

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social and Legal Sciences, Bachelor of Laws Study Program

Document Code

Courses			CODE			C	Course Family			Credit Weight			SEMESTER		Co	Compilation		
Courses			CODE			Course Failing								Da	te			
IPR (Continue			7420102015				Study Program Elective Courses			T=2			S=3.18		7		y 18, 202	
AUTHORIZAT	TON		SP Develope	er						Cou	rse Cl	uster (Coord	inator	Study	Progra	m Co	ordinator
			Budi Hermor Masnun, S.H			I.H. ; N	Muh. <i>i</i>	Ali		Budi	i Herm	ono, S	.H., M	.Н.	Vita	Mahardl	nika, S	S.H., M.H.
Learning model	Case Studies																	
Program	PLO study program that is charged to the course																	
Learning Outcomes (PLO)		Able t gener	o resolve lega al;	al iss	ues b	y elab	orati	ng or	n posi	itive la	aw and	l legal _l	orincip	les in th	ne field	of sports	s law a	and law in
7	PLO-12	Able t	o understand	l mate	erial l	egal a	spec	ts										
	Program Object	ives (PO)											_				
	PO - 1	Stude	nts master th	e var	ious t	ypes	of IPF	R and	l the i	mater	ial righ	its and	econo	mic rig	nts atta	ched to	IPR	
	PLO-PO Matrix																	
			D. O.	1	- Di	0.5	1			10	1							
			P.O		PL	.O-5			PLO-1	L2								
			PO-1															
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																	
	FO Matrix at the city of each learning stage (Sub-FO)																	
			P.O									Week						
			•	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 1	.0	11 1	2 13	14	15	16
		PC)-1															
			l			1					ı	ı			I	I		
Short Course Description	is a continuation o	f IPR,	where in this	lectu	ire stu	udents	dee _l	pen t	he ma	ateria	l regar	ding in	tellect	ual prop	erty			
References	Main:																	
	 Lindsey, Tim, et.all. (ed), 2002, Hak Kekayaan Intelektual- Suatu Penar, Alumni & Asian Law Grou Djumhana, Muhammad & Djubaedilah, R., 2003, Hak Milik Intelektual – Sejarah, Teori dan Prakteknya di Indonesia, CAB Fuady, Munir, 2000, Arbitrase Nasional – Alternatif Penyelesaian Sengketa Bisnis, CAB Fuady Munir, 2002, Hukum Bisnis dalam Teori dan Praktek (Buku Kesatu), CABS 																	
	Supporters:																	
	 Undang-undang No. 12 Tahun 1997 tentang Perubahan Undangundang No. 6 Tahun 1982 tentang Hak Cipta sebagaima telah diubah dengan Undang-undang No. 7 tahun 1987 (UU Hak Cipta); dalam waktu dekat, Undang-undang ini a direvisi untuk mengakomodasikan perkembangan mutakhir dibidang hak cipta Undang-undang No. 29 Tahun 2000 tentang Perlindungan Varietas Tanaman Undang-undang No. 30 Tahun 2000 tentang Rahasia Dagang; Undang-undang No. 31 Tahun 2000 tentang Desain Industri; Undang-undang No. 32 Tahun 2000 tentang Desain Tata Letak Sirkuit Terpadu; Undang-undang No. 14 Tahun 2001 tentang Paten (UU Paten); Undang-undang No. 15 Tahun 2001 tentang Merek; 								0									

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Ev	valuation	Lear Stude	elp Learning, rning methods, ent Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	[References]	g(/c/	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Lecture contracts and synchronization of concepts related to Advanced IPR courses	1.Students agree that student contracts have the same concept regarding advanced IPR 2.Enough 3.Not enough	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Direct learning 2 X 50		Material: Lecture contracts and synchronization of concepts related to Advanced IPR courses. References: Lindsey, Tim, et.all. (ed), 2002, Intellectual Property Rights- A Penar, Alumni & Asian Law Group	7%	
2	understand the standards of copyrights ability	Students understand the concept of providing copyright protection. Students understand the application of standards of copyrights ability	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion lecture 2 X 50		Material: the concept of providing copyright protection. Students understand the application of standards of copyright ability. Reader: Lindsey, Tim, et.all. (ed), 2002, Intellectual Property Rights- A Penar, Alumni & Asian Law Group	8%	
3	understand the standards of copyrights ability	Students understand the concept of providing copyright protection. Students understand the application of standards of copyrights ability	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	discussion lecture 2 X 50		Material: the concept of providing copyright protection. Students understand the application of standards of copyright ability. Reader: Lindsey, Tim, et.all. (ed), 2002, Intellectual Property Rights- A Penar, Alumni & Asian Law Group	8%	
4	understand the concept of copyright holders understand the concept of the rights contained in copyright	understand the concept of the creator as the copyright holder understand the concept of copyright holders other than the creator of the rights contained in copyright	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	lecture, discussion 2 X 50		Material: the concept of copyright holders, understanding the concept of the rights contained in copyright. Reference: Lindsey, Tim, et.all. (ed), 2002, Intellectual Property Rights- A Penar, Alumni & Asian Law Group	1%	

5	understand the concept of copyright holders understand the concept of the rights contained in copyright	understand the concept of the creator as the copyright holder understand the concept of copyright holders other than the creator of the rights contained in copyright	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	lecture, discussion 2 X 50	Material: the concept of copyright holders, understanding the concept of the rights contained in copyright. Reference: Lindsey, Tim, et.all. (ed), 2002, Intellectual Property Rights- A Penar, Alumni & Asian Law Group	8%
6	Mastering the Communal Brand Concept	Mentioning geographical indications, understanding origin indications, understanding the concept of a collective brand	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Not enough Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion Lectures 4 X 50	Material: Communal Brand Concept Reference: Djumhana, Muhammad & Djubaedilah, R., 2003, Intellectual Property Rights – History, Theory and Practice in Indonesia, CAB	8%
7	Mastering the Communal Brand Concept	Mentioning geographical indications, understanding origin indications, understanding the concept of a collective brand	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion Lectures 4 X 50	Material: Communal Brand Concept Literature: Fuady Munir, 2002, Business Law in Theory and Practice (Book One), CABS	1%
8	Solving UTS questions	Students can evaluate the questions given as well as the material presented in class and the development of related theories	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment:	2 X 50	Material: learning materials for the first to seventh meetings Reference: Law no. 15 of 2001 concerning Brands;	10%
9	Analyzing Brand Cases1. Equality in essence and equality in the whole. 2. Trademark rejected and cancelled3. Brands and Business Competition	1.Brand cases Equality in Principality and Equality in the whole 2.Trademark rejected and cancelled 3.Brands and Business Competition	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	2 X 50	Material: case analysis related to brand legal issues Reference: Law no. 15 of 2001 concerning Brands;	8%

10	Analyzing Brand Cases1. Equality in essence and equality in the whole. 2. Trademark rejected and cancelled3. Brands and Business Competition	Students can evaluate position cases based on doctrine and statutory regulations regarding brands	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	2 X 50	Material: Brand cases1. Equality in essence and equality in the whole. 2. Trademarks are rejected and cancelled3. Library Brands and Business Competition : Law no. 15 of 2001 concerning Brands;	8%
11	Analyzing Brand Cases1. Equality in essence and equality in the whole. 2. Trademark rejected and cancelled3. Brands and Business Competition	Students can evaluate position cases based on doctrine and statutory regulations regarding brands	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Portfolio Assessment	2 X 50	Material: Brand cases1. Equality in essence and equality in the whole. 2. Trademarks are rejected and cancelled3. Library Brands and Business Competition : Law no. 15 of 2001 concerning Brands;	1%
12	IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR R&D Institutions and Universities	IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR R&D Institutions and Universities	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	6 X 50	Material: IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR Research and Development Institutions and Universities Reference: Djumhana, Muhammad & Djubaedilah, R., 2003, Intellectual Property Rights – History, Theory and Practice in Indonesia, CAB	5%
13	IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR R&D Institutions and Universities	IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR R&D Institutions and Universities	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	6 X 50	Material: IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR Research and Development Institutions and Universities Reference: Djumhana, Muhammad & Djubaedilah, R., 2003, Intellectual Property Rights - History, Theory and Practice in Indonesia, CAB	8%

14	IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR R&D Institutions and Universities	IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR R&D Institutions and Universities	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	6 X 50	and Tech and in IP Resc Dev Instit Univ Refe Djun Muh Djub R., 2 Intel Prop — His Thee	erial: IPR Patent hnology Innovation PR eearch and relopment itutions and versities erence: mhana, nammad & baedilah, 22003, llectual berty Rights istory, ory and ctice in pnesia, CAB	8%
15	IPR and Technology Patents and Innovation in IPR Research and Development Institutions and Higher Education	IPR and Patent Technology and Innovation in IPR R&D Institutions and Universities	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Practical Assessment	6 X 50	and Tech and in IP Resc Device Institution (Institution (earch and relopment itutions and versities erence: dy, Munir, 0, National itration – rnative iness oute colution,	1%
16	Students can evaluate position cases based on doctrine and statutory regulations regarding IPR	Students can evaluate position cases based on doctrine and statutory regulations regarding IPR	Criteria: 1.It's good if you can answer all the questions correctly 2.It is enough if you are able to answer most of the questions correctly 3.Less if you are able to answer a small part of the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Test	Providing question scripts	learn mate the r fiftee mee Refe Fuac 2000 Arbit Alter Busis Disp	erials from ninth to enth etitings erence: dy, Munir, 0, National itration – rnative iness oute olution,	10%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

Evaluation i circuitage Necap. Case Stady							
No	Evaluation	Percentage					
1.	Participatory Activities	71.5%					
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	6%					
3.	Portfolio Assessment	1%					
4.	Practical Assessment	1%					
5.	Practice / Performance	0.5%					
6.	Test	20%					
	·	100%					

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
 are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
 knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.

- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- points and sub-topics.

 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.