. Rai Widjaya. 2002. Hukum Perusahaan (edisi Revisi). Megapoin: Kesaint Blanc-IKAPI Bekasi Jawa Barat.
- 10. Sanusi Bintang & Dahlan. 2000. Pokok-Pokok Hukum Ekonomi dan Bisnis. Citra Aditya Bakti Bandung.
- 11. Rahayu Hartini. 2009. Penyelesaian Sengketa Kepailitan di Indonesia. Kencana. Jakarta.
- 12. PP Nomor 107 Tahun 2015 Tentang Izin Usaha Industri
- 13. Peraturan Meneteri Perdagangan RI tanggal 16-9-2009 No 46/M.DAG/PER/9/2009 Tentang SIUP
- 14. Peraturan Menteri Perdagangan RI No 14/M.DAG/PER/12/2013
- 15. Peraturan Menteri Perindustrian Republik Indonesia No 41 Tahun 2008 tentang Ketentuan Dan Tata Cara Pemberian Izin Usaha Industri, Izin Perluasan Dan Tanda Daftar Industri
- 16. Peraturan Menteri Perdagangan Republik Indonesia No. 77 Tahun 2013 tentang Penerbitan Surat Izin Usaha Perdagangan dan Tanda Daftar Perusahaan secara simultan bagi perusahaan perdagangan
- 17. UU No. 3 Tahun 1982 Tentang Wajib Daftar Perusahaan
- 18. UU nomor 37/2004 tentang Kepailitan
- 19. UU RI No. 8 Tahun 1999 tentang Perlindungan Konsumen
- 20. UU Ketenagakerjaan di Indonesia (UU No.13/2003)
- 21. UU No. 13 tahun 2016 tentang Paten
- 22. UU No. 19 tahun 2002 tentang Hak Cipta
- 23. UU RI No. 24 TAHUN 2011 Tentang Badan Penyelenggara Tenaga Kerja
- 24. UU No. 30 tahun 2000 tentang rahasia dagang
- 25. UU No. 31 tahun 2000 tentang Desain industri
- 26. UU No. 32 tahun 2000 tentang Disain tata letak sirkuit terpadu
- 27. UU No. 40 tahun 2007 tentang Perseroan Terbatas
- 28. UU No 5 tahun 1999 tentang larangan praktek monopoli dan persaingan usaha tidak sehat
- 29. UU No.7/1981 tentang wajib lapor ketenagakerjaan
- $30.\,\text{UU}$ No 1/1970 tentang peraturan keselamatan kerja
- 31. UU No 13 Tahun 2003 tentang K3
- 32. UU No 24 Tahun 2011 tentang BPJS
- 33. UU No 40 Tahun 2004 tentang sistem jaminan sosial nasional
- 34. UU Nomor 2 Tahun 1992 tentang usaha perasuransian
- 35. UU Nomor 2 tahun 2004 tentang penyelesaian perselisihan hubungan industrial
- 36. UU No 20 Tahun 2016 tentang Merek dan Indikasi Geografis

Supporters:

Supporting lecturer

Dr. Ulil Hartono, S.E., M.Si. Achmad Kautsar, S.E., M.M. Fandi Fatoni, S.Pd., M.SM. Fresha Kharisma, S.E., M.SM. Muhammad Rizky Ramadhan, BBus., MITHM.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	h learning		Lear Stude	elp Learning, rning methods, ent Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials [Assessment Weight (%)	
	stage (Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	

	,		T	ı	1		
1	Can explain commercial law in private law	definition 2.Legal elements 3.Legal objectives 4.Legal sources 5.Legal rules 6.Legal principles 7.Legal science field 8.Subject and object of law 9.Examining the position of Commercial Law in Private Law through literature 10.Explaining the position of Commercial Law in Private Law through literature 11.Explaining KUHD as LexSpesialis	Criteria: holistic rubric Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and Lecture 4 X 50		Material: commercial law in private law Library: Arus Akbar & Andi Fariana. 2010. Legal Aspects of Economics and Business. Jakarta Mitra Wacan Media. Material: commercial law in private law Library: Sanusi Bintang & Dahlan. 2000. Basics of Economic and Business Law. Image of Aditya Bakti Bandung.	2%
2	Can explain commercial law in private law	definition 2.Legal elements 3.Legal objectives 4.Legal sources 5.Legal rules 6.Legal principles 7.Legal science field 8.Subject and object of law 9.Examining the position of Commercial Law in Private Law through literature 10.Explaining the position of Commercial Law in Private Law through literature 11.Explaining KUHD as LexSpesialis	Criteria: holistic rubric Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and Lecture 4 X 50		Material: commercial law in private law Library: Arus Akbar & Andi Fariana. 2010. Legal Aspects of Economics and Business. Jakarta Mitra Wacan Media. Material: commercial law in private law Library: Sanusi Bintang & Dahlan. 2000. Basics of Economic and Business Law. Image of Aditya Bakti Bandung.	4%
3	Can describe the legal form of the company	1.Recognize the legal form of companies through literature and field observations 2.Explain the difference between Legal Entity Companies and Non- Legal Entity Companies	Criteria: holistic rubric Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion and Lecture 2 X 50		Material: company law Reference: Handri Rahardo, SH. 2009. Company Law. Yogyakarta Yustisia Library.	3%

4	Can identify legal aspects in	1.Examining		Discussion	Material:	4%
	companies and engagement law in buying and selling companies	legal aspects in companies through literature 2.Recognize the forms of buying and selling within the company 3.Agreement and engagement relationships 4.Principles of contract law 5.Conditions for the validity of the agreement 6.Agreement according to its contents 7.Delete the engagement	Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	and Lecture 2 X 50	contract law in buying and selling companies. Reference: Arus Akbar & Andi Fariana. 2010. Legal Aspects of Economics and Business. Jakarta Mitra Wacan Media.	
5	Can describe mandatory company registration procedures (WDP)	1.Examining companies that are required to carry out WDP 2.Examining WDP procedures through examples of WDP forms	Criteria: holistic rubric Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion and Lecture 2 X 50		4%
6	Can describe the procedures for obtaining an Industrial Business Permit (IUI)	1.Outlines the provisions of IUI 2.Describes the IUI processing procedure through an example of an IUI form	Criteria: holistic rubric Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion and Lecture 4 X 50		4%
7			Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment			5%
8	MIDTERM EXAM		Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Test	2 X 50		20%

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9	Can describe the procedures for processing a Trading Business Permit (SIUP)	9.1 Outline the SIUP provisions 9.2 Outline the procedures for processing a SIUP through an example of a SIUP form	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2. 1. Participation during lectures must include at least 75% of lectures (weight 2) 3. 2. UTS, carried out once every mid-semester and given a weight of 2. 4. 3. The assignment assessment is given a weight of 3 5. 4. The final NA assessment is given a weight of 3. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and Lecture 2 X 50		0%
10	Can describe procedures for managing Copyrights, Trademarks and Patents	10.1 Describe the provisions and differences between Copyrights, Trademarks and Patents 10.2 Examine procedures for processing IPRs through examples of blanks	Criteria: 1.The assessment is carried out on the following	Discussion and Lecture 2 X 50		2%

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11			Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment			5%
12	Can describe work safety provisions in the company	12.1 Describe work safety provisions in the company 12.2 Explain legal sanctions in the field of work safety through Work Safety Regulations	Criteria: 1.The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures must include at least 75% of lectures (weight 2) 3.2. UTS, carried out once every mid-semester and given a weight of 2. 4.3. The assignment assessment is given a weight of 3 5.4. The final NA assessment is given a weight of 3. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures and Discussions 2 X 50		5%

13	Can describe the provisions of Bankruptcy Law in the company	13.1 Review the provisions for implementing Bankruptcy Law in companies 13.2 Explain bankruptcy case reports	Criteria: 1.The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures must include at least 75% of lectures (weight 2) 3.2. UTS, carried out once every mid-semester and given a weight of 2. 4.3. The assignment assessment is given a weight of 3 5.4. The final NA assessment is given a weight of 3. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures and Discussions 2 X 50		4%
14	Can analyze consumer protection laws	14.1 Review the provisions for implementing consumer protection through the Consumer Protection Law 14.2 Explain consumer protection institutions 14.3 Outline the rights & obligations of consumers and entrepreneurs 14.4 Explain legal sanctions for violations of consumer protection	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2. 1. Participation during lectures must include at least 75% of lectures (weight 2) 3. 2. UTS, carried out once every mid-semester and given a weight of 2. 4. 3. The assignment assessment is given a weight of 3 5. 4. The final NA assessment is given a weight of 3. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures and Discussions 2 X 50		4%

15	Can describe the provisions of monopolistic practices and unfair business competition in Indonesia	15.1 Examine provisions on monopolistic practices and unfair business competition through the Monopoly and Business Competition Law 15.2 Explain the role of competition supervisory institutions 15.3 Explain legal sanctions of monopolistic practices	Criteria: 1.The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures must include at least 75% of lectures (weight 2) 3.2. UTS, carried out once every mid-semester and given a weight of 2. 4.3. The assignment assessment is given a weight of 3 5.4. The final NA assessment is given a weight of 3. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures and Discussions 2 X 50		4%
16	UAS		Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Test	2 X 50		30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	20.5%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	54.5%
3.	Test	25%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
 which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special
 skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent

- methods.

 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main
- points and sub-topics.

 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.