UNESA

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts English Literature Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SF	- N/I	ES.	TER	1 E		NIIN	IG	PI	ΔΝ
JL	_ V				\neg				\neg

Courses		CODE		Cour	se Fa	amily	Cr	edit '	Weig	ht	SEM	IESTER	Com	pilation
Literary Trans	slation	7920202136					Т=	2 P	=0 E	ECTS=3.18		5	July	16, 2024
AUTHORIZAT	ION	SP Developer				Cou	rse C	lust	er Co	oordinator	Stud	dy Progra	n Coc	ordinator
		Elly Kholidah, S	Dr. Widyastuti, S.S., M.Pd. ; Uci Elly Kholidah, S.S., M.A. ; Silvy Cinthia Adelia, S.S., M.A.								Dr. Ali Mustofa, S.S., M.Pd.			., M.Pd.
Learning model	Project Based Le	earning												
Program	PLO study prog	ram that is charç	ged to	the c	ours	e								
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-5	D-5 Being able to demonstrate integrative and independent thinking, originality, imagination, experimentation, problem solving, or risk taking in thought, expression, or intellectual engagement								ment				
	PLO-8	Being able to prod English to Indones					and ir	iterpi	retati	on of both s	poker	and writte	en text	s from
	Program Object	ives (PO)												
		PO-1 Being able to apply an English communication capability that involves at least two different cult contexts.							nt cultural					
	PLO-PO Matrix													
		P.O		PLO	-5		PLO-	-8						
		PO-1												
	PO Matrix at the	e end of each lea	rning	stage	(Sul	b-PO)								
		P.O							We	ek				
			1 2	2 3	4	5 6	7	8	9	10 11	12	13 14	15	16
		PO-1												
Short Course Description	drama worth trans translated text with	luces the students slating. it involves t n aesthetics. It also ed product of their c	he stru	ıctura ses o	l anal ther r	lysis an beople t	d dee ansla	per i	interp at th	retation of e end of the	the te	exts in orde se. studen	er to p ts are	roduce a
References	Main :													
				iam E	. Cair	ո. 2008.	An Ir	itrodi	uctior	n to Literatu	re: Fi	ction, Poet	ry, and	d Drama.
	 Singh, Va Millan, C 	 Barnett, Sylvan, William Burto, William E. Cain. 2008. An Introduction to Literature: Fiction, Poetry, and Drama. New York: Pearson, Longman. Singh, Varsha. The Problems in Translating Poetry: Some Structural, Textual, and Cultural Issue. Millan, Carmen, Batrina, Framcesca. 2013. The Routledge Handbook of Translation Studies. London: Routledge. 												
	Supporters:													
Supporting lecturer	Dr. Widyastuti, S.S Silvy Cinthia Adeli Uci Elly Kholidah,	a. S.S., M.A.												

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage		Lea Stud	lelp Learning, ırning methods, ent Assignments, Estimated time]	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	1	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: The techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and knowing when to apply each approach. Bibliography: Barnett, Sylvan, William Burto, William E. Cain. 2008. An Introduction to Literature: Fiction, Poetry, and Drama. New York: Pearson, Longman.	2%
2	1. Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2. Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3. Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: The techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and knowing when to apply each approach. Bibliography: Barnett, Sylvan, William Burto, William E. Cain. 2008. An Introduction to Literature: Fiction, Poetry, and Drama. New York: Pearson, Longman.	2%

3	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: The techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and knowing when to apply each approach. Bibliography: Barnett, Sylvan, William Burto, William Burto, William E. Cain. 2008. An Introduction to Literature: Fiction, Poetry, and Drama. New York: Pearson, Longman.	2%
4	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: The techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and knowing when to apply each approach. Bibliography: Barnett, Sylvan, William Burto, William E. Cain. 2008. An Introduction to Literature: Fiction, Poetry, and Drama. New York: Pearson, Longman.	2%

5	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: Knowing proficiency in translating literary texts Reader: Singh, Varsha. The Problems in Translating Poetry: Some Structural, Textual, and Cultural Issues.	3%
6	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: Knowing proficiency in translating literary texts Reader: Singh, Varsha. The Problems in Translating Poetry: Some Structural, Textual, and Cultural Issues.	3%

7	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: Knowing proficiency in translating literary texts Reader: Singh, Varsha. The Problems in Translating Poetry: Some Structural, Textual, and Cultural Issues.	3%
8	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	100 minute discussion	100 minute discussion	Material: Knowing proficiency in translating literary texts Reader: Singh, Varsha. The Problems in Translating Poetry: Some Structural, Textual, and Cultural Issues.	3%

9	material from weeks 1 to 8	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment		Material: Understanding literary translation techniques References: Barnett, Sylvan, William Burto, William E. Cain. 2008. An Introduction to Literature: Fiction, Poetry, and Drama. New York: Pearson, Longman.	20%
10	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and practice	Material: Understanding the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages References: Millan, Carmen, Batrina, Framcesca. 2013. The Routledge Handbook of Translation Studies. London: Routledge.	5%

11	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and practice	Material: Understanding the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages References: Millan, Carmen, Batrina, Framcesca. 2013. The Routledge Handbook of Translation Studies. London: Routledge.	5%
12	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and practice	Material: Understanding the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages References: Millan, Carmen, Batrina, Framcesca. 2013. The Routledge Handbook of Translation Studies. London: Routledge.	5%

13	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and practice	Material: Understanding the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages References: Millan, Carmen, Batrina, Framcesca. 2013. The Routledge Handbook of Translation Studies. London: Routledge.	5%
14	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and practice	Material: Understanding the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages References: Millan, Carmen, Batrina, Framcesca. 2013. The Routledge Handbook of Translation Studies. London: Routledge.	5%

15	1.Understand the techniques of literal translation, free translation, and dynamic equivalence, and know when to apply each approach. 2.Develop proficiency in translating literary texts from one language to another, considering nuances in vocabulary, grammar, and cultural context. 3.Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages, and the ability to convey these nuances in translations.	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Discussion and practice	Material: Understanding the cultural, historical, and societal contexts of the source and target languages References: Millan, Carmen, Batrina, Framcesca. 2013. The Routledge Handbook of Translation Studies. London: Routledge.	5%
16	material from week 10 to 15	Based on the right answers	Criteria: Based on the right answers Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	written product	Material: Translating literary and considering some cultural issues Reader: Singh, Varsha. The Problems in Translating Poetry: Some Structural, Textual, and Cultural Issues.	30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	38%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	50%
3.	Practice / Performance	12%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.

- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
 Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.