

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering , Information Technology Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses				CODE Course Famil		y Credit Weight				SEI	MESTER	Compilation		
						,							Date	
Digital Systems			8320702086 Compulso Program S		ılsory St m Subj∈	udy	udy T=2 P=0 ECTS=3.18		.8	1	July 17, 2024			
AUTHOR	IZAT	ION		SP Developer			Course Cluster Coordinator			Stu Co	Study Program Coordinator			
			Drs. Bambang Sujatmiko, M.T.							Dr	Drs. Bambang Sujatmiko, M.T.			
Learning model		Project Based	d Leai	ning										
Program	ı	PLO study program which is charged to the course												
Learning Outcome (PLO)) es	PLO-8 Mastering the concepts and implementation in developing software engineering, games, intelligent multimedia, and network computer engineering.												
		PLO-13 Able to develop innovative educational products or learning resources using scientific design-based strategies to support teaching activities that can be integrated with ICT.												
		Program Obj	jectiv	ves (PO)										
		PLO-PO Mat	rix											
			_											
	P.O PLO-8 PLO-13													
		DO Motrix at												
		PO Matrix at	the e	end of eacr	i learning sta	age (Su	0-PO)							
				PO					Week					
				2 3 4 5 6 7			7 8 9 10 11 12				13	13 14 15 16		
							•			10		10		
Short Course Descript	This course di design of simp Boolean algeb Synchronous Sequential Log	rse discusses the basic concepts of digital systems as the main components in computers, as well as analysis and simple digital systems. Understanding of analog and digital concepts, number systems, logic circuit analysis using algebra, simplification of Boolean functions, logic circuit design, flip-flops, arithmetic circuits, combinational circuits, nous Sequential Logic, Registers, Counters, Memory, Algorithmic State Machines (ASM) and Asynchronous al Logic (ASL)												
References		Main :												
		 Malvino, A.Paul. 1989. Elektronika Komputer Digital , Pengantar Mikrokomputer. Penerbit Erlangga. Mano, Morris. 1988. Computer System Architecture, Second Edition. Prentica-Hall of India. New Delhi. Tocci, Ronald J., Widmer, Neal S. 2011. Digital Systems Principles and Applications , 11th Edition. Prentice-Hall. 												
		Supporters:												
Supporting lecturer Drs. Bambang Sujatmiko, M.T. Aditya Prapanca, S.T., M.Kom. Harun Al Rosyid, S.T., M.T.														
Week-	Fina of e lear	Final abilities of each learning stage		Eva		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]			Le ma	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)			
	(Sub-PO)		In	ndicator	Criteria &	Form	Offl offl	ine(ine)	C	Online	(online)	Rei]	
(1) (2)		(3) (4)			(5)	(6)			(7)	(8)			

1	Describe digital systems and analog systems	1. Describe the differences between analog and digital systems. 2. Explain the application of digital systems in everyday life	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Assignment and questions and answers 2 X 50		0%
2	Calculating number conversions	1. Calculating the conversion of decimal to binary, octal, hexadecimal 2. Calculating the conversion of binary, octal, hexa-decimal, to decimal	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Assignment and discussion 2 X 50		0%
3	Basic gates (logic gates)	1. Calculating the conversion of decimal to binary, octal, hexadecimal 2. Calculating the conversion of binary, octal, hexa-decimal, to decimal	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Assignment and discussion 3 X 50		0%
4	Analyze the properties of logic gates	1. Describe the properties of logic gates (logic gates) 2. Simplify logic circuits using Boolean algebra	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Presentation, discussion 3 X 50		0%
5	Analyzing the properties of logic gates, KMap and Boolean Algebra	1. Describe the properties of logic gates (logic gates) 2. Simplify logic circuits using Boolean algebra	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Presentation, discussion 3 X 50		0%
6	Calculating with arithmetic logic	Describe how circuits work using arithmetic logic	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Discussion and assignment 3 X 50		0%
7	Designing a circuit using the Karnaugh Map method	Simplify circuits with the Karnaugh Map	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Discussion and assignment 3 X 50		0%
8	UTS		Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	2 X 50		0%
9	Analyze the properties of FLIP FLOP	1. Describe the characteristics of the types of Flip Flop 2. Analyze the circuit	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Practice questions and give assignments 2 X 50		0%
10	Analyze counter and register circuits	1. Describe the properties of counter and register circuits. 2. Design a counter application circuit	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Discussion and assignment 2 X 50		0%

11	Analyzing multiplexer and seven segment circuits	1. Describe the properties of multiplexer and seven segment circuits 2. Design multiplexer and seven segment application circuits	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Discussion and assignment 2 X 50		0%
12	Analyze the properties of FLIP FLOP	1. Explaining FLIP FLOP2. Analyze the properties of FLIP FLOP	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Demonstration of 3 X 50 digital tasks		0%
13	Analyze the properties of FLIP FLOP	1. Explaining FLIP FLOP2. Analyze the properties of FLIP FLOP	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Demonstration of 3 X 50 digital tasks		0%
14	Application of logic gates in digital circuits	1. Explaining Register Circuits 2. Applying in circuits	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Demonstration of 3 X 50 digital tasks		0%
15	Application of logic gates in digital circuits	1. Explain the Registers circuit. 2. Apply the Register circuit	Criteria: According to the assessment rubric	Demonstration of 3 X 50 digital tasks		0%
16						0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No Evaluation Percentage

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.