Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts Fine Arts Undergraduate Study Program

				SEN	ME:	STE	R L	EA	RN	INC	P	L/	N							
Courses				CODE			Co	urse F	amil	у	Cr	edit	Weig	ght	s	EMES	TER	Co	mpilati te	ion
History of Asian and Indonesian Fine Arts		n	9020102090			mpuls ogram			T=	2 F	P=0	ECTS=3	.18	2)	Jul	y 16, 20	024		
AUTHORIZAT	ION			SP Develop	per					Cou	rse Cl	luste	er Co	ordinato	or S	tudy F	rogra	m Cod	ordinat	or
				Dr. Djuli Dja	atiprar	mbudi, M	1.Sn.									Dra. In		hrysar .Sn.	ıti Angg	je,
Learning model	Case St	udies													•					
Program	PLO study program that is charged to the course																			
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-5 Demonstrate independent, quality and measurable performance and be able to make appropriate decisions in solving problems																			
	Program Objectives (PO)																			
	PO - 1		Comp	iling articles	on the	history	of Asi	an and	Indo	nesiar	n art									
	PLO-PC) Matrix																		
				P.O PO-1		PLO-	5													
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																			
				P.O								We	ok							
				1.0	1	2 2	. 1 .	1 -	_	7			1	11	10	10	14	15	10	
			-		1	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10) 11	12	13	14	15	16	
			PC	0-1																
Short Course Description	selection Southeas explaine entered period is explains, developr Associat among s artists ar	of coun st Asia. K d globally the Asian explaine examine ment of r ion) until students a nd their w	tries c nowled about region d. Glo es and moderr the pe about t orks; k	sight into the can be expa doge of the de the early pen. Next, the ball explanating researches in Indonesian rich eimportant now art histoship betweer	nded eveloperiod of developerion by the go art, to as ce of orical	according according according according according according to the control of the cording according accord	ng to fine a property of fine and imp and ally state of coning the state of the sta	develorts is for trace arts foortant chronarting for temporarium arting for the chronarting for the chrona	opmer ocuse dition rom the point ology from orary dersta stand	nts in all fine the eart in the 19 art in anding how a	conte the co arts i rly per he chrodones 930s the 1 of In	empo olonia n the riod rono sian perio 990s done , tecl	orary al per e reg of m logy fine od th s. Th esian	art in E riod, how ion to bri odernism of art in arts; obs rrough P is lecture art histo	gypt, rever in dge do the Asserve is ersagi	the Min the in the in the in the interval of t	iddle Entroducements on to the egion. To with; armesian to builtness the egion the egion to builtness the egion th	East, I ctory s after on This co This co Id and Imag Id und e biog	Korea a ection i colonial tempor ourse a alyzing le Experience erstandiraphies	and it is ism ary also the erts ding
References	Main:																			
	2. 3. 4. 5. 5. 5. 6. 7. 11. 12. 13. 13. 13. 14. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15	TH Siregas Supangkas Spanjaard Internatio Spanjaard Yuliman, Supangkas Wisma Sa Wisma Sa Wisma Sa Fregear, I. Rebecca, Vishakha Turner, C	ar, Ami at, Jim. d, Hele nal. d, Hele Sanen at, Jim eni Nas stri. 19 S. 1995 M. 199 M. Bro N Des aroline	. 2006. Mode inudin & Sup. 2000. Indon ena. 2004. ena. 1993. Inc. to. 1976. Sei dkk. 1999. sional Jakart. 194. Soul, Sp. 5. Japanese . 17. Chinese A co. 2008. Asi e. 1994. Trad e. 2005. Art a	riyant lesian Explo dones ni Luk Mode a. irit an Art . Th art . Th an Ar ition a	o, Enin (Modern ring Mo ian Mod is Indon rnitas In d Mount hames a lutton. 2 t History and Chai	ded.). 2 Art and art are dern Art esia Budones ain: Prand Hudones one. Ar in the nge. Q	t. Ams aru-Se ia dala ecccu udson. dson. sian A Twen	Seni R cond esian terdal buah am Ro pation art (Bla ty Firs land F	eupa M Jakart Art: T m: Ga Peng eprese ns of C ackwe st Cen Press.	Moderra: Yay The Cote Fou antar. entasi Conter II Anth tury.	n Ind yasa Colle unda Jak Ser mpor	lones n Se ction ation. arta: ni Ru rary li gies i Univ	iia: Ésai- ni Rupa I of DR Dewan I pa. Jaka ndonesia n Art His: ersity Pre	ndone OeiHo Ceseni rta: Ga n Pair tory, N	esia (YS ong Dj an Jak aleri N aters. C	SRI). ijien. S arta. asiona Oxford I	ıl Bagi Univer	an Pro	yek ess.

	Supporters:			
ĺ				
Supporting lecturer	Dr. Drs. Djuli Djatipra	ambudi, M.Sn.		
			Help Learning,	

Support lecturer		iprambudi, M.Sn.					
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)		uation	Lear Stude [Es	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)
	(845 : 6)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Understanding early Asian culture Understanding the position and characteristics of traditional art in India	1.Discuss the history of early Asian cultures 2.Identifying Hindu Art that developed in India 3.Identifying Buddhist Art that developed in India 4.Identifying Islamic Art that developed in India 4.Identifying Islamic Art that developed in India	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get an B grade Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	lectures, discussions and assignments 2 X 50 minutes		Material: History of fine arts in Asia References: Rebecca, M. Brown, Deborah S. Hutton. 2006. Asian Art (Blackwell Anthologies in Art History, No. 2). Blackwell Publishing.	2%
2	Understanding the position and characteristics of traditional art in China:	Identify traditional works of art and architecture in China	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice /	Lectures and discussions 2 x 50 minutes		Material: Development of Fine Arts in China Reference: Tregear, M. 1997. Chinese Art. Thames and Hudson.	3%
3	Understand the position and characteristics of traditional art in Japan	Identify works of architectural art and characteristics of traditional art in Japan	Performance Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	lectures and discussions 2 X 50		Material: Development of Fine Arts in Japan Reference: Baker, JS 1995. Japanese Art. Thames and Hudson.	5%

			T	1		
4	Understand the influence of modernity and colonialism on the development of fine arts in Asia	1.Students are able to criticize Modernism in Asia 2.Students are able to analyze Western Orientalism	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 2 x 50 minutes	Material: Modern Fine Art in Indonesia Reference: TI Siregar, Aminudin & Supriyanto, Enin (ed.). 2006. Modern Indonesian Art Selected Essays. Reason. Material: Modern Fine Art and the Influence of Colonialism in Indonesia Library: Koes Art Books. 2006. Modern Indonesian Art From Raden Saleh to The Present Day.	
5	Identify the position and characteristics of fine arts in Southeast Asian countries	1.Identify the characteristics of visual artifacts and works of art in Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand and Myanmar 2.Analyze and compare works of modern art in Southeast Asia	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 2 x 50 minutes	Material: Fine Arts in Asia Reference: Turner, Caroline. 2005 Art and Social Change: Contemporary Art in Asia and the Pacific. Pandanus: Canberra. Material: Fine Arts in Malaysia, Thailand and Myanmar Reader: Vishakha N Desai. 2008. Asian Art History in the Twenty First Century. Yale University Press.	
6	Describes the social and artistic changes that occurred in the Asian region during the 90s	1.Students understand the factors that caused change and their impact on the development of Asian art during the 90s 2.Discuss visual shifts and their relationship to social context	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Focus Group Discussion 2 X 50 minutes	Material: Art and Social Change in Asi. References: Turner, Caroline. 2005 Art and Social Change: Contemporary Art in Asia and the Pacific. Pandanus: Canberra.	

7	Comparing the development of contemporary Chinese and Japanese art works	1. Identify the characteristics of contemporary Chinese and Japanese art 2. Analyze and compare works of contemporary Chinese and Japanese art 3. Describe the development and aesthetic tendencies of contemporary Chinese and Japanese art	Criteria: 1. If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2. If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3. If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 2 x 50 minutes	Material: contemporary art in China Reference: Tregear, M. 1997. Chinese Art. Thames and Hudson. Material: contemporary art in Japan Reference: Baker, JS 1995. Japanese Art. Thames and Hudson.	5%
8	UTS	Students are able to complete tasks in material 1 to material 7	Criteria: 1.If students master all material 1-7, they will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the material 1- 7, they will get an A- 3.If students master a little material 1-7, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Tests	written test 2 x 50 minutes	Material: Chinese fine arts Reference: Tregear, M. 1997. Chinese Art. Thames and Hudson. Material: Japanese fine art Reference: Baker, JS 1995. Japanese Art. Thames and Hudson. Material: Asian Fine Arts Reader: Vishakha N Desai. 2008. Asian Art History in the Twenty First Century. Yale University Press.	15%
9	1.Understanding the main points of the history of Indonesian fine arts 2.Understanding Prehistoric Indonesian Fine Art	1.Identifying Indonesian Fine Arts of the Paleolithic Period 2.Identifying Indonesian Fine Art from the Mesolithic Period 3.Identifying Indonesian Fine Art of the Neolithic Period 4.Identifying Indonesian Fine Art of the Metal Age 5.Comparing the development and products of Indonesian fine arts in each era	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Lectures and discussions 2 x 50 minutes	Material: Prehistoric Fine Arts in Indonesia Reference: Turner, Caroline. 1994. Tradition and Change. Queensland Press.	5%

	l			 	-	Т	1
10	Understanding Indonesian-Hindu and Indonesian- Islamic Fine Arts	1.Analyzing Indonesian Fine Arts under the influence of Hindu culture 2.Analyzing Indonesian Fine Arts under the influence of Islamic culture	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures and discussions 2 x 50 minutes		Material: Indonesian- Hindu Fine Arts and Indonesian- Islamic Fine Arts References: Wright, Astri. 1994. Soul, Spirit and Mountain: Preoccupations of Contemporary Indonesian Painters. Oxford University Press.	5%
11	Understanding Indonesian Fine Art from the Pioneer, Jelita and Persagi Periods	Comparing Indonesian Fine Art from the Pioneer, Jelita, and Persagi Periods	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures and Discussions 2 X 50 minutes		Material: Pioneering, Jelita, and Persagi Fine Arts Library: Koes Art Books. 2006. Modern Indonesian Art: From Raden Saleh to The Present Day.	5%
12	1.Understanding Indonesian Fine Arts During the Japanese Occupation 2.Understanding the Indonesian Fine Arts Association 1920-1960 Era 3.Understanding Traditional Balinese Painting	1.Explaining the existence & role of POETERA 2.Explaining the existence & role of Keimin Bunka Sidhoso 3.Explaining the Existence & Role of Fine Arts Associations in the 1920-1960 Era 4.Explains the function and characteristics of Traditional Balinese Painting	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures and discussions 2 x 50 minutes		Material: Development of Indonesian Fine Arts from the era of colonialism Library: Koes Art Books. 2006. Modern Indonesian Art: From Raden Saleh to The Present Day.	5%

13	1.Identifying Academy & Outside Academy Fine Arts and their figures. 2.Identifying the existence of Modern Balinese Artists 3.Analyzing the New Indonesian	1.Explains the existence and role of academies in the development of Indonesian Fine Arts (ITB, ASRI, IKJ and IKIP). 2.Explaining artists outside	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students	Lectures and Discussions 2 X 50 minutes	Material: Modern fine art in Indonesia Reference: Supangkat, Jim. 2000. Indonesian Modern Art and Beyond. Jakarta: Indonesian Fine Arts Foundation	5%
	Fine Arts Movement	the academy (self-taught) 3. Explaining Modern Balinese Artists & their works 4. Explains the existence and thinking of the New Indonesian Fine Arts Movement	master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment		Material: Modern Indonesian Fine Art Reference: Spanjaard, Helena. 2004. Exploring Modern Indonesian Art: The Collection of DR OeiHong Djien. Singapore: SNP- International.	
14	Examining the development of sculpture, graphics, fiber arts, ceramics and photography	1.Students are able to study the development of sculpture 2.Students are able to study Graphic Development 3.Students are able to study the Development of Fiber Arts 4.Students are able to study the development of ceramics 5.Students are able to study the development of the art of photography	Criteria: 1. If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2. If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3. If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures and discussions 2 x 50 minutes	Material: works of art within the scope of Indonesian fine arts Reader: Spanjaard, Helena. 2004. Exploring Modern Indonesian Art: The Collection of DR OeiHong Djien. Singapore: SNP- International.	5%
15	Understanding Contemporary Indonesian Art	Explaining the existence of contemporary Indonesian art	Criteria: 1.If the student masters all the indicators, he will get an A grade 2.If students master some of the indicators, they will get an A- 3.If students master a few indicators, they will get a B grade Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lectures and discussions 2 x 50 minutes	Material: Contemporary Fine Art in Indonesia Reference: Wright, Astri. 1994. Soul, Spirit and Mountain: Preoccupations of Contemporary Indonesian Painters. Oxford University Press.	5%

16	LIAC	atudanta ara alala	O. italia	to do a cod	1		000/
16	UAS	students are able to write articles on the history of Asian and Indonesian art	Criteria: If students write articles well and correctly, they will get an A grade Forms of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Independent work 2 x 50 minutes	JARRB11AB11AB11AB11AB11AB11AB11AB11AB11AB	Atterial: apanese Fine att deference: baker, JS 995. apanese Art. hames and dudson. Atterial: chinese Fine att bibliography: regear, M. 997. Chinese att. Thames and Hudson. Atterial: distory of indonesian cine Arts from me to time teferences: Wright, Astri. 994. Soul, print and dountain: preoccupations of Contemporary adonesian cainters. boxford diviversity press. Atterial: Asian cine Arts bibliography: debecca, M. brown, beborah S. dutton. 2006. dusian Art Blackwell authologies in att History, No. b. Blackwell aublishing.	20%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	37.51%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	6.67%
3.	Portfolio Assessment	36.68%
4.	Practice / Performance	11.68%
5.	Test	7.5%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on
 predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and
 unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.