

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social and Political Sciences History Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER	IFARN	ING PI	ΔN
SEIVIES I EN	LEARIN	INGFL	-

Courses			CODE		Course Family	y Credit Weight			SEMESTER	Compilation Date			
Learning The	eory		8720102210		Compulsory Stud Program Subjects	y S	T=2	P=0	ECTS=3.18	1	March 1, 2024		
AUTHORIZA [*]	TION		SP Developer Cour				rse Cluster Coordinator Study Program			am			
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Learning model	Case Studie	S				ı							
Program	PLO study	progran	n that is char	ged to the	course								
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-8	Apply of dev	ring logical, criti velopments in s	ing logical, critical, systematic and analytical thinking in solving history education problems with the impact velopments in science and technology									
. ,	PLO-10	Applying psychopedagogy to history learning											
	Program Objectives (PO)												
	PO - 1	Explain the definition and function of learning theory											
	PO - 2	Analyzing behavioristic learning theory											
	PO - 3	Analyzing cognitive learning theory											
	PO - 4	Analy	zing informatio	n processing	g learning theory								
	PO - 5	Analy	Analyzing humanist learning theory										
	PO - 6	Analy	zing experimen	ıtal learning	theory								
	PO - 7	Evaluating deep learning theory in instructional practice and educational research											
	PLO-PO Matrix												
		I _											
			P.O	PLO-8	B PLO-1	0							
			PO-1										
			PO-2										
			PO-3										
			PO-4										
			PO-5										
			PO-6										
			PO-7										

P.O		Week														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
PO-1																
PO-2																
PO-3																
PO-4																
PO-5																
PO-6																
PO-7																

Short Course Description

Study of the principles and ways students learn according to behavioral learning theory, social learning theory, cognitive learning theory, constructivist approach, as well as motivating students to learn, and its application in learning through analysis of case examples in class. The learning epistemology developed for course and competency learning outcomes is an expository, explanatory and exploratory approach.

References

Main:

- Hergenhahn, B. R. & Olson, Matthew H. 2012. Theories of Learning (Teori Belajar). Edisi Ketujuh. Jakarta: Kencana Prenada Media Group.
- 2. Santrock, J. W. 2008. Educational Psychology. Third Edition . Boston: McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Slavin, R. E. 2011. Psikologi Pendidikan Teori dan Praktik. Edisi Kesembilan Jilid 1. Jakarta: PT Indeks.
- 4. Slavin, R. E. 2011. Psikologi Pendidikan Teori dan Praktik. Edisi Kesembilan Jilid 2 . Jakarta: PT Indeks.
- $5. \ \ Woolfolk, A.\ 2010.\ Educational\ Psychology,\ Global\ Edition.\ Eleventh\ Edition.\ New\ Jersey:\ Pearson\ Education$

Supporters:

Supporting lecturer

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Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evaluation		Lear Stude	elp Learning, rning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(SuĎ-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Mastering learning theory	Explain the nature of learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of the results report Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA		3%	
2	Mastering behavioristic theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations and principles of behaviorism theory	Criteria: completeness of the results report Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA		4%	
3	Mastering behavioristic theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations and principles of behaviorism theory	Criteria: Completeness of the results report Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA		4%	
4	Mastering behavioristic theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations and principles of behaviorism theory	Criteria: Completeness of Results Report Form of Assessment : Test	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA		4%	
5	Mastering behavioristic theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations and principles of behaviorism theory	Criteria: Completeness of Results Report Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA		4%	

6	Mastering cognitive learning theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of cognitive learning theory	Criteria: completeness of the results report Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments	independent study at SIDIA	4%
7	Mastering cognitive learning theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of cognitive learning theory	Criteria: completeness of the results report Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	2 X 50 Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA	4%
8	review material 1-7	analyze material 1-7	Criteria: accuracy of problem solving Form of Assessment : Test	Test 2 X 50	take the test through SIDIA	16%
9	Mastering cognitive learning theory Mastering information processing learning theory	Analyzing the principles of cognitive learning theory Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of information processing learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of Results Report Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA	4%
10	Mastering cognitive learning theory Mastering information processing learning theory	Analyzing the principles of cognitive learning theory Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of information processing learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of Results Report Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA	4%
11	Mastering information processing learning theory Mastering humanism learning theory	Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of information processing learning theory Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of humanism learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of the report prepared and the neatness and smoothness of the presentation and providing answers/responses Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA	4%
12	Mastering information processing learning theory Mastering humanism learning theory	Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of information processing learning theory Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of humanism learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of the report prepared and the neatness and smoothness of the presentation and providing answers/responses Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	learn through SIDIA	4%
13	Mastering information processing learning theory Mastering humanism learning theory	Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of information processing learning theory Analyzing facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of humanism learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of the report prepared and the neatness and smoothness of the presentation and providing answers/responses Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Tests	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions, assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA	5%
14	Mastering experimental learning theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of experiential learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of the report prepared and the neatness and smoothness of the presentation and providing answers/responses Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA	5%

15	Mastering experimental learning theory	Analyze facts, concepts, generalizations, and principles of experiential learning theory	Criteria: Completeness of the report prepared and the neatness and smoothness of the presentation and providing answers/responses Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, questions and answers, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	independent study at SIDIA	5%
16			Form of Assessment : Test	doing UAS	do UAS through SIDIA	26%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	51.5%
2.	Test	48.5%
		100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
 which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills
 and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.