Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts English Language Education Undergraduate Study Program

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Courses	Courses		CODE	CODE Cou		Cours	ırse Family			C	Credit Weight				SEN	MESTER	Co Da	mpilat ite	on		
Speaking	g For	Debates		8820302202								T	=2	P=0	ECTS	=3.18		5	Jul	ly 18, 2	ງ24
AUTHOR	IZAT	ION		SP Developer					Course Cluster Coordinator					nator		Study Program Coordinator					
																		Dr. Him lugroho,			
Learning model		Case Studies		<u> </u>													<u> </u>				
Program		PLO study prog	gram t	hat is charge	d to the	cours	е														
Learning Outcome		Program Object	tives (PO)																	
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix																			
				P.O																	
		PO Matrix at th	e end	of each learn	ing sta	ge (Sub	PO)													
			Р	.0							Wee	ek									
				1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	1	L3	14	15	16	
Short Course Descript	tion	This course is de performance-bas argument, persua eloquence; 2) dis constructive argu debate.	ed clas asion, a cussior	s activities with and debate pra- n about debatin	n the ma ctices. T g, debat	ajor amo his cour ting theo	ount or rse co ories a	of class overs 1 and for	time) lect mats	e is s ures eg A	pent of int ustral	on p trodu lasia	oublic ucing an, As	pres stude sian, a	entation ents of und Br	ns, g profi tish F	roup ciency arlian	interacti in publ nentary	ons, ic sp deba	and for eaking te form	mal and ats,
Referen	ces	Main:																			
		Wadswo 2. Meany, 3 Educatio 3. Internation	rth Cen J. & Sh n Asso onal De	steinberg, D.L. gage Learning uster, K. 2002. ciation. bate Education Press Book.	Art, Arç	gument	and A	Advoca	cy: M	laster	ing F	Parlia	amen	tary [Debate	. Ne	w Yor	k: Inter	natior	nal Deb	ate
		Supporters:																			
Support lecturer		Nur Chakim, S.P. Asrori, S.S., M.P. Sueb, S.Pd., M.P	d.	d.																	
Week-	eac	al abilities of h learning ge b-PO)		Evalua	tion					Lea Stud	lelp L arning ent A estim	g m Assi	etho gnme	ls, ents,			ma	arning aterials [erences	14	ssessm /eight (
	(00		l l	ndicator		a & For	m	Offli	ine (e)		On		onlin)		1			
(1)	_	(2)	- "	(3)		(4)			(5)	-				(6	5)			(7)		(8)	
1	un ab inf de an	show derstanding out the ormation about bating activities d critical nking.	of de parlia deba appli Indo class of ea parlia deba with	lustrate types ebating amentary ate formats ied in nesia. To sify the roles ach speaker in amentary ate. To relate atting activities the concept itical thinking.	Criteria -	a:		Lecture 2 X 50	DISC	ussio	п									0%	

2	To synthesize ideas and issues of given controversial topics or movements in debating.	1.To brainstorm the idea related to controversial topics/motions. 2.To discuss the burden of evidence of the given controversial topics/motions. 3.To construct basic cases of the given motions.	Small-group discussion Collaborative Learning Problem-based learning Performance 2 X 50		0%
3	To analyze the elements of argument including the basic premises and fallacies in arguments.	To point out the elements of argument, including premises and fallacies. To analyze the strength of arguments based on the elements of arguments.	Small-group discussion Collaborative LearningPerformance 2 X 50		0%
4	To construct cases of the controversial topics/motions.	1.To construct cases from the controversial topics/motions 2.To justify the cases of the motions they have constructed	Problem-based learningSmall-group discussionCollaborative LearningPerformance 2 X 50		0%
5	To synthesize reasoning based on the cases of the controversial topics/motions.	1.To analyze the structure and types of reasoning in arguments 2.To formulate logical reasoning based on the given motions. 3.To defend the logic of the reasons they have formulated	Problem-based learningSmall-group discussionCollaborative LearningPerformance 2 X 50		0%
6	To present relevant evidence in defending the case based on the controversial topics/motions	1.To classify relevant evidence used in constructing strong arguments. 2.To test the relevance of the evidence in an argument. 3.To validate the use of evidence in supporting the argument.	Problem-based learningSmall-group discussionCollaborative LearningPerformance 2 X 50		0%
7	To construct refutation of the opposing arguments in debating activities.	1.To analyze the opposing arguments. 2.To construct refutation to disapprove the opposing arguments. 3.To justify the refutation to the opposing arguments effectively.	Problem-based learningSmall-group discussionCollaborative LearningPerformance (simulation) 2 X 50		0%

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8	To present justifications during debate adjudication.	1.To summarize the run of the debate based on the elements of adjudication. 2.To determine the quality of the debate based on the elements of adjudication. 3.To provide constructive feedback to the debate.		Collaborative LearningPerformance (simulation) 2 X 50			0%
9	To administer parliamentary debates, including debating tournaments.	To administer and manage exhibition of debating tournament with different types of formats. Asian Parliamentary Debates British Parilamentary Debates		Project-based learning 2 X 50			0%
10	To administer parliamentary debates, including debating tournaments.	To administer and manage exhibition of debating tournament with different types of formats. Asian Parliamentary Debates British Parilamentary Debates		Project-based learning 2 X 50			0%
11	To administer parliamentary debates, including debating tournaments.	To administer and manage exhibition of debating tournament with different types of formats. Asian Parliamentary Debates British Parllamentary Debates		Project-based learning 2 X 50			0%
12	To administer parliamentary debates, including debating tournaments.	To administer and manage exhibition of debating tournament with different types of formats. Asian Parliamentary Debates British Parllamentary Debates		Project-based learning 2 X 50			0%
13	To administer parliamentary debates, including debating tournaments.	To administer and manage exhibition of debating tournament with different types of formats. Asian Parliamentary Debates British Parllamentary Debates		Project-based learning 2 X 50			0%
14	To administer parliamentary debates, including debating tournaments.	To administer and manage exhibition of debating tournament with different types of formats. Asian Parliamentary Debates British Parllamentary Debates		Project-based learning 2 X 50			0%
15	To administer parliamentary debates, including debating tournaments.	To administer and manage exhibition of debating tournament with different types of formats. Asian Parliamentary Debates British Parilamentary Debates		Project-based learning 2 X 50			0%
16							0%
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Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
		0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study
 program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are
 used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is
 the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. **Learning Methods:** Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.