

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social Sciences and Law Geography Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

CEMPCTED	LEARNING PLAN
>FIME > I FR	T FARMING PLAN

Courses		CODE	Course Fami	ly Cred	it Weight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Geospatial Data Management		8720202193		T=2	P=0 ECTS=3.18	2	July 18, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION		SP Developer	SP Developer		Course Cluster Coordinator		am		
							Dr. Nugroho Hari Purnomo, S.P., M.Si.		
Learning model	Case Studies	udies							
Program	PLO study progr	ram which is charged	to the course	е					
Learning Outcomes	Program Objecti	Program Objectives (PO)							
(PLO)	PLO-PO Matrix								
	P.O								
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)								
		P.O 1 2 3	4 5 6	Wee 7 8 9	ek 10 11 12	13 14	15 16		
Short Course Description						ccordance with namely GIS, esses, namely			
Reference	References Main:								
	 Chris Brunsdon and Lex Comber, 2014, An Introduction to R for Spatial Analysis and Mapping, SA Publications Ltd Lilywati, H dan Budiman, 2007, Data Spasial, Pilihan Cerdas Bangsa Yang Bijak, PT Sarana Komunikasi Uta Bogor. 								
	Supporters:								
Supportir lecturer	Dr. Muzayanah, S. Dr. Eko Budiyanto,								
Week.	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evaluation		Help Learn Learning met Student Assign Estimated	hods, nments,	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)		

	Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	E	valuation	Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)
		(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)]	
ſ	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	1	Students are able to develop methods for implementing data collection			1 X 50			0%

2	Students are able to obtain primary regional socio- biophysical data	Face to face Structured tasks 1 X 50		0%
3	Students are able to obtain regional socio-biophysical secondary data	Face to FaceStructured Tasks 1 X 50		0%
4	Students are able to validate regional geospatial data	Face to face, Independent assignments. 1 X 50		0%
5	Students can carry out sampling and ground thruthing techniques	Face to face Guided practice 1 X 50		0%
6	Students can convert between geospatial data storage file formats	Face to face Guided practice 1 X 50		0%
7	Students understand geospatial database management techniques (Private – Interconnected Server)	Face to face Independent assignment 1 X 50		0%
8	UTS	Written Test 1 X 50		0%
9	Students can design spatial databases	Face to FaceStructured Tasks 1 X 50		0%
10	Students can design spatial databases	Face to FaceStructured Tasks 1 X 50		0%
11	Students can build spatial databases	Face to face Guided practice Structured Assignments 1 X 50		0%
12	Students can build spatial databases	Face to face Guided practice Structured Assignments 1 X 50		0%
13	Students can build spatial databases	Face to face Guided practice Structured Assignments 1 X 50		0%
14	Students are able to integrate spatial data with non- spatial data	Face to faceGuided PracticeStructured Assignments 1 X 50		0%
15	Students are able to integrate spatial data with non- spatial data	Face to faceGuided PracticeStructured Assignments 1 X 50		0%
16	UAS	Written test or practice 1 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
		0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.