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Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts, Indonesian Literature Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

UNESA	indonesian Enerature Ondergraduate Study Program									
SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN										
Courses		CODE		Course F	amily		Credit We	eight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Entreprene	ırship	7920102135		Compulso Program S		,	T=2 P=0	ECTS=3.18	4	July 16, 2024
AUTHORIZA	TION	SP Develope	er	· Program a	subjects	Course	e Cluster C	Coordinator	Study Progra	n Coordinator
		Dr. Mulyono,	M.Hum.; Nugr	oho Agung,	M.Pd.	Prof. D M.Hum	r. Kisyani L	.aksono,	Drs. Parmin, M.Hum.	
Learning model	Project Based L	earning							1	
Program Learning	PLO study prog	gram that is charge	ed to the cou	rse						
Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-13	Able to demonstrate problem solving bas	independent, ed on the resu	quality, mea	asurable ation an	perform d data a	ance, and ı nalysis	make appropri	ate decisions in	the context of
(i LO)	Program Object						-			
	PO - 1	Students are able to responsible manner	know the co	ncepts of e	ntrepren	eurship a	and its app	lications relat	ed to their scier	tific discipline in a
	PLO-PO Matrix									
		P.O	PLO-13							
		PO-1								
	PO Matrix at th	e end of each learr	ning stage (S	ub-PO)						
							\Maal:			
		P.O	1 2 3	4 5	6	7 8	Week	0 11 1	2 13 14	15 16
		PO-1		+ + + -	+ +	- 3			10 17	
			1 1		1 1			1 1	1 1	1 1
Short Course Description	provision activitie design simulation	spirit, principles and es and examples of on presentations and the field of Indonesian	entrepreneuria entrepreneurs	l activities i hip practice	related t es in the	o Indone e field ir	esian langu order to	lage and liter	ature in class r	neetings, business
References	Main:									
	 Alma, Buchari. 2007. Kewirausahaan . Bandung: Alfabeta. Haryono, Tjipto, dkk. 2000. Kewirausahaan . Surabaya: Unesa University Press. Irham, Fahmi. 2012. Kewirausahaan : Teori, Kasus, dan Solusi . Bandung : Alfabeta. Mubarok, Mufti. 2012. Manajemen Praktis Kewirausahaan . Jakarta : Jaya Pustaka. Suhardi, Yusuf. 2011. Kewirausahaan . Semarang : Ghalia. Tunggal, Amin Widjaja. 2007. Entrepreneurship . Jakarta : Harvarindo. 									
	Supporters:									
	1. Buku ten	tang kewirausahaan								
Supportino lecturer	Yermia Nugroho	Agung Wibowo, S.Pd	., M.Pd.							
Week- St	nal abilities of ach learning age aub-PO)	Ev	aluation		Student Assignments, materia			Learning materials [References	Assessmen Weight (%)	
	,	Indicator	Criteria	& Form		ine (ine)	Online	(online)		

1	Explain the basic concepts of entrepreneurship	1. Explain the meaning of entrepreneurship (entrepreneurship) 2. Explain the differences between the concepts of entrepreneurship and intrapreneurship 3. Explain the differences between the concepts of entrepreneurship and self-employment	Criteria: 1.2: explanation of 2 characteristics is correct 2.1: explanation of 1 characteristic is correct 3.0: no correct explanation Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Explanation, question and answer, discussion 2 X 50	Material: basic concepts of entrepreneurship Reference: Haryono, Tjipto, et al. 2000. Entrepreneurship. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	5%
2	Explain the characteristics of entrepreneurship	Explain the characteristics of entrepreneurship. Explain the benefits of being an entrepreneur	Criteria: 1.4: mention and explain the characteristics of entrepreneurship correctly and completely 2.3: states the characteristics of entrepreneurship correctly but the explanation is incomplete 3.2: mentioning the characteristics of entrepreneurship is incomplete and the explanation is incomplete and the explanation is incorrect 4.1: mentioning the characteristics of entrepreneurship is incorrect 4.1: mentioning the characteristics of entrepreneurship is incomplete and there is no explanation 5.0: no correct explanation Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	Material: entrepreneurial characteristics Reference: Haryono, Tjipto, et al. 2000. Entrepreneurship. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	10%
3	Identifying business profiles	I. Identify the business profile. Explain the types of business	Criteria: 1. Question number 1 2.4: explain the company profile correctly and completely 3.3: explains the company profile correctly but not completely 4.2: describes the company profile incorrectly and incompletely. 5.0: no presentation 6. Question number 2 7.4: compose a company profile correctly and systematically. 8.3: compose the company profile correctly but not systematically. 9.2: compose the company profile incorrectly 10.0: did not prepare a company profile. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Explanations, questions and answers, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	Material: business profile References: Alma, Buchari. 2007. Entrepreneurship. Bandung: Alphabeta.	5%

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4	Explain the choice of business type	Identify the type of business 2. Explain the steps for choosing the type of business 3. Conduct a business feasibility study	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	PjBL 2 X 50	PjBL	Material: choosing the type of business Reader: Irham, Fahmi. 2012. Entrepreneurship: Theory, Cases, and Solutions. Bandung: Alphabeta.	5%
5	Conduct business feasibility studies	1. Explain the importance of conducting a business feasibility study 2. Explain the steps for conducting a business feasibility study 3. Conduct a business feasibility study in the field 4. Create a business feasibility study report	Criteria: 1. Question number 1 2.4: present the feasibility study report correctly and completely 3.3: present the feasibility study report correctly but incompletely 4.2: presenting the feasibility study report incorrectly and incompletely. 5.0: no presentation Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Portfolio Assessment	Questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50		Material: steps to conduct a business feasibility study Reference: Haryono, Tjipto, et al. 2000. Entrepreneurship. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	10%
6	Create a business plan (business plan)	1. Explain the importance of planning 2. Explain the meaning of business planning 3. Explain the formal form of business planning 4. Create a business plan for a new business	Criteria: 1.4: prepare a business plan correctly and completely 2.3: prepare a business plan correctly but incompletely 3.2: preparing business plans incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: did not prepare a business plan Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Explanations, questions and answers, discussions and assignments 2 X 50		Material: business planning (business plan) References: Mubarok, Mufti. 2012. Practical Management of Entrepreneurship. Jakarta: Jaya Pustaka.	5%
7	Create a business plan (business plan)	1. Explain the importance of planning 2. Explain the meaning of business planning 3. Explain the formal form of business planning 4. Create a business plan for a new business	Criteria: 1.4: prepare a business plan correctly and completely 2.3: prepare a business plan correctly but incompletely 3.2: preparing business plans incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: did not prepare a business plan Form of Assessment: Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Explanations, questions and answers, discussions and assignments 2 X 50		Material: business planning (business plan) References: Mubarok, Mufti. 2012. Practical Management of Entrepreneurship. Jakarta: Jaya Pustaka.	5%
8	UTS	UTS	Criteria: UTS	UTS 2 X 50	UTS	Material: UTS Library: Books about entrepreneurship	10%

9	understand the concept of entrepreneurial ethics	Explain the SWOT concept Explain the SWOT principle	Criteria: 1.4: explain the company's SWOT correctly and completely 2.3: explains the company's SWOT correctly but incompletely 3.2: explains the company's SWOT incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: no presentation Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Question and answer, discussion- presentation, assignment 2 X 50		Material: concept of entrepreneurial ethics References: Alma, Buchari. 2007. Entrepreneurship. Bandung: Alphabeta.	5%
10	Explain the concept of production	Explain the concept of production 2. Explain the steps of production activities: stages, cycles, results, layout and production maintenance	Criteria: 1.4: arrange the stages of production activities correctly and completely 2.3: arrange the stages of production activities correctly but not completely 3.2: arrange the stages of production activities incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: does not arrange the stages of production activities Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	PJBL 2 X 50	РјВЬ	Material: production concept Readers: Irham, Fahmi. 2012. Entrepreneurship: Theory, Cases, and Solutions. Bandung: Alphabeta.	10%
11	Explain the concept of sales and marketing activities	Explain the concept of sales and marketing activities. Arranging sales and marketing activities.	Criteria: 1.4: organize sales activities correctly and completely 2.3: organize sales activities correctly but incompletely 3.2: organize sales activities incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: does not organize sales activities Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	PjBL 2 X 50	PjBL	Material: concept of sales and marketing activities Reader: Irham, Fahmi. 2012. Entrepreneurship: Theory, Cases, and Solutions. Bandung: Alphabeta.	10%
12	Explain the concept of financial management	1. Explain the concept of financial management 2. Explain the concept of financial sources of business capital 3. Explain the use and utilization of business capital 4. Make bookkeeping and calculate profit and loss	Criteria: 1.4: develop financial management concepts correctly and completely 2.3: develop financial management concepts correctly but incompletely 3.2: formulating financial management concepts incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: not formulating a financial management concept. Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	PjBL 2 X 50	PjBL	Material: financial management Reader: Irham, Fahmi. 2012. Entrepreneurship: Theory, Cases, and Solutions. Bandung: Alphabeta.	5%

13	Explain the concept of creativity and innovation in entrepreneurship	Explain the concept of creativity in entrepreneurship. Explain the concept of innovation in entrepreneurship.	Criteria: 1.4: explain the company's innovation correctly and completely 2.3: explains the company's innovation correctly but incompletely 3.2: explains the company's innovation incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: no presentation	Question and answer, discussion- presentation, assignment 2 X 50	Material: creativity and innovation in entrepreneurship Reference: Haryono, Tjipto, et al. 2000. Entrepreneurship. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	5%
			Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment			
14	Explain the concept of increasing business productivity through motivation	Explain the concept of productivity in entrepreneurship 2. Explain the concept of motivation in entrepreneurship 3. Explain two motivation theories in increasing business productivity	Criteria: 1.4: organize activities to increase business productivity through motivation correctly and completely 2.3: organize activities to increase business productivity through motivation correctly but incompletely 3.2: arrange activities to increase business productivity through motivation correctly and incompletely 4.0: not organizing activities to increase business productivity through motivation incorrectly and incompletely. 4.0: not organizing activities to increase business productivity through motivation Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Question and answer, discussion-presentation, assignment 2 X 50	Material: business productivity through motivation References: Alma, Buchari. 2007. Entrepreneurship. Bandung: Alphabeta.	5%
15	Explains the concept of using imagination and intuition for business progress	Explain the concept of using imagination for business progress. 2. Explain the concept of using intuition for business progress	Criteria: 1.4: composing activities using imagination and intuition that can advance the business well and completely 2.3: compiling activities using imagination and intuition that can advance the business well but are not complete 3.2: composing activities using imagination and intuition that can advance the business in a way that is not good and incomplete. 4.0: not organizing activities using imagination and intuition that can advance the business in a way that is not good and incomplete. 4.0: not organizing activities using imagination and intuition that can advance the business Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Question and answer, discussion-presentation, assignment 2 X 50	Material: use of imagination and intuition for business progress Reader: Haryono, Tjipto, et al. 2000. Entrepreneurship. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	10%

Form of Assessment : Haryono, Tjipto, et al. 2000. Test Entrepreneurship. Surabaya: Unesa University Press.	16	UAS	UAS		UAS 2 X 50	UAS	et al. 2000. Entrepreneurship. Surabaya: Unesa	5%
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Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	35%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	52.5%
3.	Portfolio Assessment	5%
4.	Practice / Performance	2.5%
5.	Test	5%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program
 graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program
 obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used
 for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on
 predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased.
 Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.