

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts, Indonesian Literature Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses		CODE			Соц	Course Family			Credit Weight		SE	EMEST	ER		ompilation ate			
Psycholinguistics		7920102104	20102104		Study Program Elective		'e	T=2	P=0	ECTS=3.1	в	4	4	Ju	ıly 16, 2024			
AUTHORIZATION		SP Develop	SP Developer			Courses		ours	e Clu	ster C	coordinator	St	Study Program Coordinator					
			Dr. Agusniar Indrawati	r Dian	ı Savitri; I	Dr. Di	anita			of. D Hurr		yani L	aksono,		Drs	s. Parm	in, M.	Hum.
Learning model	Project Based Learning																	
Program	PLO study prog	gram	that is charg	jed to	o the co	urse												
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-6	Mastering the basic knowledge to be creative in the field of Indonesian language and literature; as well as research methods in Indonesian language and literature																
	PLO-14	Able to document, store, secure and recover data to ensure validity and prevent plagiarism, as well as compiling descriptions of scientific study results in the form of a thesis, and uploading them on the Unesa page																
	Program Objec	tives	s (PO)															
	PO - 1 Students are able to understand the basics of language skills, the process of children's language acquisition, language disorders, and the relationship between psycholinguistics and language learning through class meetings and field observations to produce research products.																	
	PLO-PO Matrix																	
			P.O PLO-6				P	PLO-14										
			PO-1	PO-1														
	PO Matrix at the	e en	d of each lear	rning	stage (Sub-	PO)											
			P.O					Week										
				1	2 3	3 4	4 5	6	7	8	3 9) 1	LO 11	12	13	14	15	16
		F	PO-1															
Short Course Description	Developing mast relationship betwe to be presented ir	een p	osycholinguistic	s and	l languag	je leai	rning th	nrough	class	s me	eting	s and	field observa	ations	s to pro	oduce re	esear	ch products
References	Main :																	
	 Ardiana, Dardjowid Dardjowid Dardjowid Ellis, Rod Ellis, Rod Ellis, Rod Ellis, Rod Garman, Grene, Ju Klein, Wo Krashen, Lambert, Malley, J. Simanjun Pelajaran 	Leo I djojo, djojo, l. 199 I. 198 Mich udith. Dlfgar Step Wall .Mich ttak,F	e. 1984.The Ar dra danSyamsı , Soenjono.2000 , Soenjono.2000 20.Instructed Se 35.Undertsandli iael. 1994.Psyc 1974.Psycholi ng. 1986.Secon yhen D. 1981. S ace e. 1972.La nael &Anna Uhl Pangantar. 1988 Aysia. Utari. 1992.Psi	ul Soc 0.Ech 3.Psik econd ng Se choling inguis nd Lar Secon inguag Chan 37. P	diq. 2003 ha; Kisah kolinguist Langua econd Lar guistics. (tics: Cho nguage A d Langua ge, Psych not. 1990 engantar	.Psiko Peme ik.Jak ge Ac nguag Camb msy a cquis age A nology).Lear Psik	olinuisti eroleha karta: Y cquisitio ge Acqu oridge: (and Psy sition. C .cquisiti y, and (rningStu kolingui	ik.Jaka an Baha 'ayasa on. Oxfo usition. Cambrio Cambric con and Culture rategie istikMo	rta: U asa. J n Obc ord: C Oxfo idge U gy. Or Ige: C I secc s. Star s in S dern.	Jnive Jaka or In Dxfo urd: C Univ ntari Cam Cam Cam Cam Cam Cam Cam Cam Cam Cam	ersitas rta: G dones rd Un Oxford ersity io: Pe bridge angu d: Sta ond La uala I	Terb rame sia. iversit Univ Press nguin Univ age Lo nford ungua Lumpu	uka. dia Widyasar ersity Press. s. Books Ltd. ersity Press. earning.Oxfo University Pr ge Acquisitio	ord: P ress.	Indone Pergam Cambrid	on Pres	versity	
	Supporters:																	
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Support lecturer		vati, S.S., M.Hum.					
Week-	Final abilities of each learning	Ev	aluation	Lear Studer	lp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)
	stage (Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (<i>online</i>)	[References]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Understanding the Definition of Psycholinguistics and the History of Its Development Applying the basics of the Definition of Psycholinguistics and the History of Its Development	Explain the meaning of Psycholinguistics and the history of its development	Criteria: 1.1. Explain the nature of language (score 30) 2.2. Explain the relationship between linguistics and psychology (score 30) 3.3. Explain the two schools that influenced the development of Psycholinguistics (score 40)	Discussion 2 X 50		Material: understanding psycholinguistics Reader: Dardjowidjojo, Soenjono. 2003. Psycholinguistics. Jakarta: Indonesian Obor Foundation.	5%
			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities				
2	Understanding the relationship between language and thought Applying the basics of the relationship between language and thought	Explain the relationship between language and thought	Criteria: 1.Explain one theory that explains the relationship between language and thought (score 60) 2.Explain one theory that explains the relationship between language and thought, for example (score 100)	Discussion 2 X 50			0%
3	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool related to discussing the biological and neurological foundations of language 2. Applying the basics of the biological and neurological foundations of language 3. Making strategic decisions based on the biological and neurological foundations of language to analyze problems in Psycholinguistics related to the language process	1. Explain the biological and neurological basis of language 2. Utilize the internet to search for sources of information related to the biological and neurological basis of language 3. Analyze problems related to the biological and neurological basis of language	Criteria: Explain the flow of the human biological basis for speaking coherently and clearly	Discussion 2 X 50			0%
4	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool related to discussing the biological and neurological foundations of language 2. Applying the basics of the biological foundations of language 3. Making strategic decisions based on the biological and neurological foundations of language to analyze problems in Psycholinguistics related to the language process	1. Explain the biological and neurological basis of language 2. Utilize the internet to search for sources of information related to the biological and neurological basis of language 3. Analyze problems related to the biological and neurological basis of language	Criteria: Explains in a coherent and clear way the flow of the human neurological basis for language	Discussion 2 X 50			0%

5	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help solve problems in Psycholinguistics related to receptive and productive language processes 2. Applying the basics of language processes 3. Making strategic decisions based on the basics of language processes to analyze problems in related Psycholinguistics	1. Explain the nature of language and the language process: receptive and productive 2. Utilize the internet to find sources of information related to the language process 3. Analyze problems related to the language process	Criteria: Explain the productive language process	Discussion and performance assessment 2 X 50	0%
6	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help solve problems in Psycholinguistics related to receptive language processes 2. Applying the basics of language processes 3. Making strategic decisions based on the basics of language processes to analyze problems in related Psycholinguistics	1. Explain the nature of language and the language process: receptive and productive 2. Utilize the internet to find sources of information related to the language process 3. Analyze problems related to the language process	Criteria: Explain and describe in detail the receptive language process	Discussion and Work Assessment 2 X 50	0%
7	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help understand the first language and its acquisition stages 2. Mastering the concepts of first language acquisition 3. Making strategic decisions based on the basics of language acquisition to analyze problems in first language acquisition	Understand and explain the Stages of First Language Acquisition	Criteria: Identify and describe cases in children's first language acquisition	Performance and Product Assessment 2 X 50	0%
8	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help understand the first material up to the material before the UTS 2. Mastering the concepts in the first material up to the material before the UTS 3. Making strategic decisions based on the basics of language acquisition to analyze problems in first language acquisition	Understand and explain the first material up to the material before UTS	Criteria: UTS assessment criteria	Performance and Product Assessment 2 X 50	0%
9	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help understand the first language and its acquisition stages 2. Mastering the concepts of first language and first language acquisition 3. Making strategic decisions based on the basics of language acquisition to analyze problems in first language acquisition	Understand and explain the Stages of First Language Acquisition	Criteria: identify and analyze cases of first language acquisition in children well and logically	Performance and Product Assessment 2 X 50	0%

10	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help understand second languages and second language acquisition 2. Mastering second language concepts, factors that influence second language acquisition, and acquisition strategies 3. Able to be responsible for the results of discussions about second language acquisition	Understand and explain Second Language Acquisition	Criteria: case report of second language acquisition in logical and systematic children	Discussion 2 X 50	0%
11	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help understand second languages and second language acquisition 2. Mastering second language concepts, factors that influence second language acquisition, and acquisition strategies 3. Able to be responsible for the results of discussions about second language acquisition	Understand and explain Second Language Acquisition	Criteria: case reports of second language acquisition in children are arranged systematically and logically	Discussion 2 X 50	0%
12	1. Understand language disorders 2. Master the concept of language disorders and its types 3. Able to be responsible for simple research reports related to language disorders	Understanding and explaining language disorders (Language disorders)	Criteria: A small book containing an example of language disorders accompanied by theoretical analysis and interesting illustrations	Product assessment 2 X 50	0%
13	1. Understand language disorders 2. Master the concept of language disorders and its types 3. Able to be responsible for simple research reports related to language disorders	Understand and explain language disorders	Criteria: Report cases of language disorders due to language disorders well, systematically and logically	Product assessment 2 X 50	0%
14	1. Understand language disorders1 2. Master the concept of language disorders and its types 3. Able to be responsible for simple research reports related to language disorders	Understanding and explaining language disorders (Speech disorders)	Criteria: Analyze cases of language disorders due to speech disorders caused by other groups properly and discuss them until finding a way to solve the problem	Group Discussion 2 X 50	0%
15	1. Utilizing science and technology as a tool to help understand language learning theory and combining it with language acquisition 2. Mastering the concept of language learning, factors that influence language learning and differentiating it from language acquisition 3. Able to be responsible for the results of discussions about language learning	Understand and explain language learning theory	Criteria: Explain precisely the difference between language learning and language acquisition from a psycholinguistic point of view	Discussion 2 X 50	0%
16	Master all the concepts and theories in the material from the first meeting to the 15th meeting	Understand all the material from the first meeting to the 15th meeting	Criteria: Able to do UAS questions well	Test 2 X 50	0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	5%
		5%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study
 program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are
 used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.