

Supporters:

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

Courses		CODE Course Fami		nily	Credit Weight			S	EMES	TER	Co Da	mpilatio te							
Wireless Communication System Applications			20201020	12					ulsory am Su			T=2	P=0	ECTS=3	.18		7		rch 1,
AUTHORIZATION			SP Devel	oper						Co	urse	Clus	er Co	ordinato	r S	tudy F	rogran	n Coo	rdinator
			Dr. Nurha Puspitanir							Pro M.		. I Gu:	sti Put	u Asto B.	.,	Dr. Lu		khmaw 1.T.	ati, S.T.,
_earning nodel	Case Studies		<u> </u>																
Program	PLO study program that is charged to the course																		
earning Outcomes	Program Objectives (PO)																		
PLO)	PO - 1		apply kn ering princip		lge of	f Wire	eless	Com	munica	ation	Syste	em A	oplicat	ions to	gain	a thor	ough ι	unders	tanding
	PO - 2	Able to design and carry out experiments in the laboratory/field as well as analyze and interpret data to strengthen Wireless Communication System Applications																	
	PO - 3	Able to	Able to communicate effectively both verbally and in writing																
	PO - 4	Able to Wireles	Able to apply engineering principles, identify, formulate and analyze data/information to solve problems in the field of Wireless Communication Systems																
	PO - 5 Able to apply modern electrical engineering methods and skills needed to solve problems in the field of Wireless Communication Systems engineering																		
	PO Matrix at	the end o	PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 PO-4 PO-5 f each lea	rning	ı stag	e (Su	ib-PO))				Wee	ık.						
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		PO-	1																
		PO-	2																
		PO-	3																
		PO-	4																
		РО-	5																
hort course escription	Students can discuss the basic concepts of wireless communications, identify the evolution of radio communications, explore the basics antennas and propagation, determine cellular system design concepts, explain frequency reuse, conclude cellular system capacitategorize grade of service (GoS), explore propagation path loss, and compare outdoor and indoor propagation, characterizing multip fading, RAKE receiver, channel coding and interleaving, projecting the development of the latest wireless communication system technologies the case method in lectures.																		

	1. Huseyin Arslan, Zhi Ning Chen, Maria-Gabriella Di Benedetto - (2006) Ultra Wideband Wireless Communication-Wiley-Interscience
--	--

Supporting lecturer Dr. Nurhayati, S.T., M.T. Reza Rahmadian, S.ST., M.EngSc. Dr. Farid Baskoro, S.T., M.T. Pradini Puspitaningayu, S.T., M.T., Ph.D.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	gayu, S. I., M. I., Ph.D.	ion	Learr Studen	lp Learning, ning methods, at Assignments, timated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	[References]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Introduction to the implementation of wireless communication systems in the telecommunications and information industry.	1.Get to know the fields of telecommunications and information business 2.Review the types of digital modulation used in various communications standards 3.Review channel coding and detection 4.Reviewing multiplexing and multiple access methods 5.Plan industrial visits and guest lectures	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, group discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 1 Reader: TS Rappaport. Wireless Communications Principles and Practice	0%
2	Able to understand channel coding and forward error correction techniques in wireless communication systems.	1.Describe the working principle of block coding 2.Describe the principles of decoding and correction 3.Discuss other types of channel coding (convolutional code, reed-solomon, LDPC, turbo code, raptor, etc.) 4.Discuss the working principles of hard and soft decision/detection	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, group discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 2 Bibliography: Huseyin Arslan, Zhi Ning Chen, Maria-Gabriella Di Benedetto - (2006) Ultra Wideband Wireless Communication- Wiley- Interscience	5%
3	Able to understand channel coding and forward error correction techniques in wireless communication systems.	1.Describe the working principle of block coding 2.Describe the principles of decoding and correction 3.Discuss other types of channel coding (convolutional code, reed-solomon, LDPC, turbo code, raptor, etc.) 4.Discuss the working principles of hard and soft decision/detection	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 3 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	8%
4	Students are able to understand multiple access techniques for wireless communications	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%

5	Students are able to understand multiple access techniques for wireless communications	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
6	Able to understand and explain Cellular Systems, Cellular System Architecture	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
7	Able to understand and explain the concepts of CDMA, Infrastructure vs AdHoc, Wireless LAN, 802.11 standard, Physical layer	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
8	Able to understand and explain the concepts of CDMA, Infrastructure vs AdHoc, Wireless LAN, 802.11 standard, Physical layer	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers	Written Test 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
9	able to understand and explain AdHoc Network routing and DSR	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
10	able to understand and explain AODV and DSDV as Optimized Routing protocols	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%

11	Able to explain and identify Location Based Routing	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
12	Students are able to identify Location Management in AdHoc Network	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
13	Students are able to identify Mobile IP, Mobile Routing, mobile TCP	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
14	Students are able to identify Data Management in Wireless Mobile Environment	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
15	Students are able to identify Topological Design, Routing, and Handover in Satellite Networks	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
16	Students are able to identify Topological Design, Routing, and Handover in Satellite Networks	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers	Written Test 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage						
1.	Participatory Activities	68%						
		68%						

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

 Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative
- Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.