

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Undergraduate Study Program in Informatics Engineering

Document Code

UNES	Ā	Ondergraduate Study Program in informatics Engineering														
				SEM	ESTE	ER L	EAF	RNIN	G P	LAN	1					
Courses				CODE			Cour	rse Fam	ily	Cred	lit Weig	ht	SEMEST	ER	Com <sub> </sub>	pilation
Multimed	lia Co	ompression Tech	niques	5520203097						T=3	P=0 I	ECTS=4.77	7		July 1	18, 2024
AUTHOR	AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer			Cour	Course Cluster Coordinator			Study Pro	Study Program Coordinator				
Learning	•	Project Based L	earning										Aditya	Prap M.K		, S.T.,
model	'	Project Baseu L	carring													
Program Learning		PLO study pro			to the c	ourse										
Outcom (PLO)		Program Object		0)												
( )		PLO-PO Matrix	: 													
		P.O														
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)														
			P.O			1	1 1	1	We	1	1	1 1	1	_		
				1 2	3 4	4 5	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13   14	1	5	16
Short Course Descript	tion	This course exar general, processi as well as media	na. repres	sentation and	compress	concept sion of ir	s of mu nage, a	ltimedia udio, vid	applica eo data	tions. T , device	his cou es and i	rse covers nplementa	basic multi	nedi nedi	a con ia app	ncepts ir
Referen	ces	Main :														
		<ol> <li>Li, Ze-Nian. dan Drew, Mark. S. 2003. Fundamentals of Multimedia. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall. ISBN 0130618721.</li> <li>Sayood, K. 2000. Introduction to Data Compression. San Francisco: Morgan-Kaufman. ISBN 1558605584.</li> <li>Lu, G. 1999. Multimedia Database Management Systems. Boston: Artech House Publishers. ISBN 0890063427.</li> <li>Hady, William C. 2001, QoS Measurement and Evaluation of Telecommunications Quality of Service. New Jersey: Wiley, ISBN 0470845910.</li> <li>Katzenbeisser, S. dan Petitcolas, Fabien A.P. 1999. Information Hiding Techniques for Steganography and Digital Watermarking. Boston: Artech House Publishers. ISBN 1580530354.</li> </ol>														
		Supporters:														
Support lecturer		Setya Chendra W Martini Dwi Enda			lom.											
Week-		al abilities of h learning		Eva	lluation				Lea Stude	rning r ent Ass	arning, nethod signmer ed time	nts,	Learnin materia			essmen

icotarci			<u> </u>						
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage		Evaluation		Lear Studer	lp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials [ References	Assessment Weight (%)	
		p-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( offline )	Online ( online )	]		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	mor and kno	idents are tivated to know d understand owledge about a compression	Know and understand knowledge about data compression.	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50			25%	

2	Students know what compression techniques are and the importance of compression techniques in the era of digital information technology.	1.Students can explain the background to the emergence of Data Compression 2.Students can explain the definition of compression techniques based on several expert opinions 3.Students can explain the purpose of data compression		Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50		0%
3	Students know data compression methods/techniques and are able to work on compression algorithms correctly.	1.Know data     compression     methods/techniques.     2.Able to work on     compression     algorithms correctly.		Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50		0%
4	Students know data compression methods/techniques and are able to work on compression algorithms correctly.	1.Know data     compression     methods/techniques.     2.Able to work on     compression     algorithms correctly.	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50		0%
5	Students know the implementation of the Huffman algorithm.	Know the implementation of the Huffman algorithm		Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50		0%
6	Students know compression engineering modeling	Know the modeling of compression techniques		Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50		0%
7	Students know text compression techniques and their application to implementing text retrieval.	Know text compression techniques and their application to text retrieval implementation.		Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50		0%
8	UTS			3 X 50		0%
9	Students know audio data compression techniques.	Know audio data compression techniques.		Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical 3 X 50		0%

10   Students know and compression techniques   Chief Compre							
Image data compression techniques   Compression techniques   Scientific Model: Problembased learning Method: Discussion, Practical 3 x 50	10	audio data compression	compression		Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical		0%
image data compression techniques compression compression techniques compression techniques compression techniques compression techniques compression compre	11	image data compression	Know image data compression techniques		Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical		0%
video data compression techniques  14 Students know video data compression techniques video data compression techniques techniques  Students know video data compression techniques techniques techniques  Know video data compression techniques Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment / Product Assessment / Product Assessment / Product Assessment / Proget Results Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Proget Results Assessment / Proget Results Assessment / Proget Results Assessment / Proget Results Assessment / Proget Results Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Proget Results Approach: Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning Model of the results and the functions used learning head of the results and the functions used learning head of the results and t	12	image data compression			Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical		0%
video data compression techniques    Scientific Model:	13	video data compression			Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical		0%
compression techniques/methods into program implementation and are able to explain the functions used.  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used.  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used  techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the functions used	14	video data compression		Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product	Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical		50%
16 0%	15	compression techniques/methods into program implementation and are able to explain	techniques/methods into program implementation and be able to explain the		Scientific Model: Problem- based learning Method: Discussion, Presentation, Practical		0%
	16						0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	25%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	50%
		75%

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
   The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.

- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on
  predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased.
  Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
  Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.