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Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts Japanese Language Education Undergraduate Study Program

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Courses				CODE			Cours	Course Family			Credit Weight				SEI	MESTI	≣R		Com	npilation				
Physical Education and Fitness				8820502298				T=0			F	P=2	ECT	S=3.1	8		2		July	18, 2024				
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Learning model		Case Studies																						
Program Learning		PLO study prog	gram 1	that is	charge	ed to t	he cou	ırse																
Outcome (PLO)		Program Objec	tives	(PO)																				
		PLO-PO Matrix																						
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		PO Matrix at the	e ena	or eac	n learn	iing s	tage (S	sub-PO)																
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Short Course Descript	tion	Physical educatic experience in car recommendations physical fitness. experience in der management and	rrying s. Apar Studei termini	out vari t from nts hav ng indi	ious spo that, stu e exper cators a	orts ar udents rience und me	nd gam gain e in mea	e activiti xperienc asuring	es to e in d physic	be use levelop cal fitne	ed to i ing ph ess le	ncre ysic vels	ase ph al educ using	ysical ation variou	activity prograins s mea	levels ns for surem	s in a them ent m	ccorda selves nethods	ince w in an s. Stud	ith var effort dents	rious re to impi have u	esear rove under	ch a and stan	and WHO maintain ding and
Reference	ces	Main:																						
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Supporti lecturer	ing	Dwi Lorry Juniaris	sca, S.	Pd., M.I	Ed.																			
Week-	eac	al abilities of h learning ge b-PO)	arning Evaluation						Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time] Reference					erials		Assessmer Weight (%)								
	(Ju	Jub-PO)		Indicat	or	C	riteria	& Form	C	Offline	(offlir	ne)		0	nline (onlin	e)							

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1	Able to understand and have knowledge about the position and function of Physical Education at Unesa	1. Explain the meaning and benefits of physical education correctly 2. Explain the aims and functions of Physical Education correctly 3. Mention three differences between physical education and sports correctly.	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: problem based. 2 X 50		0%
2	Able to explain the meaning of physical fitness, components of physical fitness, exercise programs as an effort towards a healthy life, and how to measure physical fitness	1. Explain the meaning and benefits of physical fitness correctly 2. Explain at least five components of physical fitness correctly 3. Analyzes exercise intensity based on exercise pulse 4. Explain the types of physical fitness tests and how to interpret the results	Criteria: 1. Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or doctor's letter (for those who are sick). 2. Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: expository. 2 X 50		0%
3	Able to take selected physical fitness tests	1.Perform selected physical fitness tests 2.Have notes on how to perform selected physical fitness tests 3.Have a record of selected physical fitness test results	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. Special skills = students get physical fitness test results and record physical fitness test results	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
4	Able to develop the personality values contained in recreational sports by playing traditional games (without equipment).	1.Playing some traditional games (without tools). 2.Display an attitude of cooperation, mutual assistance and sportsmanship.	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of a skills test in carrying out traditional game activities without selected tools	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
5	Able to develop the personality values contained in recreational sports by playing traditional games (using tools).	1.Playing some traditional games (using tools). 2.Display an attitude of cooperation, mutual assistance and sportsmanship.	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of a skills test in carrying out traditional game activities using selected tools	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%

6	Able to develop the personality values contained in recreational sports by playing traditional games (using tools).	Playing some traditional games (using tools). Display an attitude of cooperation, mutual assistance and sportsmanship.	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of a skills test in carrying out traditional game activities using selected tools	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
7	Able to understand and practice general patterns of sports and aerobics.	1. Explain the systematics of aerobic exercise 2. Explain the purpose of aerobic exercise activities 3. Practicing aerobic exercise movements	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of aerobic exercise skills tests	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
8	UTS	UTS	Criteria: UTS	UTS 2 X 50		0%
9	Able to understand and practice one of the sports of choice-1 (group: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) and learn the match system	1.Explains the basics of selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) 2.Explain the values contained in selected sports games (football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) 3.Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.)	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get skills test results in selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual.		0%
10	Able to understand and practice one of the sports of choice-1 (group: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) and learn the match system	1.Explains the basics of selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) 2.Explain the values contained in selected sports games (football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) 3.Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.)	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get skills test results in selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50		0%

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11	Able to understand and practice one of the 2 selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) and learn the competition system	1. Explains the basics of selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) 2. Explain the values contained in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) 3. Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.)	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get skills test results in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual.			0%
12	Able to understand and practice one of the 2 selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) and learn the competition system	1. Explains the basics of selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) 2. Explain the values contained in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) 3. Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) 3. Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.)	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get skills test results in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50			0%
13	Able to plan sports festivals (class-meetings)	1.Planning sports festival activities (class-meeting) 2.Choosing the type of sports game for sports festival activities (class-meeting) 3.Create a competition system for the types of sports competed in sports festival activities (class-meetings) 4.Determining awards for winners of sports festivals (class-meetings)	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students are able to complete the plan for a sports festival (class- meeting)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50			0%

14	Able to plan sports festivals (class-meetings)	1.Planning sports festival activities (class-meeting) 2.Choosing the type of sports game for sports festival activities (class-meeting) 3.Create a competition system for the types of sports competed in sports festival activities (class-meeting) 4.Determining awards for winners of sports festivals (class-meeting)	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students are able to complete the plan for a sports festival (class- meeting)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50		0%
15	Able to take selected physical fitness tests at the 3rd meeting	1.Carry out selected physical fitness tests at the 3rd meeting 2.Have notes on how to carry out selected physical fitness tests at the 3rd meeting 3.Have a record of the results of the selected physical fitness test at the 3rd meeting	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. Special skills = students get physical fitness test results and record physical fitness test results	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
16	UAS	UAS	Criteria: UAS	UAS 2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

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No	Evaluation	Percentage				
		0%				

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
 Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or
- learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or
- performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence. 6.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

 Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning,
- Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics. 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of
- achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.