

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social and Political Sciences History Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses				CODE	Course Family			ily	Credit		redit Weight		SE			Cor	mpilati te	ion		
ORAL HISTORY			872010225	52			Comp		Study P	rogram	T=	2 P=0	ECTS=3.1	В	5		Feb 202	oruary 1 24	1,	
AUTHOR	IZATIO	N		SP Develo	per						Course C	luste	r Coord	linator	St	udy Pro	gram Co	ordin	nator	
				Drs. Suma S.S., M.Pd		.Hum. I	Dr. Se	ptina A	Irianing	grum,	Drs. Suma	arno,	M.Hum			С	Or. Wisnu,	, М.Нı	um.	
Learning model		Case Studies									II.									
Program		PLO study prog	gram th	nat is charç	ged to	the co	ourse	;												
Learning Outcome		Program Objec	tives (F	PO)																
(PLO)		PO - 1	3) Mas	ter educatio	nal res	earch r	metho	ds as h	istorica	ıl educa	tional resea	rch pı	ocedur	es						
		PLO-PO Matrix																		
				P.O PO-1																
		PO Matrix at the	e end c	of each lear	rning	stage	(Sub-	-PO)												
				P.O								We	ek							
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	,
			PO-	-1															1	
			<u> </u>		1	<u></u>					II.					<u> </u>				
Short Co Descript		This course discu historical data/so research through	urces th	nrough interv																
Reference	ces	Main :																		
		Arsip Na: Baum, W Lapian A Berita Se A. Paul Tho	/illa K. 1 .B. 198 ejarah Li	982. Sejarał 1. Metode S san No. 7, J	h Lisar Sejarah akarta	n Untuk n Lisan .: ANRI	Masy (Oral	arakat : I Histor	Setem _l y) Dala	pat . Jak am Ran	arta: Arsip N			ntarisasi Bio	grafi	Tokoh-T	ökoh Nas	sional	l . Lem	ıbaran
		Supporters:																		
		1. Sumarno	. 1. PPT	Sejarah Lis	san															
Supporti lecturer	ing	Dr. Wisnu, M.Hur Drs. Sumarno, M. Septina Alrianing	.Hum.	S., M.Pd.																
Week-		abilities of earning stage		E	Evalua	tion					Help Learnin Student A	g me	thods,	5,	L	earning	j materia	ls /	Assess	sment

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)	Evaluation		Learning Student As	earning, methods, ssignments, tted time]	Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)
	,	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Ability to explain the scope of Oral History Material	Explain the scope of oral history material.	Criteria: Good, Enough, Poor	Lectures, Questions and Answers, Assignments. 2 X 50	0	Material: Scope of Oral History Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	0%

2	Ability to explain the concept of oral history	1.1. Be able to explain the concept of oral history 2.2. Be able to differentiate between oral history, oral tradition history, and critical history.	Criteria: Presence, Activeness, Encouragement: Good- fair, poor Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers, PjBL assignments. 2 X 50	Studying. Question and answer	Material: concept of oral history References: Baum, Willa K. 1982. Oral History for Local Communities. Jakarta: National Archives of the Republic of Indonesia	12%
3	Ability to analyze the Role/Position/Function of Oral History in Writing History	1.1. The main source for writing history 2.2. The role of oral history in writing history	Criteria: Presence, Effectiveness, Bertanay, argued: Good, average, poor. Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions, presentations, PjBL assignments 2 X 50	Lecture, Q&A	Material: Role/Position/Function of Oral History in Writing Library History: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives. Material: Main sources for writing	8%
4	Ability to differentiate between Oral History and Oral Traditional	1.1. Able to formulate the difference between Oral History and Oral Traditional 2.2. Able to make connections between Oral History and Oral Traditional	Criteria: Presence, Activeness, Engagement, Arguing: Good, Enough, Poor Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lectures, Presentations, discussions, questions and answers 2 X 50	Presentation, Q&A	Material: Differences between Oral History and Oral Traditional. Reference: Lapian AB 1981. Oral History Methods in the Context of Writing and Inventorying Biographies of National Figures. Oral History Gazette No. 7, Jakarta: ANRI	8%
5	Ability to identify oral traditions (Oral Tradition) that exist in the surrounding environment	1.1. Able to identify oral traditions in their environment 2.2. Able to describe oral traditions (Oral Traditions) that exist in the surrounding environment	Criteria: Presence, activeness, questioning, arguing. Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, Presentations, Discussions/Questions and Answers 2 X 50	Presentation, Discussion/Q&A	Material: Identifying oral traditions (Oral Tradition) in the surrounding environment. Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	8%
6	Ability to explain symbolic meaning in oral traditions based on experiences in the environment	1.1. Able to identify the symbolic culture around them 2.2. Able to explain symbolic meanings in oral traditions based on experiences in their environment	Criteria: Presence, Activeness: Good, sufficient, Poor	Lectures, Presentations, Discussions, Questions and Answers 2 X 50	Presentation, Q&A	Material: Symbolic meaning in oral traditions based on experiences in the environment. Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives. Material: identifying the surrounding symbolic culture, symbolic meaning in oral traditions based on experiences in the environment. Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	8%
7	Ability to analyze the distribution of oral traditions in the archipelago	1.1. Able to identify the distribution of oral traditions in the archipelago 2.2. Able to analyze the distribution of oral traditions in the archipelago	Criteria: Presence, Activeness, Asking, arguing: Good, Enough, Poor Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, Achievements. PjBl 2 X 50 Assignment	Presentation, Q&A	Material: Distribution of oral traditions in the archipelago Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives. Material: identifying the distribution of oral traditions in the archipelago, analyzing the distribution of oral traditions in the archipelago. Pustaka:	8%
8	Ability to complete UTS assignments in the form of Projects and Problem Solving in Oral history	Able to do UTS assignments in the form of projects and Problem Solving2. Able to work according to the specified time Form:	Criteria: according to the UTS Project assessment signs Form of Assessment : Test	project assignments/problem solving 2 X 50		Material: UTS Library:	8%

9	Ability to transcribe oral histories from interviews and lectures	1.1. Able to prepare oral interviews (individual and group) and lectures (resource speaker's oration) 2.2. Able to determine interview informants (Military, Civilian, Ordinary People) 3.3. Able to determine Interview Techniques 4.4. Able to take notes and record interview data, 5.5. Able to apply Ethics in obtaining Oral History data	Criteria: Presence, Activeness, Inquisitiveness,: Good, sufficient, insufficient Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment Product Assessment	Lectures, Presentations, Discussions, Questions and Answers 2 X 50	Presentation, Q&A	Material: Transcription of oral histories from interviews and lectures Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	10%
10	Ability to analyze oral history transcriptions from oral history recordings/interviews and from lectures (resource persons)	1.1. Able to analyze interview/question and answer results 2.2. Able to analyze the oral history of lecture results (resource person)	Criteria: idem Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Studying. Respond. Presentation. Discussion 2 X 50	Presentations, questions and answers	Material: transcription of oral history recorded as a result of oral history/interviews and from lectures (resource persons) Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives. Material: analyzing oral history transcriptions from oral history recordings/interviews and from lectures (resource persons) Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	8%
11	make a simple oral history report (Oral History)	Able to compile a simple oral history report (oral history)	Criteria: Studying. RESPONSE. Presentation. Discussion. Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Studying. Respond. Presentation. Discussion. 2 X 50	Presentation. Question and answer.	Material: Compiling a simple oral history report. Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	10%
12	Ability to make simple oral history reports. Oral History	Able to compile a simple oral history report (oral history)	Criteria: Presence. Liveliness. Ask. Argue. Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Kuiah. Responsi,presentation. Discussion 2 X 50	Presentation. Question and answer.	Material: make a simple oral history report Oral History Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	4%
13	Ability to make simple reports on oral traditions (traditional oral)	Able to prepare a simple report on the history of oral traditions in the surrounding environment	Criteria: Presence. Liveliness. Ask. Argue. Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Studying, Respond. Presentation. Discussion. 2 X 50	Presentation. Question and answer	Material: Make a simple report on oral traditions (traditional oral) References: Baum, Willa K. 1982. Oral History for Local Communities. Jakarta: National Archives of the Republic of Indonesia	4%
14	presenting the results of a simple report on the History of Oral Tradition	1.1. Able to present a simple oral history report (oral history) 2.2. Able to present a simple report on the history of oral traditions in the surrounding environment	Criteria: Presence. Liveliness. Ask. Argue. Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Studying. Respond. Presentation. Discussion. 2 X 50	Presentation. Question and answer	Material: presenting the results of a simple report on the History of Oral Tradition. Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	4%
15	Ability to document data from Oral History search results	1.1. Able to choose media/tools to document data for oral history appropriately 2.2. Able to store oral history data correctly	Criteria: Presence. Liveliness. Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation. Discussion. 2 X 50	Presentation. Question and answer	Material: documenting data Oral History search results Library: National Archives. 1983. Oral History Gazette. Jakarta: National Archives.	8%

	16	Ability to do Final Semester Evaluation / Final Semester Examination	Able to take the final semester exam in the form of a test/nontest in the form of a simple oral history report using oral history sources.	according to the	test/non-test/collect project results 2 X 50		Material: UAS Literature: Material: Material after UTS Library:	0%	
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Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	44%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	48%
3.	Test	8%
	·	100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the
- formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.

 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.

 Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or
- performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.