

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts, Indonesian Literature Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN																											
Courses				CODE			Co	Course Family				-	Credit Weight					SEMESTER				omp	oilatio	n			
Ethnolinguistics*				7920	102043	3									1	T=2	P=(E	CTS=3	.18		8		+		8, 202	24
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer						Course Cluster Coordinator			r	Study Program Coordinator														
														Drs. Parmin, M.Hum.													
Learning model	ı	Case Studies																									
Program		PLO study prog	gram t	that is	s char	ged to	o th	ес	ours	е																	
Learning Outcome		Program Objectives (PO)																									
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix																									
			P.O																								
		PO Matrix at th	e end	of ea	ch lea	rning	sta	ıge	(Sub	o-P	0)																
			P.O									We		eek													
					1 2	2 :	3	4	5		6	7	1	8	9	1	0	11	12	1	L3	14	l	15	:	16	
Short Course Descript		Discussion of baresearch methodethnolinguistic coknowledge about linguistic research	ology, a oncepts t ethno	and re s and olinguis	search praction stics as	on ce ce stu s a pr	ertair udyir ovis	n reg ng li ion	giona angu for s	al/et age olv	thnic e fro ing l	lang m a lingui:	uag n et stic	es a thno prob	s na lingu olem	tiona uistic Is an	l cul per d en	tural spec richi	assets tive in ng nat	thro ord iona	oug ler	h acti to ga	vities ain e	s to expe	und erier	erstar ice ar	nd nd
Reference	ces	Main :																									
		1. Duranti Findlay Califorr Foley, \ Hoed, Besar - Silva-F Spradle Foley, \ Publish Indone: Trager,	r, Michia: Al Williar Beny Fetap Fuenz Ey, Ja Williar Ber Pu Sia.	chael BC-C m A. Hoe pada alida mes. m A. utra,	Shave LIO, I 1997. Endorder Faku I: 19 P. 19 1997. Ahims	w. 1 Inc. Anth). 19 Iltas 49. E 997. I Antr sa. 1	998 94. Sas Etno Meto 984	3. L oolo "Li stra oling ode olog 1. E	ange ngica nguist guist gical tnos	ua isti ive tics nog Lii	ge ik, s rsita s an grafi ngu	and Semas In d Th i . Yo istic: and	ks: iotii idoi ne S ogy s : i Etr	An K, d nes Stud aka An i	mui Intr dan ia , dy o arta Intro	rodu Ke Tar of Cu : Tia oduc	tion letio bud lgga lltur ara \ etior ogi:	n . (laya laya le . A Nac n . B Sek	Cros Oxford an". Juni. Americana slackwouah	d: B Pid can rell Per	lac lato Al	tural kwe Pe ntrop	Er II Pi engu polir ga .	ubl ıku ıgu	<i>clop</i> ishe han ist	ed. i Gui	ru
		Supporters:																									
Support lecturer		Dr. Agusniar Diar	n Savitr	ri, S.S	., M.Pd																						
Week-	eac	ıБ-РО) ———		Evaluation				& Fo	2 Form			offlir	Le Stud	arni dent	Ip Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, timated time]				Learning materials [References			Assessment Weight (%)					
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(1)		(2)		(3)				(4)				(5)	١				(6)				(7)				(8)	

1 understand the history of the emergence of ethnolinguistic studies. Explaining the meaning of culture Explaining the relativity of language and culture Explaining the relativity of language and culture Explaining the relativity of language and culture Explaining the relativity of language and culture Explaining the relativity of language and culture Criteria: 1.2: explanation of 2 characteristics is correct 2.1: explanation of 1 characteristic is correct 3.0: no correct explanation	0%
2 Understand the meaning of ethnolinguistic studies. Explaining the meaning of ethnolinguistics explains the scope of ethnolinguistics. 2.1: the explanation is inaccurate 3.0: definition explanation is incorrect Explaining the meaning of ethnolinguistics and answers and discussion 2 X 50	0%
Understanding ethnolinguistic interdisciplinarity of ethnolinguistics with anthropological linguistics. explaining ethnolinguistic interdisciplinarity with ethnology explaining ethnolinguistic interdisciplinarity with semantics, pragmatics, and semiotics explaining ethnolinguistic interdisciplinarity with semantics, pragmatics, and semiotics explaining ethnolinguistic interdisciplinarity with secololinguistic interdisciplinarity with secololinguistic interdisciplinarity with sociolinguistic and dialectology.	0%
4 Understand the relationship between language and religious systems Explaining the meaning of a religious system. Explaining the relationship between language and religious systems. Explaining the relationship between language and knowledge systems Criteria: 1.6: all correct 2.5: true five false 1 3.4: true four false 2 4.3:true three false three 5.2: two true, 1 false 6.1: true one false 2 7.0: none of them are correct	0%
Understand the relationship between language and cultural systems Explaining the relationship between language and religious systems. Explaining the relationship between language and religious systems. Explaining the relationship between language and knowledge systems Criteria: 1.6: all correct 2.5: true five false 1 3.4: true four false 2 4.3:true three false three 5.2: two true, 1 false 6.1: true one false 2 7.0: none of them are correct	0%
Conducting ethnolinguistic studies Reviewing the results of ethnolinguistic research. Compiling ethnolinguistic study topics Reviewing the results of ethnolinguistic research. Compiling ethnolinguistic study topics Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	0%
7 Conducting ethnolinguistic studies Reviewing the results of ethnolinguistic research. Compiling ethnolinguistic study topics Reviewing the results of ethnolinguistic research. Compiling ethnolinguistic study topics Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them	0%
are correct	

9	Collecting	Determining	Criteria:	Questions		0%
	ethnolinguistic data	observation points in ethnolinguistic research Determining informant criteria. Compile a list of questions and teaching aids. Practicing elicitation techniques Transcribing ethnolinguistic data	1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50		
10	Collecting ethnolinguistic data	Determining observation points in ethnolinguistic research Determining informant criteria. Compile a list of questions and teaching aids. Practicing elicitation techniques Transcribing ethnolinguistic data	Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	Questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50		0%
11	Collecting ethnolinguistic data	Determining observation points in ethnolinguistic research Determining informant criteria. Compile a list of questions and teaching aids. Practicing elicitation techniques Transcribing ethnolinguistic data	Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	Questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50		0%
12	Conduct ethnolinguistic data analysis	Carry out classification of ethnolinguistic data based on specified topics. Analyze ethnolinguistic data based on specified topics. Summarize the results of ethnolinguistic data analysis based on specified topics. Present the results of ethnolinguistic data analysis based on specified topics.	Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	Question and answer, discussion- presentation, assignment 2 X 50		0%
13	Conduct ethnolinguistic data analysis	Carry out classification of ethnolinguistic data based on specified topics. Analyze ethnolinguistic data based on specified topics. Summarize the results of ethnolinguistic data analysis based on specified topics. Present the results of ethnolinguistic data analysis based on specified topics. Present the results of ethnolinguistic data analysis based on specified topics.	Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	Question and answer, discussion- presentation, assignment 2 X 50		0%

14	Conduct ethnolinguistic data analysis	Carry out classification of ethnolinguistic data based on specified topics. Analyze ethnolinguistic data based on specified topics. Summarize the results of ethnolinguistic data analysis based on specified topics. Present the results of ethnolinguistic data analysis based on specified topics.	Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	Question and answer, discussion- presentation, assignment 2 X 50		0%
15	Presenting the results of ethnolinguistic studies	Compile the results of ethnolinguistic studies in the form of scientific articles. Present the results of ethnolinguistic studies in seminars	Criteria: 1.4: all correct 2.3: two correct, 1 wrong 3.2: true one false 2 4.0: none of them are correct	Ask, observe, process, practice, communicate information about dialectometric methods and equivalent methods carried out in ethnolinguistic research. 2 X 50		0%
16						0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage	
		0%	

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
 are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
 knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on
 predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and
 unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.