

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE					Cour	se Fa	mily		Cred	it We	ight	SE	MEST	ER	Cor Dat	mpilat :e
Telecommunication System Quality and Reliability*			2020102	020102352							/ Study ubjects		P=0	ECTS=	2	7	,	Ma	y 1, 20
			eveloper					Course Cluster Coordinator			St	udy Pr	rogram	Coor	dinato				
			rhayati, S.T., M.T.					Prof. Dr. I Gusti Putu Asto B., M.T.				[Dr. Lusia Rakhmawati, S.T., M.T.						
Learning model	Project Based Learning PLO study program that is charged to the course																		
Program Learning	PLO study pr	ogram th	nat is char	ged t	o the	cou	rse												
Outcomes	Program Objectives (PO)																		
(PLO)	PO - 1	-1 Able to apply knowledge of Wireless Communication System Applications to gain a thorough understanding of engineering principles																	
	PO - 2	Able to design and carry out experiments in the laboratory/field as well as analyze and interpret data to strengthen Wireless Communication System Applications																	
	PO - 3	Able to communicate effectively both verbally and in writing																	
	PO - 4	Able to apply engineering principles, identify, formulate and analyze data/information to solve problems in the field of Wireless Communication Systems																	
	PO - 5	Able to apply modern electrical engineering methods and skills needed to solve problems in the field of Wireless Communication Systems engineering																	
	PLO-PO Matrix																		
	PO Matrix at t	the end o	PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 PO-4 PO-5		ı stag	ge (Si	ub-P0)											
			P.0				r					Wee	1 1 1						
		PO-	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		PO-																	
		PO-																	
		PO-	-																
		PO-																	
Short Course Description	Students can d of antennas an categorize grad fading, RAKE	d propaga le of servio receiver, o	ation, deter ce (GoS), e channel co	mine s explore oding a	systen prop and ir	n des	ign co on nat	ncep h loss	ts, ce	llular com	, expla	un free	uency and i	/ reuse, ndoor pr	concl	ude ce	ellular s	ystem	capa
Doforon	technology usir	iy the case	e methoa ir	I IECTUI	ies.														
References	Main : 1. W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.																		
	1 1 1	llinge 000	E \Alienter																

		Supporters:						
		1. Huseyin Interscier	Arslan, Zhi Ning Chen, nce	Maria-Gabriella Di E	Benedetto - (20	06) Ultra Wideband	Wireless Commu	nication-Wiley-
Suppor lecturer		Dr. Nurhayati, S.T	Г., М.Т.					
Week- ea		al abilities of h learning	Evaluat	ion	Learni Student	Learning, ng methods, Assignments, mated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)
	stag (Su	b-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline(offline)	Online (<i>online</i>)	[References]	troigin (70)
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	im wii co sy tel an	roduction to the plementation of eless mmunication stems in the ecommunications d information lustry.	 Get to know the fields of telecommunications and information business Review the types of digital modulation used in various communications standards Review channel coding and detection Reviewing multiplexing and multiple access methods Plan industrial visits and guest lectures 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, group discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 1 Reader: TS Rappaport. Wireless Communications Principles and Practice	5%
2	ch for co teo win co	le to understand annel coding and ward error rrection chniques in reless mmunication stems.	 Describe the working principle of block coding Describe the principles of decoding and correction Discuss other types of channel coding (convolutional code, reed-solomon, LDPC, turbo code, raptor, etc.) Discuss the working principles of hard and soft decision/detection 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, group discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 2 Bibliography: Huseyin Arslan, Zhi Ning Chen, Maria-Gabriella Di Benedetto - (2006) Ultra Wideband Wireless Communication- Wiley- Interscience	5%
3	ch for co teo win co	le to understand annel coding and ward error rrection chniques in reless mmunication stems.	 Describe the working principle of block coding Describe the principles of decoding and correction Discuss other types of channel coding (convolutional code, reed-solomon, LDPC, turbo code, raptor, etc.) Discuss the working principles of hard and soft decision/detection 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 3 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	10%
4	un ac for	Students are able to understand multiple access techniques for wireless communications 1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system		Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%

5	Students are able to understand multiple access techniques	1.Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of	Presentation, discussion and	Material: Meeting material 4	5%
	for wireless communications	time division (TDMA) techniques 2.Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques 3.Describes radio packets 4.Describes the capacity of the cellular system	answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	reflection 2 X 50	Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	
6	Able to understand and explain Cellular Systems, Cellular System Architecture	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
7	Able to understand and explain the concepts of CDMA, Infrastructure vs AdHoc, Wireless LAN, 802.11 standard, Physical layer	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
8	Able to understand and explain the concepts of CDMA, Infrastructure vs AdHoc, Wireless LAN, 802.11 standard, Physical layer	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Written Test 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
9	able to understand and explain AdHoc Network routing and DSR	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
10	able to understand and explain AODV and DSDV as Optimized Routing protocols	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%

11	Able to explain and identify Location Based Routing	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
12	Students are able to identify Location Management in AdHoc Network	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
13	Students are able to identify Mobile IP, Mobile Routing, mobile TCP	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	5%
14	Students are able to identify Data Management in Wireless Mobile Environment	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	10%
15	Students are able to identify Topological Design, Routing, and Handover in Satellite Networks	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation, discussion and reflection 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	10%
16	Students are able to identify Topological Design, Routing, and Handover in Satellite Networks	 Describe frequency division multiple access (FDMA) and time division (TDMA) techniques Describe spread spectrum multiple access techniques Describes radio packets Describes the capacity of the cellular system 	Criteria: Activeness and accuracy of answers Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Written Test 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 4 Bibliography: W. Stallings. 2005. Wireless Communications and Networks. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.	10%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	55%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	45%

100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
- Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods. 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.