

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Undergraduate Study Program, Fashion Design Education

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING P	

Courses	rrses CODE Course Family		y	Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date			
Fashion Busin	ess Management	8321203125	Compulsory Study Program Subjects				4	July 17, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION				Course Cluster Coordinator			ordinator	Study Program Coordinator		
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Learning model	Project Based Learning									

Program
Learning
Outcomes
(PLO)

PLO study program that is charged to the course

Program Objectives (PO)

PO - 1 Understand the basic concepts of fashion business management PO - 2 Understand financial administration management PO - 3 Skilled in planning, preparation and industrial garment production PO - 4 Skilled at marketing products

PO - 5 Understand industrial garment product evaluation

PLO-PO Matrix

P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 PO-4 PO-5

PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)

P.O		Week														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
PO-1																
PO-2																
PO-3																
PO-4																
PO-5																

Short Course Description

This course is a theoretical study and skills training within the scope of fashion industry business management, including: convection and custom made production, implementation of project workshops, marketing and financial administration management. Lectures are carried out using synchronous and asynchronous methods via the Google Meet, WA and Google Classroom platforms. An individual approach that focuses on online guided training based on project-based learning to hone students' psychomotor skills in making mass products and being able to evaluate them.

References

Main :

- Gerry Cooklin. 2004. Introduction To Clothing Manufacture. UK. Blackwell Publishing.

 George R. Terry, Lislie W. Rue, Dasar-Dasar Manajemen, alihbahasa GA. Ticoalu, BumiAksara, Jakarta, 2013. 3. Jeannet A. jarrow. 1997. Inside Fashion Bussiness. new York. Harper & Row. 4. Sharon Lee Tate. 2004. Inside fashion Design. New york. Harper & Row.
- FashionBusiness. New york. Harper & Row.
 RyanAriefiansyah & Miyosi margi Utami. 2012. Harga Pokok Penjualan. New Agogos. Jakarta.
- 5. ThamrinAbdullah, Francius Tantri. 2014.ManajemenPemasaran. Raja Grafindo, Persena. Jakarta.

Supporters:

Supporting lecturer

Prof. Dr. Marniati, S.E., M.M. Drs. Ec. Mein Kharnolis, M.SM.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage			Leari Studer	lp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, timated time]	Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)
(Sub-PO)		Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Understand the basic concepts of fashion business management	1.Define fashion business management 2.Get to know the types of fashion businesses. 3.Explain the principles of fashion business management 4.Explain the procedures for managing a fashion business	Criteria: 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation of material 3 X 50	Material: basic concepts of fashion business Reference:	2%
2	Understand Administrative management	business Explain the meaning of administrative and financial management in the business sector	Criteria: 0-100	Presentation of material 3 x 50	Material: Business management Bibliography: George R. Terry, Lislie W. Rue, Management Basics, GA translation. Ticoalu, Burni Aksara, Jakarta, 2013. 3. Jeannet A. Jarrow. 1997. Inside Fashion Business. New York. Harper & Row. 4. Sharon Lee Tate. 2004. Inside fashion Design. New York. Harper & Row.	2%
3	Understand marketing management.	1. Explain the meaning of marketing management. 2. Identifying goals and marketing. 3. Put forward a marketing strategy. 4. Applying online and offline marketing.	Criteria: 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation of material 3 X 50	Material: Marketing Literature: ThamrinAbdullah, Francius Tantri. 2014. Marketing Management. Raja Grafindo, Persena. Jakarta.	2%
4		1.Understand the basic concepts of industrial garments 2.Analyze the industrial garment production process 3.Understand industrial garment production planning	Criteria: 1-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation of material 3 X 50	Material: garment production/convection business management References: George R. Terry, Lislie W. Rue, Management Basics, GA translation. Ticoalu, Burni Aksara, Jakarta, 2013. 3. Jeannet A. Jarrow. 1997. Inside Fashion Business. New York. Harper & Row. 4. Sharon Lee Tate. 2004. Inside fashion Design. New York. Harper & Row.	2%
5	Planning business production in the convection clothing sector	1.Understand making industrial/convection garment proposals 2.Understand industrial/convection garment business processes 3.Analyze product material and cost planning 4.Analyze market research and fashion trends	Criteria: 0-100 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Asynchronous and synchronous via the gomeet, goclassroom, WA platforms. 3 X 50	Material: Garment industry Reader: Gerry Cooklin. 2004.Introduction To Clothing Manufacturing. UK. Blackwell Publishing.	5%
6	Carrying out industrial/convection garment production	1.Making designs and planning 2.Design creation 3.Laying the pattern on the material and cutting the material 4.Sewing process	Criteria: 0-100 Form of Assessment : Portfolio Assessment	Practice making 3 X 50 products	Material: Garment business proposal Reader: Gerry Cooklin. 2004.Introduction To Clothing Manufacturing. UK. Blackwell Publishing.	5%
7	Carry out production and marketing of industrial/convection garment products	Skilled in finishing clothes Skilled in carrying out quality control Skilled in packaging Askilled in marketing	Criteria: 0-100	Synchronous via the gomeet platform and asynchronous via WA, goclassroom 3 X 50	Material: Production planning Reader: Gerry Cooklin. 2004.Introduction To Clothing Manufacturing. UK. Blackwell Publishing.	5%
8	UTS			3 X 50		20%
9	Producing clothing using an industrial garment system	1.Understand business processes in the fashion/custom made business sector 2.Skilled in planning designs and materials for custom made products 3.Skilled in making custom made fashion products	Criteria: 0-100 Form of Assessment : Portfolio Assessment	Project based learning 3 X 50	Material: garment practice Library:	5%
10	Prepare a Business Plan Proposal related to fashion production using an industrial garment system	1.Planning patterns and cutting materials 2.Skilled in sewing custom made products 3.Skilled in pressing 4.Skilled in making packaging	Criteria: scale 1-4 Form of Assessment : Portfolio Assessment	Problem based learning 3 X 50	Material: Garment business practices (continued) References:	5%

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11	Business planning in the form of training courses in the fashion sector	1.Analyze learning planning with the course curriculum 2.Understand the module creation process	Criteria: 0-100 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practical Assessment	Problem based learning 3 X 50		Material: garment business practices (continued) References: FashionBusiness. New York. Harper & Row.	5%
12	Business implementation takes the form of training courses in the fashion sector	Skilled in providing courses in the fashion sector	Criteria: 0-100 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practical Assessment	project based learning 3 X 50		Material: garment business practice (continued) Library:	5%
13	Preparation of convection and custom made financial reports	Analyzing business financial reports in the clothing sector Skilled in making financial reports	Criteria: 0-100 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practical Assessment	Project base learning 3 X 50		Material: assessment of practical results Reference:	2%
14	Making financial reports for training courses in the fashion sector	1.Analyzing business financial reports in the clothing sector 2.Skilled in making financial reports	Criteria: 0-100 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practical Assessment	Project base learning 3 X 50		Material: assessment of practical results Reference: FashionBusiness. New York. Harper & Row.	2%
15	Evaluate business practice activities in the clothing sector in the form of convection, custom made, and training courses	1.Analyze the results of business activities in the fashion sector 2.Evaluate financial results in the fashion sector	Criteria: 0-100 Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Practical Assessment	Presentation of business results in the clothing sector 3 X 50		Material: product assessment Reference: FashionBusiness. New York. Harper & Row.	0%
16	UAS						30%

Evaluation Percentage Recan: Project Resed Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage							
1.	Participatory Activities	4.68%							
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	15.68%							
3.	Portfolio Assessment	15%							
4.	Practical Assessment	4.68%							
		40.04%							

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.

 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the
- formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.

 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or
- performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative. 6.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

 $12. \ \mathsf{TM}\text{-}\mathsf{Face} \ \mathsf{to} \ \mathsf{face}, \ \mathsf{PT}\text{-}\mathsf{Structured} \ \mathsf{assignments}, \ \mathsf{BM}\text{-}\mathsf{Independent} \ \mathsf{study}.$