

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Education, Special Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN																			
Courses				CODE		Cou	Course Family					C	Credit Weight		SEMES	STER	Compile Date	ation	
EARLY INTERVENTION FOR BLIND CHILDREN			8620203362	203362 Compuls			sory Study Program Subjects			т	T=2 P=1 ECTS=4.77			4	March 6 2024),			
AUTHOR	RIZATI	ION		SP Develop	er	<u> </u>				Course	Cluste	er Co	oordir	nator		Study	Program	Coordin	ator
													Dr. H. Pamuji, M.Kes.			5.			
Learning model	I	Project Based L	earnin	Ig															
Program		PLO study program that is charged to the course																	
Learning Outcome (PLO)		PLO-5		ed at working i mmunicating							ms, be	ing r	espor	sible	for both ind	ividual ar	nd team t	asks, as	well
		Program Objec	tives	(PO)															
		PO - 1	Imple	menting an in	clusive cu	ulture in ca	rrying o	out duties a	s GDI	PK educ	ators a	and e	entrep	reneu	rs based or	n religion	, morals a	and ethics	3
		PLO-PO Matrix	-																
							I												
				P.O PO-1	P	LO-5													
				P0-1															
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																	
			_																
				P.O					-		Wee	ek			- r r			- <u>r</u>	
					1	2 3	4	5 6	1	7 8	9		10	11	12	13	14 1	5 16	_
			PC	D-1															
Short Course Descript		The discussion in early intervention providing interver services using in student-centered	servic ntion s format	ces for blind cl ervices for bli tion and com	hildren. T nd childr municatio	This lecture en and bei on technolo	e also p ing res ogy for	provides stu ponsible fo each blind	dents the chilo	with ex decision I, each	kperien ns take child ł	n. Li nas i	n mak ikewis differe	ing de e, rev nt ch	ecisions in viewing vari	preparing	g planning s of impl	g matrice ementing	es and early
Reference	ces	Main :																	
 Daniel Hallahan dan James Kauffman (1994), Exceptional Children (Introduction to Special Education). Massachusetts: A Festus E. Obiakar, Jeffrey P. Bakken, 2010. Current Issues and Trends in Special Education : Identification, Assessment a Group Publishing Limited. Gargiulo, RM 2012, Special Education in Contemporary Society : an Introduction to Exceptionality , 4th ed, Sage Publicatiod. Kingsley, M. (1999). "The Effects of a Visual Loss " dalam Mason, H. & McCall, S. (Eds.). (1999, pp.23-30). Visua Education for Children and Young People. London: David Fulton. Publishers. Mesibov, G.B., Shea, V. & Schopler, E. 2004. The TEACCH Approach to Autism Spectrum Disorders . New York: Springer Michael L. Hardman dkk. (1990), Human Exceptionality (society, school and family), Massachusetts: Allyn and Bacon. Mudjito, Harizal, Karyanto, N.E., & Ardianingsih, F. 2013. Layanan Intervensi Terpadu Anak Autis. Jakarta: Direktorat PK Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan. SIGN. 2007. Assessment, Diagnosis and Clinical Interventions for Children and Young People with Autism Spectrum Disor Guideline - Edinburgh: Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network. Tobin, R.M. & House, A.E. 2016. DSM-5 Diagnosis in the School . New York: The Guilford Press. Wilkinson, L.A. 2017. A Best Practice Guide to Assessment and Intervention for Autism Spectrum Disorder in School 2nd Kingsley Publishers. 						entifica (1999 ders . etts: A s. Jak th Auti	ation, Asses ed, Sage F 9, pp.23-30 New York: Ilyn and Ba arta: Direkt sm Spectru	essment a Publicatio). Visual Springer con. conat PKL im Disoro	nd Instruc ns, Inc., I Impairmo K Dikdas ders: A Na	ction. Em JSA. ent: Acce Kement ational Cl	ess to trerian inical								
Support lecturer	ing	Prof. Dr. H. Murta Prof. Dr. Hj. Sri Jo Acep Ovel Novari	oeda A	Andajani, M.Ke	es.														
Week-	eacl stag	d abilities of h learning je p-PO)		Eva	luation		Lea Stud				Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]				mat	rning erials r <mark>ences]</mark>	Assess Weigh		
	Jun		l	ndicator	Crite	eria & Forn	n	Offli	•	offline)			Onl	•	online)				
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)			(5)					(6)		((7)	(8))

1	Understand the competencies, descriptions, sequence of material in the Early Intervention course for children with visual impairments	Explains the competencies, description, sequence of material for the Early Intervention course for children with visual impairments	Criteria: 1.4: Explain in detail the 3 concepts of early intervention correctly 2.3: Correctly explain the 2 intervention concepts 3.2: Explain correctly 1 concept of assessment and intervention 4.1: Explain 1 type of inappropriate assessment and intervention concept Form of Assessment Participatory Activities	ScientificCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Understanding competencies, descriptions, sequence of material for Early Intervention courses for blind children. Reference: <i>Gargiulo, RM</i> 2012, Special <i>Education in</i> <i>Contemporary</i> <i>Society: an</i> <i>Introduction to</i> <i>Exceptionality,</i> <i>4th ed, Sage</i> <i>Publications,</i> <i>Inc., USA.</i>	3%
2	Understand the concept of Early Intervention for blind children	Explain the concept of Early Intervention for blind children	Criteria: 1.4: Explain in detail the 3 concepts and principles of learning about early intervention correctly 2.3: Explain correctly 2 concepts and principles of learning about early intervention 3.2: Correctly explain 1 concepts and principles of learning about early intervention 4.1: Explain 1 type of concept and principles of learning about early intervention 4.1: Explain 1 type of concept and principles of learning about inappropriate interventions Form of Assessment Participatory Activities	ScientificCollaborativeHumanistic 3 X 50	Material: Understanding competencies, descriptions, sequence of material for the Early Intervention course for blind children. Reference : <i>Kingsley, M.</i> (1999).	2%
3	Understand the concept of Early Intervention for blind children	Explain the concept of Early Intervention for blind children	Criteria: 1.4: Explain in detail the 3 concepts and principles of learning about early intervention correctly 2.3: Explain correctly 2 concepts and principles of learning about early intervention 3.2: Correctly explain 1 concepts and principles of learning about early intervention 4.1: Explain 1 type of concept and principles of learning about interventions Form of Assessment Participatory Activities	ScientificCollaborativeHumanistic 3 X 50	Material: Understanding competencies, descriptions, sequence of material for Early Intervention courses for blind children. Reference: <i>Gargiulo</i> , <i>RM</i> 2012, Special Education in Contemporary Society: an Introduction to Exceptionality, 4th ed, Sage Publications, Inc., USA.	2%

4	Understand the direction and objectives of early intervention for blind children. Arrange stages in the implementation of early intervention for blind children. Understand the aspects that are the object of early services for blind children	 Describe the direction and goals of early intervention for blind children Arranging stages in implementing early intervention for blind children Describe the aspects that are the object of initial services for blind children 	Criteria: 4: Exposure results Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Understanding competencies, descriptions, sequence of material for the Early Intervention course for blind children. Reference: <i>Kingsley, M.</i> (1999).	2%
5	Understand the direction and objectives of early intervention for blind children. Arrange stages in the implementation of early intervention for blind children. Understand the aspects that are the object of early services for blind children	 Describe the direction and goals of early intervention for blind children Arranging stages in implementing early intervention for blind children Describe the aspects that are the object of initial services for blind children 	Criteria: 4: Exposure results Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Collaborative Humanistic Scientific 3 X 50	Material: Understanding competencies, descriptions, sequence of material for the Early Intervention course for blind children. Reference: <i>Kingsley, M.</i> (1999).	2%
6	Understand the scope of early intervention for blind children. Develop procedures for implementing early intervention for blind children	 Describe the scope of early intervention in blind children Develop procedures for implementing early intervention for blind children 	Criteria: 4: Exposure results Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Understanding the scope of early intervention for blind children Developing procedures for implementing early intervention for blind children References: <i>Michael L.</i> <i>Hardman et al.</i> (1990), <i>Human</i> <i>Exceptionality</i> (society, school and family), <i>Massachusetts:</i> <i>Allyn and</i> <i>Bacon.</i>	2%
7	Understand the scope of early intervention for blind children. Develop procedures for implementing early intervention for blind children	 Describe the scope of early intervention in blind children Develop procedures for implementing early intervention for blind children 	Criteria: 4: Exposure results Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Understanding the scope of early intervention for blind children Developing procedures for implementing early intervention for blind children References: <i>Mesibov, GB,</i> <i>Shea, V. &</i> <i>Schopler, E.</i> <i>2004. The</i> <i>TEACCH</i> <i>Approach to</i> <i>Autism</i> <i>Spectrum</i> <i>Disorders. New</i> <i>York: Springer.</i>	2%
8	Sub summative	Sub summative	Criteria: Sub summative Form of Assessment : Test	Sub summative 3 X 50	Material: Material 1-7 References: Tobin, RM & House, AE 2016. DSM-5 Diagnosis in the School . New York: The Guilford Press.	10%

9	Reconstructing techniques for implemention for blind children. Developing early intervention instruments for blind children	 Describe early intervention techniques for blind children Developing early intervention instruments for blind children 	Criteria: 1.4: correct content and systematics 2.3: the content is correct, there are deficiencies in the systematics, OR the systematic content is correct 3.2: partially correct content, and partially correct and partially correct and partially systematic OR partially correct and incorrect in content. Form of Assessment Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Reconstructing techniques for implementing early intervention for blind children Developing early intervention instruments for blind children References: <i>Tobin, RM &</i> <i>House, AE</i> <i>2016. DSN-55</i> <i>Diagnosis in</i> <i>the School.</i> <i>New York: The</i> <i>Guilford Press.</i>	5%
10	Reconstructing techniques for implementing early intervention for blind children. Developing early intervention instruments for blind children	 Describe early intervention techniques for blind children Developing early intervention instruments for blind children 	Criteria: 1.4: correct content and systematics 2.3: the content is correct, there are deficiencies in the systematics, OR the systematic content is correct 3.2: partially correct content, and partially correct and partially systematic OR partially correct and incorrect in content. Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Reconstructing techniques for implementing early intervention for blind children Developing early intervention instruments for blind children References: <i>Mesibov, GB,</i> <i>Shea, V. &</i> <i>Schopler, E.</i> <i>2004. The</i> <i>TEACCH</i> <i>Approach to</i> <i>Autism</i> <i>Spectrum</i> <i>Disorders. New</i> <i>York: Springer.</i>	5%
11	Applying early intervention patterns to children	Presents how to implement early intervention for blind children	Criteria: 1.4: correct content and systematics 2.3: the content is correct, there are deficiencies in the systematics, OR the systematic content is correct 3.2: partially correct content, and partially correct and partially systematic OR partially systematic OR partially correct and incorrect in content. Form of Assessment Project Results Assessment / Product	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Applying early intervention implementation patterns to children References: Wilkinson, LA 2017. A Best Practice Guide to Assessment and Intervention for Autism Spectrum Disorder in School 2nd ed. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers.	10%

12	Applying early intervention implementation patterns to children	Presents how to implement early intervention for blind children	Criteria: 1.4: correct content and systematics 2.3: the content is correct, there are deficiencies in the systematics, OR the systematic content is correct 3.2: partially correct content, and partially correct and partially correct and partially correct and incorrect in content. Form of Assessment / Product Assessment / Product	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 × 50	Material: Applying early intervention implementation patterns to children References: <i>Mudjito</i> , Harizal, Karyanto, NE, & Ardianingsih, F. 2013. Integrated Intervention Services for Autistic Children. Jakarta: Directorate of PKLK Dikdas Ministry of Education and Culture.	10%
13	Applying early intervention implementation patterns to children	Presents how to implement early intervention for blind children	Criteria: 1.4: correct content and systematics 2.3: the content is correct, there are deficiencies in the systematics, OR the systematic content is correct 3.2: partially correct content, and partially correct and partially systematic OR partially systematic OR partially correct and incorrect in content. Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product	ScientificHumanisticCollaborative 3 X 50	Material: Applying early intervention implementation patterns to children References: <i>Michael L.</i> <i>Hardman et al.</i> (1990), <i>Human</i> <i>Exceptionality</i> (society, school and family), <i>Massachusetts:</i> <i>Allyn and</i> <i>Bacon.</i>	10%
14	Applying planning, implementation and assessment in early intervention for blind children	Applying planning, implementation and assessment in early intervention for blind children	Criteria: 1.4: correct content and systematics 2.3: the content is correct, there are deficiencies in the systematics, OR the systematic content is correct 3.2: partially correct content, and partially correct and partially correct and partially systematic OR partially correct and incorrect in content. Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Collaborative Scientific Humanistic 3 X 50	Material: Applying early intervention implementation patterns to children References: <i>Mesibov</i> , GB, Sshea, V. & Schopler, E. 2004. The TEACCH Approach to Autism Spectrum Disorders. New York: Springer.	10%

15	Applying planning, implementation and assessment in early intervention for blind children	Applying planning, implementation and assessment in early intervention for blind children	Criteria: 1.4: correct content and systematics 2.3: the content is correct, there are deficiencies in the systematics, OR the systematic content is correct 3.2: partially correct content, and partially correct and partially correct and partially correct and partially correct in content. Form of Assessment / Product Assessment / Product	Collaborative Scientific Humanistic 3 X 50	Material: Applying early intervention implementation patterns to children References: <i>Michael L.</i> <i>Hardman et al.</i> (1990), <i>Human</i> <i>Exceptionality</i> (society, school and family), Massachusetts: <i>Allyn and</i> <i>Bacon.</i>	10%
16	Summative Exam	Summative Exam	Criteria: Summative Exam Form of Assessment : Test	Summative Exam 3 X 50	Material: Meeting 1 to the end Reference: SIGN. 2007. Assessment, Diagnosis and Clinical Interventions for Children and Young People with Autism Spectrum Disorders: A National Clinical Guideline. Edinburgh: Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network.	15%

Evaluation Percentage Recan: Project Based Learning

Evaluation refeelinge Recup. reflect Based Learning						
No	Evaluation	Percentage				
1.	Participatory Activities	13%				
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	57.5%				
3.	Portfolio Assessment	4.5%				
4.	Test	25%				
		100%				

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the
- abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence. 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7.
- 8.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, 9.
- Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods. 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.