Document Code

## UNESA

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts German Language Education Undergraduate Study Program

			SEMESTER	LEARNIN	IG PLAI	N					
Courses		CODE	Course	Course Family		Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Micro Tea	aching	8820702185	j				ECTS=3.18	6	July 16, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION		SP Develop	SP Developer		Course Clus	ter Coordin	ator	Study Program Coordinator			
							Dwi Imroatu Julaikah, S.Pd., M.Pd.				
Learning Project Based Learning model								3.Fu.	, IVI.F U.		
Program	PLO study pro	PLO study program that is charged to the course									
Learning	D	Program Objectives (PO)									
(PLO)	PLO-PO Matrix										
		P.O	P.O								
	PO Matrix at th	e end of each lear	ning stage (Sub-PO)								
		P.O			Week			1 1			
		1	2 3 4 5	6 7	8 9	10 11	12 13	14 15	5 16		
Short Course Descript	ion products and deli	ised on a cased stud iver them practically i	y approach and also a co n small classes	mbination of proj	ect based meth	hods. Studer	nts are able to	design teachin	g plans, media		
Reference	ces Main:	Main:									
	1. Nurkolis.	1. Nurkolis. 2003. Manajemen Berbasis Sekolah: Teori, Model, danAplikasi. Jakarta: Grasindo									
	Supporters:										
Supporti lecturer	Drs. Ari Pujosusa										
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evaluation		Help Lea Learning m Student Assi [ Estimate		nethods, ignments,		Learning materials [	Assessment Weight (%)		
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline	( offline )	Online	e ( online )	]			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		5)		(6)	(7)	(8)		
1	Have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning planning	1.Explains concepts and MBS from various learning sources and ICT 2.Explain the characteristics of schools that implement SBM	Form of Assessment Participatory Activities, Tests		sionassignmen	t			4%		
2	have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning	identify the school curriculum	Form of Assessment Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	discussion 2 X 50					5%		

3	Have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning planning	- Explain the concept of Clinical Supervision (SK) from various learning sources and ICT - Explain the factors that influence the process of drafting SK	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions 2 X 50	5%
4	Have important knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching, and learning planning (1)	- Explain the concept of micro teaching from various learning sources and ICT - Give examples of basic teaching skills	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Lectures, discussions and assignments 2 X 50	5%
5	Have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning planning (1)	Explains basic teaching skills scenarios	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion, presentation 2 X 50	5%
6	Making decisions about the design, implementation and evaluation of learning in accordance with the characteristics of the material (2) Developing learning tools that take into account the diversity of students, including students with special needs (6) Utilizing research results to develop effective learning tools (5)	Develop learning tools in the form of a syllabus, lesson plans and teaching materials	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Workshops and presentations 2 X 50	5%
7	Making decisions about the design, implementation and evaluation of learning in accordance with the characteristics of the material (2) Developing learning tools that take into account the diversity of students, including students with special needs (6) Utilizing research results to develop effective learning tools (5)	Develop assessments	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Workshops and presentations 2 X 50	5%
8	Making decisions about the design, implementation and evaluation of learning in accordance with the characteristics of the material (2) Developing learning tools that take into account the diversity of students, including students with special needs (6) Utilizing research results to develop effective learning tools (5)	Develop assessments	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Workshops and presentations 2 X 50	5%
9	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	- Carrying out learning based on the tools developed - Identifying the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried - Developing plans to improve learning tools	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50	5%
10	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	- Carrying out learning based on the tools developed - Identifying the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried - Developing plans to improve learning tools	Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50	5%

11	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	- Carrying out learning based on the tools developed - Identifying the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried - Developing plans to improve learning tools	Form of Assessment : Practice / Performance	Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50		5%
12	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	- Carrying out learning based on the tools developed - Identifying the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried - Developing plans to improve learning tools	Form of Assessment : Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50		10%
13	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	- Carrying out learning based on the tools developed - Identifying the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried - Developing plans to improve learning tools	Form of Assessment : Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50		10%
14	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	- Carrying out learning based on the tools developed - Identifying the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried - Developing plans to improve learning tools	Form of Assessment : Practice / Performance	Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50		2%
15	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	- Carrying out learning based on the tools developed - Identifying the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried - Developing plans to improve learning tools	Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance, Tests	Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50		12%
16			Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance, Tests			12%

**Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning** 

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No	Evaluation	Percentage				
1.	Participatory Activities	10%				
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	55%				
3.	Practice / Performance	25%				
4.	Test	10%				
		100%				

## Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.

  5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the
- ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice,
- Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

  Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

  10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.

- The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
   TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.