

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Languages and Arts English Language Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

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			-									Course Cluster Coordinator								Dr. Him'mawan Adi Nugroho, S.Pd., M.Pd.				0,						
Learning model	Case	e Studies																												
Program	n PLO) study prog	gram th	nat is ch	nargeo	d to t	he cou	urse																						
Learning Outcom		gram Objec	tives (F	PO)																										
(PLO)	PLO	PLO-PO Matrix																												
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Short Course Descript	se experience in carrying out various sports and game activities to be used to increase physical activity levels in accordance with various research and W										ntain																			
Reference	ces Mair	1 :																												
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Support	ing Dr. D	J Dr. Drs. Bambang Ferianto Tjahyo Kuntjoro, M.Pd. Dr. Heri Wahyudi, S.Or., M.Pd.																												
Week-	Final ab	nal abilities of ch learning age			S.Or., M.Pd. Evaluation							Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]								m	earn nater	ing ials nces	5]		sessr eight					
	•		lr	ndicator		С	riteria		m	0	offline		offline)			On			line)									
(1)		(2)		(3)			(4	l)				(5)							(6)						(7)				(8)	

1	Able to understand and have knowledge about the position and function of Physical Education at Unesa	 Explain the meaning and benefits of physical education correctly Explain the aims and functions of Physical Education correctly Mention three differences between 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: problem based. 2 X 50		0%
		physical education and sports correctly.				
2	Able to explain the meaning of physical fitness, components of physical fitness, exercise programs as an effort towards a healthy life, and how to measure physical fitness	 Explain the meaning and benefits of physical fitness correctly Explain at least five components of physical fitness correctly Analyzes exercise intensity based on exercise pulse Explain the types of physical fitness tests and how to interpret the results 	Criteria: 1.Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or doctor's letter (for those who are sick). 2.Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: expository. 2 X 50		0%
3	Able to take selected physical fitness tests	 Perform selected physical fitness tests Have notes on how to perform selected physical fitness tests Have a record of selected physical fitness test results 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. Special skills = students get physical fitness test results and record physical fitness test results	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
4	Able to develop the personality values contained in recreational sports by playing traditional games (without equipment).	 Playing some traditional games (without tools). Display an attitude of cooperation, mutual assistance and sportsmanship. 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of a skills test in carrying out traditional game activities without selected tools	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
5	Able to develop the personality values contained in recreational sports by playing traditional games (using tools).	 Playing some traditional games (using tools). Display an attitude of cooperation, mutual assistance and sportsmanship. 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of a skills test in carrying out traditional game activities using selected tools	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%

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6	Able to develop the personality values contained in recreational sports by playing traditional games (using tools).	 Playing some traditional games (using tools). Display an attitude of cooperation, mutual assistance and sportsmanship. 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of a skills test in carrying out traditional game activities using selected tools	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
7	Able to understand and practice general patterns of sports and aerobics.	 Explain the systematics of aerobic exercise Explain the purpose of aerobic exercise activities Practicing aerobic exercise movements 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get the results of aerobic exercise skills tests	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		0%
8	UTS	UTS	Criteria: UTS	UTS 2 X 50		0%
9	Able to understand and practice one of the sports of choice-1 (group: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) and learn the match system	 Explains the basics of selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) Explain the values contained in selected sports games (football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get skills test results in selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50		0%
10	Able to understand and practice one of the sports of choice-1 (group: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) and learn the match system	 Explains the basics of selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) Explain the values contained in selected sports games (football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc.) 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get selected sports games (groups: football, futsal, volleyball, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50		0%

11	Able to understand	1 - • • •	Critoria	Sciontific		00/
11	Able to understand and practice one of the 2 selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) and learn the competition system	 Explains the basics of selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) Explain the values contained in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students get skills test results in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50		0%
12	Able to understand and practice one of the 2 selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) and learn the competition system	 Explains the basics of selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) Explain the values contained in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) Explain the competition system that applies in selected sports (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc.) 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills est results in selected sports games (individual: athletics, swimming, gymnastics, etc. other)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50		0%
13	Able to plan sports festivals (class- meetings)	 Planning sports festival activities (class- meeting) Choosing the type of sports game for sports festival activities (class- meeting) Create a competition system for the types of sports competed in sports festival activities (class- meetings) Determining awards for winners of sports festivals (class- meeting) 	Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students are able to complete the plan for a sports festival (class- meeting)	Scientific approach/method: demonstration, discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50		0%

15	Able to take selected physical fitness tests at the 3rd meeting	activities (class- meeting) 2.Choosing the type of sports game for sports festival activities (class- meeting) 3.Create a competition system for the types of sports competed in sports festival activities (class- meetings) 4.Determining awards for winners of sports festivals (class- meeting) 1.Carry out selected physical fitness	considered to be in if they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. General skills = students are able to complete the plan for a sports festival (class- meeting) Criteria: Disciplinary Attitude: Students are considered to be in if	discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 4 X 50 Scientific approach/method: demonstration,		0%
		tests at the 3rd meeting 2.Have notes on how to carry out selected physical fitness tests at the 3rd meeting 3.Have a record of the results of the selected physical fitness test at the 3rd meeting	they are present. For those who are absent, there is a dispensation. Official permission, and/or a doctor's letter (for those who are sick). Classical knowledge: students can answer questions asked by the lecturer classically. Special skills = students get physical fitness test results and record physical fitness test results	discussion and lecture/model: cooperative learning/strategy: contextual. 2 X 50		
16	UAS	UAS	Criteria: UAS	UAS 2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study No Evaluation Percentage 0%

Notes

1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO - Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process. 2.

- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or 3. learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning,
- 9. Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.