

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering , Information Technology Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

		SEME	STER L	EARN	IING	PL	_AN	N		
Courses		CODE		Course Fa	mily	Cred	lit We	ight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Mathematics		8320702112	2			T=2	P=0	ECTS=3.18	1	July 17, 2024
AUTHORIZAT	ION	SP Develop	SP Developer		Course Cluster Coordinator		Study Program Coordinator			
									Drs. Bambang Sujatmiko, M.T.	
Learning model	Case Studies									
Program	PLO study prog	gram which is ch	arged to the c	ourse						
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-6	PLO-6 Able to make decisions based on data/information and able to solve problems in the field of information technology.								
, ,	PLO-8	PLO-8 Mastering the concepts and implementation in developing software engineering, games, intelligent multimedia, and network computer engineering.								
	PLO-12									
	Program Object	ctives (PO)								
	PLO-PO Matrix	(								
		P.O	PLO-6		PLO-8		F	PLO-12		
	PO Matrix at th	e end of each lea	rning stage (\$	Sub-PO)						
		P.O 1 2	3 4 5	6 6 7	8	Wee	k 10	11 12	13 14	15 16
Short Course Description  Conduct studies and provide an understanding of the role of mathematics through learning that is adapted to the customer in the field of fashion design. Mathematics learning consists of: Basic concepts of algebra, including: Systems and Operations, Powers, Roots and Logarithms, Basic Mathematics in buying and selling, Series, Fundamental Matrices and Linear Programming. Learning is carried out by providing theory and assignments.				uding: Number						
References	Main:									
<ol> <li>Budnick, Frank S. 1986. Applied Mathematics for business, economics, and the Social Sciences. Second Edit Singapore: McGraw-Hill Book (1)Du Mairy. 2010, Matematika Terapan untuk Bisnis dan Ekonomi. Yogyaka BPFE: (2)Easterling. 2003. Merchandising of Mathematic. New Yersey: Prentice Hall (3)Martono. 2008. Program Linier, Modul 1-9. Jakarta: Universitas Terbuka (4)</li> </ol>							i. Yogyakarta:			
Supporters:										
Supporting lecturer	Dzulkiflih, S.Si., N	M.T.								
	Evaluation  Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]									
Final at Week- learning (Sub-P		Indicator	Criteria & Fo		ine ( ine )	0	nline	( online )	Learning materials [ References	Assessment Weight (%)

						1	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Students are able to understand the concepts of numbers, equations and inequalities	1.Students can solve or classify real numbers 2.Students can solve equations 3.Students can solve absolute function inequalities and rational split functions		Approach: Scientific Method: discussion and problem solving Approach strategy: practice questions and applications 2 X 50			0%
2	Students are able to understand the concepts of numbers, equations and inequalities	1.Students can solve or classify real numbers 2.Students can solve equations 3.Students can solve absolute function inequalities and rational split functions		Approach: Scientific Method: discussion and problem solving Approach strategy: practice questions and applications 2 X 50			0%
3	Understand the concept of function	1.Identify relationships and functions 2.sketch graphs of functions and sketch graphs with shifts		Approach: Scientific Method: discussion and problem solving Approach strategy: 2 X 50 practice questions			0%
4	Understand the concept of function	1.Identify relationships and functions 2.sketch graphs of functions and sketch graphs with shifts		Approach: Scientific Method: discussion and problem solving Approach strategy: 2 X 50 practice questions			0%
5	Understanding Matrix ConceptsUnderstanding the application of matrices in solving Systems of Linear EquationsUnderstanding the application of matrices in the field of nutrition and others	1.Determine the results of matrix operations 2.using matrix concepts in solving systems of linear equations 3.Applying SPL in the field of nutrition and others		Scientific approach Learning model: discussion and problem solving approach strategy: practice questions and applications in the field of nutrition and others 2 X 50			0%

6	Understanding Matrix ConceptsUnderstanding the application of matrices in solving Systems of Linear EquationsUnderstanding the application of matrices in the field of nutrition and others	1.Determine the results of matrix operations 2.using matrix concepts in solving systems of linear equations 3.Applying SPL in the field of nutrition and others	Scientific approach Learning model: discussion and problem solving approach strategy: practice questions and applications in the field of nutrition and others 2 X 50		0%
7	Understanding Matrix ConceptsUnderstanding the application of matrices in solving Systems of Linear EquationsUnderstanding the application of matrices in the field of nutrition and others	1.Determine the results of matrix operations 2.using matrix concepts in solving systems of linear equations 3.Applying SPL in the field of nutrition and others	Scientific approach Learning model: discussion and problem solving approach strategy: practice questions and applications in the field of nutrition and others 2 X 50		0%
8	UTS		2 X 50		0%
9	Understanding the Concept of Limit and Continuity	1.Declaring a quantity as a limit 2.Determining the limit of a function at a certain point	2 X 50 synthetic approach		0%
10	Understand the concept of derivative and differential	1.Determine the derivative of a function 2.Determining the differential of a function 3.Using derivatives in application problems	Scientific approach 2 X 50		0%
11	understand the concept of derivatives and their applications	1.Determine the derivative of a function 2.Determining the differential of a function 3.Using derivatives in application problems	Scientific approach 2 X 50		0%

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12	Understand the concept of derivatives and their applications	1.Determine the derivative of a function 2.Determining the differential of a function 3.Using derivatives in application problems	Scientific approach 2 X 50			0%
13	Understand integral concepts and their application	1.Determining the indefinite integral of a function 2.Calculating definite integrals 3.Solve problems using integral concepts	scientific approach 2 X 50			0%
14	Understand integral concepts and their application	1.Determining the indefinite integral of a function 2.Calculating definite integrals 3.Solve problems using integral concepts	scientific approach 2 X 50			0%
15	Understand integral concepts and their application	1.Calculating definite integrals 2.Solve problems using integral concepts	scientific approach 2 X 50			0%
16	UAS		2 X 50			0%

## **Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study**

Evaluation i crocintage neoup.							
No	Evaluation	Percentage	-				
		0%					

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
  which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special
  skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.

- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

  12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.